

BANK OF BENGAL,

15TH DECEMBER, 1841.

A Meeting of the Proprietors is requested at the Bank on *Thursday*, the 30th instant, at Ten A. M., for the election of a Director in the room of James Church, Esquire, resigned.

The Poll will close at 3 P. M.

Published by order of the Directors,

T. BRACKEN,
Secretary to the Bank.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that Sealed Tenders of Contract, superscribed on the Envelope "Tenders for the supply of Rum," will be received by the Commissary General, Calcutta, on or before the 1st day of January next, for the annual supply at the Presidency, of from Sixty to Eighty Thousand Gallons of Rum, as may be required by the Commissariat during the terms of three or five years, as may be accepted from the 1st day of May 1842.

The Rum to be manufactured after the European method, and to be delivered on the Terms of the Contract, at the Commissariat Stores in Fort William, free of all other charges whatever, in quantities of 15,000 or 20,000 Gallons at a time, in the months of February, May, August and November of each year; the first delivery to be made in May 1842,—Casks will be found by the Commissariat.

The Rum to be pure and merchantable, made from Sugar Cane Molasses only, and at the time of delivery, of the age at the least, of three months, to be equal in quality, strength and proof, to what is commonly called London proof, such quality, proof, or strength to be ascertained, and decided upon, by the Commissary General, the Commissariat Officer in charge at Fort William, or by such other person, as may be duly authorized, in manner to be hereafter agreed upon.

The Tenders to be accompanied by a written Document, signed by two persons of credibility, and competency, acknowledging themselves, if the Terms be accepted, willing to become responsible by Deed, for the due performance of the Contractor's engagements.

WILL. BURLTON,
Commissary General.

Commissary General's Office,
Fort William,
25th November, 1841.

REPORT

Showing the smallest depth of water in the Bhaugiruttee, Jellinghee, and Matabangah Rivers, on the 8th December 1841.

Names of Rivers.	Smallest depth of water.	Where shallowest.	Remarks.
<i>Bhaugiruttee River.</i>	ft in		
Above the entrance.	7 6		
At its entrance,.....	3 9		
From thence to Juggernautpore,....	4 6		
From Juggernautpore to Jungypore,.....	3 9	At Chapgattee.	
From Jungypore to Sadducknagah,....	3 9	At Golsapore.	
From Sadducknagah to Berhampore,.....	4 0	At Berhampore	
From Berhampore to Cutwa,.....	4 0	At Belwarreegunga.	
	3 0	Below Mutteeahree	
And from Cutwa to Nuddeah,.....	3 3	At Rogoonauthpore.	
	3 6	At Sunkerpore.	
<i>Jellinghee River.</i>			
At its entrance,.....	3 0		
From thence to Bausemarree,....	2 2	At Bausemarree.	
From Bausemarree to Teeahkattah,....	2 3	At Joyram-pore.	
	2 7	At Bustumparrah.	
From Teeahkattah to Soonatullah,....	3 0	At Soonatullah.	
And from Soonatullah to Moisingunge,....	2 8	At Kautaltullah	
<i>Matabangah River.</i>			
At its entrance,.....	3 4		
From thence to Haut Boleah,....	3 9	Below Boleah.	
From Haut Boleah to Katchikattah,....	3 0	At Oodsherpore.	
From Katchikattah to Kishengunge,....	3 0	At Ramuagghur.	
and	5 3	At Gobindpore.	
From Kishengunge to Seebpore,.....	4 0	At Kishengunge.	
	3 5	At Soongattah.	
	3 8	At Halaupore.	

WM. M. SMYTH, Captain, Engineers,

Supt. Nuddeah Rivers.

Berhampore, 13th December, 1841.

TOPOGRAPHY OF ASSAM, By JOHN McCOSH,

Officiating Second Assistant Surgeon General Hospital and
Officiating Lecturer in Clinical Medicine, New Medical
College, Calcutta,

Royal 8vo. with 6 Lithograph Sketches. Price 5 Rupees.



SUPPLEMENT TO
THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1841.

No. 3519.
FORT WILLIAM,
POLITICAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 15TH DECEMBER, 1841.

The Right Honorable the Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments in the Malwa Contingent, viz.

Brevet Captain G. Timins, of the 34th Regiment N. I., to be Commandant.

Brevet Captain T. T. Wheeler, of the 56th Regiment N. I., to be Commandant of Cavalry.

Lieutenant E. Andrews, of the 7th Bombay N. I., to be Commandant of Infantry.

T. H. MADDOCK,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,
MILITARY DEPARTMENT, 15TH DEC. 1841.

Notice is hereby given, that the Pay, Batta, and other Allowances for December 1841, of the Troops at the Presidency and at the other Stations of the Army, will be issued on or after Monday the 10th Proximo.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council,

J. STUART, *Lieut. Col.*
Secy. to the Govt. of India, Milly. Dept.

G. H. HUTTMANN, *Bengal Military Orphan Press.*



SECOND SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

Published by Authority.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1841.

FORT WILLIAM, JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT,

THE 13TH DECEMBER, 1841.

RESOLUTION.—The Military Board having furnished Reports from the Chief Magistrate and the several Commissioners of Revenue and Circuit in the Lower Provinces, of Works of Public Utility executed by Individuals at their own cost, with a list of names, the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to direct, that the following Abstract Schedule be published for general information, in the Calcutta Gazette and in the Bengallee and Oordoo Gazettes, in continuation of that published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 14th October 1840.

By order of the Governor General of India in Council,

T. H. MADDOCK,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Abstract Report of Works of Public Utility constructed by Individuals at their own cost.

Names of the Individuals by whom constructed.	Description of the Work.	Cost.			Year of construction.
		Sa. Rs.	As.	Ps.	
CALCUTTA.					
Rajchunder Doss.....	{ Ghaut and Colonnade on the River at Ahoorytollah Ghaut,..... }	1740	0	3	1830
Ditto,.....	{ Ghaut and Colonnade on the River South of Chaundpaul Ghaut,	7306	9	4	1830
Ditto,.....	{ Road from Ghaut and Colonnade on the River South of Chaundpaul Ghaut to Jaun Bazar,..... }	3620	12	11	1831
Ditto,.....	{ House for the reception of dying Hindoos on River South of Nimtollah Ghaut, ... }	5690	2	6	1834
Rajchunder Doss, Aushootosh Day, Ra- damadub Bonnerjee, Dwarkanath Ta- gore, Prosunno Coomar Tagore, Motee Lall Seal, Ramcomul Sen, Radakissen Bysack, Bissonoth Motee Lali and Ma- dub Dutt,	{ Pucca Screen on land side to place for cremation of deceased Hindoos between Dying House and Nimtollah Ghaut, ... }	4000	0	0	1835
Radamadub Bonnerjee,	{ Ghaut and Colonnade on the River at Nimtollah,	2197	9	8	1830
Motee Lall Seal,	{ 2 Furlongs and 169½ feet of Aqueduct in Colootollah Road,..... }	2000	0	0	1839
Maudub Dutt,	{ 1 Furlong and 489 feet of Aqueduct in Colootollah Road,	1620	2	1	1839

Districts.	Names of the Individuals by whom constructed.	Description of the Work.	Place where constructed.	Cost.	
Moorshedabad, ...	Sibdoval Lal,	Pucka Ghaut,	Sydabad,	1000	0 0
	Roy Ram Sunker,	A Tank with Pucka Ghaut,	Lollgola,	8000	0 0
	Ajoodhoya Ramdoss Mohunt,	6 Chaupers or kutcha rooms and 2 pukka rooms for the residence of Bustoms' &c. or Mendicants,	Shaduckbagh,	7000	0 0
Rungpoor,	Beechietgur Sunnasee,	A Pucka Bridge,	Mulung,	1000	0 0
Tipperah,	Mohar Ally Chowdry (deceased,)	Ditto ditto,	Bhogashire Ghaseegram,	1250	0 0
	Sreemuttee Tonoo Beebee and Manick Bebee,	Ditto ditto,	Notoon Bazar on the Chittagong Road,	1550	0 0
	Teetah Gaze Chowdry,	Ditto ditto,	Borodoil Ditto,	1000	0 0
	Kazee Hyder Allée,	Ditto ditto,	Thannah Futteek-cherry Mouzah Azimpoor,	1465	0 0
Chittagong,	Ditto ditto,	Ditto ditto,	Ditto ditto,	1441	0 0
	Ditto ditto,	Digging a Tank,	Ditto ditto,	2070	0 0
	{ By subscription of Landholders and others,	A Kutcha Road,	From near Chipurah to Douiacolly, about half finished,	15000	0 0
Hooghly,	Ditto ditto, ditto,	A Bridge on the same,	Crossing the Goutoo River,	3700	0 0
	Mudden Mohun Khan,	A Kutcha Road,	Leading from Chanderagore to Singhour, not completed,	10000	0 0
	Prawnath Chowdry,	Suspension Bridge over the Tolly's Nullah,	On the East of Allipore Jail,	3100	0 0
24-Pergunnahs, ...	Fulmoney Gowalencee,	Pucka Ghaut on the Bank of ditto ditto,	Chitlah,	1000	0 0
	Joynarain Mitter,	Pucka Ghaut,	Barnugore,	7000	0 0
	Bissumbhur Sein,	Ditto ditto,	Panchetty,	1000	0 0
	Gunganarain Dutt,	Ditto ditto with Chadny,	Areeadah,	4000	0 0
	Tarrychurn Bose,	Road and Pools,	From Sarah to Kud-dumgatchy in Pergh. Anovarpoore,	5000	0 0
	Gungadur Pandah,	A Tank,	Rahasoy,	1000	0 0
Cuttack,	{ Maharajah Ramchunder Deb,	A Tank and Stone Floor with Steps,	Ma. Balusae Pergunnah Rahung,	2000	0 0
Sn. Dn. Cuttack,	Kalee Baboo Munglee,	A Dhurmsala,	Atharounalaghat Pooree,	1500	0 0
Backergunge,	Parbutty Chowdrain,	1 large Road,	From Munkolabad to Madubpusha,	15000	0 0
	Messrs. Manuel and Pedro DeSilva and others,	1 Tank and 6 small and large Bridges on the above Road,	Ditto ditto,	8000	0 0
Dacca,	Brijolal Baboo,	1 Pucka Ghaut,	From Sibpore to Mar-digunge,	2000	0 0
Sarun,	Bheenuck Sahoo,	A Tank,	Nawabgunge,	1000	0 0
	Bhoji Tewarry,	A ditto,	Meergunge Ph. Koaree,	1000	0 0
	Shah Amee,	A Well,	Soondee Ph. ditto,	1000	0 0
	Gobind Ram,	A Tank,	Asundapoor Ph. ditto,	1000	0 0
	Drigopaul Sing,	A ditto,	Cochae Kote,	1000	0 0
	Mahomed Khan,	A ditto, or Pond,	Selhouree Ph. Goa,	1000	0 0
	Bustee Sahoo,	Pond or Tank,	Surraee Ph. Barrye,	1000	0 0
	Bheem Gar Gosyen,	Pond,	Bhurkoenah,	1000	0 0
	Mitahun Sing,	A Tank,	Gorayah Kote,	1000	0 0
	Oudh Loll,	A ditto,	Surrowtee,	3000	0 0
	Sohhao Race,	A ditto,	Bendram,	4000	0 0
	Musat. Atrancee,	A ditto,	Purnauth,	3000	0 0
	Rickney Tewarry,	A ditto,	Hurdeeah,	2500	0 0
	Badul Sing,	A ditto,	Burrayjah,	3000	0 0
	Dhowsee Ram,	A ditto,	Manjhee,	5000	0 0
	Mr. F. Hested,	A Bridge,	Toojapoor,	10000	0 0
	Semboo Sah,	A Pond,	Arroah,	3000	0 0
	Sew Gobind Sahoo,	A Pucka Well,	Bazetpoore,	6000	0 0
	Soobhao Gur,	A Tank,	Mosehoree,	1000	0 0
	Cheerungehee,	A Tank and a Well,	Bughowcha,	1500	0 0
	Ramdyl Sah,	A Kutcha Tank and Pucka Steps,	Mirzapoor,	1030	0 0
	Ramdyl Sah, Culwar,	A Tank with Pucka Steps,	Poocharee,	2000	0 0
	Baboo Jugmohun,	A Tank,	Kunhowlee,	1500	0 0
	Mahajuns and the respectable residents of the Town of Chupra,	A Pucka Bridge,	Shoogunge,	4000	0 0
Chumparun,	Ditto ditto ditto ditto,	School Bungalows,	Berhampore,	1600	0 0
	Jewloll,	A Tank,	Ditto,	2900	0 0
	Dyall Doss,	7 Tanks,	Hosing Tuppeh Dowltah Ph. Mujhowah,	1000	0 0
	Sunker Pondy,	A Tank,	Burhurreeah,	10000	0 0
	Mohunt Bubecheur Nath,	A Garden,	Bhowaneepoor,	1000	0 0
	Hurree Sahoo,	A Pond,	Lohar,	3200	0 0
	Dhurnee Gur,	2 Ponds,	Poorunderpoor,	1000	0 0
			Chandee Deeh,	4000	0 0

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Name of Individuals by whom constructed.</i>	<i>Description of the Work</i>	<i>Place where constructed.</i>	<i>Cost.</i>		
Chumparun,	Bhitchook Sahoo,	A Tank,	Nowadeeh,	1000	0	0
	Maharajah Nowelkishwar {	A Ditto,	Serai Raj,	1000	0	0
	Sing,					
	Maharajah Anund Kishwar {	A Bridge,	Betteah,	1000	0	0
	Sing Bahadoor,					
	Ditto ditto ditto ditto,	2 Bridges,	Lollghur,	2500	0	0
	Maharajah Nowelkishwar {	A Ditto,	Raj Ghaut,	1000	0	0
	Sing Bahadoor,					
	Ditto ditto ditto ditto,	A Ditto,	Buhoarraah,	1200	0	0
	Ditto ditto ditto ditto,	A Ditto,	Relact,	1000	0	0
	Ditto ditto ditto ditto,	A Ditto,	Bysakroah,	1000	0	0
	Bhitcha Sah,	A Tank,	Rajpoor,	1000	0	0



The Calcutta Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

SATURDAY NIGHT, DECEMBER 18, 1841.

FORT WILLIAM, SECRET DEPARTMENT, THE 18TH DECEMBER, 1841.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council has received two Proclamations addressed by Her Majesty's Plenipotentiary to British Subjects in China, announcing the reduction and occupation of the Cities of Chinhai and Ningpo, and the re-occupation of the City of Tinghai, the Capital of Chusan, by H. M.'s Naval and Military Forces, and His Lordship in Council has great satisfaction in publishing, for general information, these notices of the brilliant successes of H. M.'s Arms.

The Despatches from the Officers in Command of the Naval and Military Forces, engaged in these successful operations, will be hereafter published for general information.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council,

T. H. MADDOCK,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

CIRCULAR

To Her Britannic Majesty's Subjects in China.

Her Britannic Majesty's Plenipotentiary in China has the utmost satisfaction in announcing, for general information, that the City of Tinghai, the Capital of the Chusan Group of Islands, was yesterday re-occupied by Her Majesty's Forces.

During the eight months that have elapsed since the Island was evacuated by Her Majesty's Forces in February 1841, the Chinese Government appears to have exerted itself greatly to strengthen the defences. The whole sea-face of the City is now one continued line of fortification, extending for nearly two miles, and redoubts and entrenched Camps have been thrown up in every direction.

The Chinese troops made a better attempt at resistance than they have hitherto done, but nothing could withstand the intrepid valour and discipline of Her Majesty's Combined Forces, and in less than two hours the Batteries were cleared, the City escalated, and the enemy flying in all directions.

Great quantities of Ordnance (amongst which are about forty pieces of Brass Cannon) other Arms and Military Stores of every description, besides Magazines of Gunpowder and large Granaries of Rice, have been found, and, from a variety of concurrent circumstances, it is evident that the Chinese Authorities had no conception that the place could be taken in such rapid and gallant style.

Arrangements will be made immediately for establishing a Provisional Government, and Her Majesty's Plenipotentiary deems it advisable, after what has already happened, to intimate to Her Majesty's subjects and all others, that under no circumstances, will Tinghai and its dependencies be restored to the Chinese Government until the whole of the demands of England are not only complied with but carried into full effect.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Dated on board Her Majesty's Ship *Blenheim*, in Chusan Harbour, this Second day of October, 1841.

(Sd.) HENRY POTTINGER,
Her Majesty's Plenipotentiary.

CIRCULAR.

To Her Britannic Majesty's Subjects in China.

Her Britannic Majesty's Plenipotentiary in China has the renewed extreme gratification of announcing, for general information, the further brilliant and important successes of Her Majesty's Combined Naval and Land Forces, in the reduction and occupation, on the 10th and 13th instant, respectively, of the Cities of Chinhai and Ningpo.

The City of Chinhai is situated at the mouth of the Tahe, or Ningpo river, and was covered so strongly by its citadel (a Fort built on a lofty head-land jutting into the sea,) and a number of heavy batteries and out-works on each bank of the Estuary, that the Imperial Commissioner, Yukien, who had come specially to defend it, and the other Civil and Military Chinese authorities, appear, from their Proclamations, to have flattered themselves, even after their past and recent experience of the power of the British arms, that the place could not be taken; but they were, as on all previous occasions, speedily undeceived,—and, although the Chinese Troops displayed considerable bravery, and in many individual instances would neither retreat nor surrender, though deserted by their Officers and Comrades; the main bodies were driven from one rallying spot to another, and at length routed and entirely dispersed; whilst the Fort and Works were demolished or rendered utterly untenable, by the overwhelming and beautiful practice of the Squadron.

It is reported, that a great many of the Chinese Officers of rank have fallen, with a large number of men, but no precise information has yet been obtained on this point. The Imperial Commissioner is stated to have attempted to drown himself immediately after the battle, and to have since died at a short distance inland, from the effects of that attempt, or some other unexplained cause.

About one hundred and fifty pieces of brass Ordnance, exclusive of iron Cannon, many hundred Jingalls and Wall pieces of various calibre, and some thousand Matchlocks and other Warlike weapons were captured; besides which, several extensive Magazines of Gunpowder have been blown up, or otherwise destroyed.

It affords Her Majesty's Plenipotentiary the highest additional satisfaction to add, that this achievement has been happily effected with a much smaller loss on our side than could have been almost hoped for, there being only five killed and about thirty wounded of all arms, of Her Majesty's Forces.

The necessary arrangements having been made, and reconnoissances had, during the 11th and 12th instant, the Squadron named in the margin, carrying the Troops, Marines, and extra Seamen from the Ships left behind, moved on the 13th up the river to Ningpo, which was found undefended, the Chinese Soldiers having positively refused to face our troops again, in

"Modeste," carrying the Flag of His Excellency the Admiral.
 "Cruizer."
 "Columbine."
 "Bentinck."
 "Queen Steamer."
 "Sesostris."
 "Nemesis."
 "Phlegethon."

reconnoissances had, during the 11th and 12th instant, the Squadron named in the margin, carrying the Troops, Marines, and extra Seamen from the Ships left behind, moved on the 13th up the river to Ningpo, which was found undefended, the Chinese Soldiers having positively refused to face our troops again, in

consequence of which the Civil Mandarins and all the Military Officers fled from the City about two hours before the Squadron reached it. The City was therefore peaceably occupied by the troops under His Excellency Sir Hugh Gough, K. C. B., and the Ships moored in the River within one hundred yards of the Wall.

"GOD SAVE THE QUEEN."

Dated on board the Steam Frigate Queen, in the River of Ningpo, this 15th day of October, 1841.

(Signed) HENRY POTTINGER,

H. M.'s Plenipotentiary.

(True Copy,)

(Signed) J. ROBT. MORRISON,

Chinese Secretary.

(True Copy,)

T. H. MADDOCK,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 20, 1841.

NOTIFICATION.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT,

MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 20TH, 1841.

The Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council has the highest satisfaction in publishing, for general information, the subjoined despatches from His Excellency Rear Admiral Sir W. Parker, K. C. B., Naval Commander-in-Chief on the East India Station, and His Excellency Major General Sir H. Gough, G. C. B., Commanding the Military Branch of the Expedition, detailing the brilliant successes on the Coast of China of the combined Naval and Military Forces of Her Britannic Majesty and the Honorable Company; the results of which have been the total defeat and dispersion of Chinese Armies of far superior numbers; the destruction of extensive Fortifications of the Enemy; the capture of a large quantity of Ordnance; of other munitions of war, and of stores, the surrender of numerous prisoners, and the occupation, with very trifling loss on the part of the British Troops, of the important and populous Cities of Tinghae, Chinhae and Ningpho.

A Royal Salute will be fired in honor of these achievements.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council,

T. H. MADDOCK,

Secretary to Government.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE

THE EARL OF AUCKLAND, G. C. B.,

&c. &c. &c.

Wellesley, at Chusan, 4th October, 1841.

MY LORD,—I have much pleasure in reporting to your Lordship, that the Island of Chusan was re-occupied by the Combined Forces of Her Majesty on the 1st instant.

My last communication from Amoy, on the 31st of August, will have informed your Lordship of our hopes of immediately quitting that anchorage: but a continuance of bad weather prevented the Expedition from putting to sea before the 5th of September. We were, however, favored in our progress to the northward with fair, but light breezes until the 18th, when the North East Monsoon set in strong against us,

with thick weather, causing the unavoidable separation of many of the Transports, and, it was only by considerable perseverance, and taking advantage of the tides in shore, which we were enabled by the regularity of the soundings to approach with confidence, that we succeeded on the 21st instant, in reaching the Chusan Group of Islands, where I had the satisfaction of collecting several of the missing Ships and Steam Vessels, and gained the anchorage off the little Isle of "Just-in-the-way" on the 24th, with the preconceived intention of making our first attack on Ching-hae, and pressing forward by the Taheae River, to take possession of "Ningpo."

The Transport in which Sir Hugh Gough and his Staff were embarked, having fallen far to leeward before we got sight of Chusan, the Cruiser was despatched to convey him to the Fleet, and rejoined with His Excellency on the evening of the 25th.

The weather was now too boisterous to approach the exposed position of Chin-hae, we therefore, on the following day, made a very satisfactory reconnaissance of the defences of "Ting-hae" and "Chusan harbour," in the Phlegethon and Nemesis Steam Vessels, and determined on immediate preparations for re-occupying the Island.

The Chinese have been indefatigable in erecting Batteries since the British Forces were withdrawn in February last; and it is almost inconceivable that so much has been done by them. From the western extremity, outside Guard Island, to the eastern termination of their works, which extend half a mile beyond the commanding position of the Joss-house or Temple-hill (now greatly strengthened) there is a continued line of strong battery on the sea face, principally constructed of mud, comprising 267 embrasures for guns, and 95 of various calibre, actually mounted on different points, independently of 41 planted on the ramparts of the City, and numerous Gingalls in every direction.

The rapidity of the tides in the different Channels to Chusan Harbour is so great, as to render large Ships frequently quite unmanageable, even with the assistance of Steam Vessels; and the chance of placing them in any precise position for action so uncertain that it was at once seen our object would be best effected by landing the Troops, Seamen and Marines, to the westward of the sea defences, and take them in reverse. We found a stone-work with 8 embrasures, constructed near Guard Island, to defend the point on which we proposed to disembark the Troops, but no guns yet placed in it. About 1200 yards above it on a steep hill, was also a strongly fortified encampment, in which a large body of Chinese were posted: Captain Eyres was therefore detached with the Modeste, Columbine and Nemesis, to anchor close to the

battery, and prevent its occupation, or any movement of the Chinese to strengthen their position: this duty was, with the usual zeal of himself, Commander Clarke and Mr. Hall, most effectually performed: and a considerable breach made by the Nemesis's Guns in the wall of the fortified encampment.

A continuance of North East Gales with incessant rain, rendered it impracticable to move the Fleet from the anchorage off "Just-in-the-way" before the 29th, when we reached the outer harbour of Chusan, with part of the Transports.

The Blonde, Modeste, and Jupiter, with the Queen Steam Vessel, immediately proceeded to take up a position on the south side of the Maclesfield and Trumball Islands, to cover and assist a party of the Royal Artillery under Captain Knowles, in erecting a battery of one 68, and two 24-pounder Howitzers, against the Joss House Hill, and the adjoining works which kept up a frequent, but ineffectual fire, and this service was with infinite labor, accomplished with a celerity, that reflects much credit on all the Officers and men employed on it.

The Wellesley was moved as close as possible to the intended point of landing; the Cruiser and Columbine were advanced within 200 yards of the Beach; and by occasional well directed shot from those vessels, and shells from the Sesostris, the Chinese were completely kept in check.

The remainder of the Transports having joined in the course of the 30th, and the preparations being completed, the disembarkation was ordered on the morning of the first instant, in two columns: the first, about 1500 strong, to take possession of the heights, and then to move on to the City: the second (to which the Royal Marines and a party of Seamen were attached) altogether 1100 strong, to carry the sea line of Battery, by pushing round on their right, and proceeding to make a lodgment in the Suburbs, to attack the Joss House Hill.

Our resources in Boats did not admit of more than one column being landed at a time, including a portion placed in the Phlegethon and Nemesis, and finding these small vessels had scarcely power to tow the Boats with the Troops against the tide, I was compelled to keep the Sesostris to facilitate their disembarkation. With this additional assistance it was nearly half-past 10 o'clock before the first column, under their gallant Commander in Chief, reached the shore, when they were assailed by a heavy discharge of Gingalls and Matchlocks from the heights, but immediately formed and supported by the fire of the Ships, the advance quickly ascended the hill, and gallantly carried every thing before them; although a more resolute stand was made by the Chinese than had been previously experienced in any encounter with them.

The Howitzers on the Island were opened simultaneously with the advance of the Troops to the shore, when the Queen endeavored to tow the Blonde into a favorable position against the Joss House and Eastern Batteries; the strength of the spring tide, however, unfortunately baffled every effort to place her satisfactorily, but the exertions of Captain Bouchier throughout, entitles him to my best thanks. The lighter draft of water of the Modeste and Queen enabled them to get into good situations, and by the excellence of their fire, in conjunction with that from the Mortar Battery on Trumball Island, the Joss House Battery was silenced, and the Chinese Troops driven from that Post and the Batteries to the Eastward of it.

The Marines and part of the Seamen were landed as fast as the Boats could return for them, but before the second column got on shore, the Chinese abandoned the western and of their Sea-defences which were entered by part of the Troops of the first column, who completely cleared the line of Batteries, and took possession of the Joss House Hill.

The Steam Vessels moved into the Inner Harbour as soon as the Troops were landed, to assist in the reduction of Tinghae, on which the main body was rapidly advanced; the walls were escaladed without

opposition, and by 2 P. M. the British Colors were flying in every direction.

Thirty-six new and well-cast brass Guns are mounted in the Batteries, and will be shipped in one of the Transports. I believe a considerable store of Government Rice has been found in the City.

I fear the Troops have suffered a loss of one Ensign and one Private killed, and about 24 Men wounded. The casualties in the Squadron are confined to one Seaman in the Cruiser severely wounded, (since dead) another slightly wounded, and one man of the Phlegethon slightly wounded. The Blonde had one of her quarter deck Guns disabled, but no further mischief was sustained.

The unremitting exertions of every Officer and Man of Her Majesty's Squadron, Royal Marines, and Indian Navy, throughout the operations, merits my warmest commendation. I subjoin a statement of the Ships present.

Captain Herbert of the Blenheim, whose zeal is always conspicuous, handsomely volunteered to head the landing party of the Seamen and Marines; and I gladly acknowledge the valuable assistance I have derived from the local knowledge and skill of Captain Maitland of this Ship, who has conducted her with much ability, in the intricate and difficult navigation amongst these Islands.

Commander Giffard of the Cruiser, has been indefatigable in the duty assigned him of superintending the disembarkation, which he has performed to the entire satisfaction of the General and myself.

The fire from the Ships and Steam Vessels covering the landing party, did much execution; it was indeed directed with such precision, that two or three individuals fell by single cannon shot, at a distance of 700 yards; one of them while in the act of waving the Chinese Banners.

It is out of my province to observe on the movements of the Land Forces, but I may be permitted to express my admiration of the gallantry which was throughout displayed by our Companions of the Army, and their distinguished Chief, and I can but express my regret, that circumstances did not admit of the Officers, Seamen, and Royal Marines of Her Majesty's Squadron, as well as of the Indian Navy, participating to a greater extent in the operations of the day.

Sir Henry Pottinger has witnessed all the proceedings of the Expedition, and considering the lateness of the season, it is a subject of congratulation to His Excellency, as well as to Sir Hugh Gough and myself, that the re-occupation of this Island has been secured.

Your Lordship may be assured that not a moment will be lost in making the contemplated movement on Chinghae and Ningpo, whenever the state of the weather renders it practicable.

I have the honor to be,

My Lord,

Your Lordship's most obedient Servant,

W. PARKER,

Rear Admiral.

A List of Her Majesty's Ships and Vessels, and of the Steam Vessels of the Indian Navy, present at the reduction of Chusan, the 1st of October, 1841.

Wellesley,	72 Guns,	{ Rear Admiral Sir Wm. Parker, K. C. B., Captain Thomas Maitland.
Blenheim,	72 "	{ Capt. Thomas Herbert.
Blonde,	42 "	{ " Thomas Bouchier.
Modeste,	18 "	{ " Harry Eyres.
Cruizer,	16 "	{ Commander H. W. Giffard.
Columbine,	16 "	{ " T. J. Clarke.
Bentinck,	10 "	{ Lieutenant Richd. Collinson.
Jupiter (Troop Ship)		{ Master Commg. Robert Fallone.
Rattlesnake (ditto)...		{ Master Commg. James Spreaf.

Steam Vessels.

Sesostris, ... 4 Guns. Acting Commander Ormsby.
Phlegethon, 2 „ Lieut. McCleverty, R. N.
Nemesis, 2 „ Mr. W. H. Hall, Master R. N.
Queen, 6 „ Mr. Wm. Warden, Acting Master R. N.

W. PARKER.
Rear Admiral.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE EARL OF
AUCKLAND, G. C. B., &c. &c.

Modeste, at Ningpo, 11th October, 1841.

MY LORD.—My despatch of the 4th instant, in which I had the honor of communicating to your Lordship the re-occupation of Chusan by Her Majesty's Forces, would apprise you of the anxiety of Sir Hugh Gough and myself, to commence operations against Chinghae, as soon as a change of weather should enable the Ships of the Expedition, with common prudence, to approach that exposed position.

On the 7th the wind veered to the desired point, and every preliminary arrangement having been made, not a moment was lost in embarking the Troops intended for the Expedition. The following day most of the Transports were moved to the anchorage off "Just-in-the-way," four leagues in advance; and the General and myself, accompanied by Sir Henry Pottinger, proceeded at the same time in the Phlegethon and Nemesis, to reconnoitre the points of our intended attack, where we were fully informed and found that every preparation for resistance had been made.

The City of Chinghae, which is enclosed by a wall 37 feet in thickness, and 22 feet high, with an embasured Parapet of 4 feet high, and nearly two miles in circumference, is situated at the foot of a very commanding Peninsular Height, which forms the entrance of the "Tahee" River on its left or north bank. On the summit is the Citadel, which, from its strong position, is considered the Key to "Chinghae," and the large and opulent City of "Ningpo," about 15 miles up the River; and it is so important as a Military Post, that I trust I may be excused for attempting to describe it.

It stands about 250 feet above the Sea, and is encircled also by a strong wall with very substantial iron plated Gates at the east and west ends. The north and south sides of the Height are exceedingly steep; the former, accessible only from the Sea by a narrow winding path from the Rocks at its base; the south side and eastern end being nearly precipitous. At the East end of the Citadel, outside its wall, 21 Guns were mounted in three Batteries of masonry and sand bags, to defend the entrance of the River.

The only communication between the Citadel and City is on the west side by a steep but regular Causeway, to a Barrier Gate at the bottom of the hill, where a wooden bridge over a wet ditch connects it with the Isthmus and the gates of the City, the whole of which are covered with iron plates, and strongly secured. The space on the Isthmus between the Citadel hill, and the City wall, is filled up towards the Sea, with a battery of five guns, having a row of strong piles driven in a little beach in front of it, to prevent a descent in that quarter; and on the River side of the Isthmus are two Batteries adjoining the Suburbs, and mounting 22 and 19 Guns, for flanking the entrance—28 Guns of different sizes, and numberless Gingalls were also planted on the City Walls, principally towards the Sea.

The main body of the Chinese Forces were posted on the right bank of the River, in fortified Encampments, on very commanding and steep hills; Field Works and Entrenchments being thrown up in every advantageous position, with 28 Guns and innumerable Gingalls mounted in them to impede the advance of the Troops. The principal landing place on this side is within a considerable Creek, close to the south entrance of the River, and across this Creek we found a row of piles driven. Four Batteries mounting

31 Guns, were also newly constructed on this side of the River, to flank the entrance, and about half a mile above its mouth, a similar obstruction of larger piles was carried completely across; space only being left for one Junk to pass at a time. In short, the Chinese had exercised their ingenuity to the utmost to make their defences secure; and a great amount of Treasure and labour must have been expended in the execution of these works, fully evincing the importance which they attached to this position.

The plan of attack agreed upon by the General and myself, was to land the Troops in two columns on the right bank of the River, inside the small Islands called the Triangles. The main body under his immediate command (about 1040 strong) to disembark a short distance beyond the Creek above referred to. The other (about 500 strong) immediately at its entrance, where it appeared to us practicable to put them securely on shore outside the piles, under the cover of one of the Brigs; good anchorage being found within a few yards of the spot.

The attack of the Citadel and City on the left bank of the River, was assigned to the Naval Branch of the Force, strengthened by about 23 of the Royal and 12 of the Madras Artillery, under Lieutenants the Honorable F. Spencer and Moleworth; and 50 Sappers, under Captain Cotton and Lieutenant Johnston, of the Madras Engineers. It was calculated that the advance of the two columns of Troops by different routes, would not only secure every point on the right bank, but cut off the retreat of many of the Chinese; and by a simultaneous bombardment of the Citadel and City by the Squadron, we entertained confident hopes of complete success, which has been happily realized in every respect.

On the evening of the 9th, the whole of the Squadron, as per subjoined list, and the Transports, were anchored off "Chinghae," in convenient situations for the intended operations; and at an early hour on the following morning, the Troops proceeded in the Queen, Nemesis, and Phlegethon Steamers, and the boats of the Transports, to the points of debarkation, where the Cruizer, Columbine and Bentinck most judiciously took up their positions, under the direction of Commander Giffard. A few shot from them cleared the shore of about 300 of the Chinese, who had assembled to oppose the landing, and by half-past 9 o'clock, under his excellent arrangements, every man was safe on shore.

The Wellesley, Blenheim, Blonde and Modeste were appointed to cannonade the Citadel and eastern part of the City walls; and the Sesostris, Queen, and Phlegethon, after landing the Troops and towing up the Ships to their stations, to shell the Citadel in flank, and enfilade any of the Batteries in the harbour which their guns could bear upon. The Nemesis to join in the attack on the north side, in readiness to cover the landing of the Seamen and Marines, as soon as it became practicable.

The Citadel Hill cannot be approached for an attack by large Ships, except on the north side, and the water in that direction is so shallow, that it is only in the calmest weather that they can be carried with safety sufficiently near to fire with effect. The day was fortunately every thing we could desire, and the Wellesley, as soon as the tide served was towed by the Sesostris into an excellent position, where the anchor was dropped about a quarter before 9 o'clock in four fathoms, about 1300 yards from the Citadel and Town walls. As the water ebbed, she settled imperceptibly into a bottom of soft mud, and was as steady as a Land Battery. Commander Ormsby, (with very commendable activity) immediately afterwards brought in the Blenheim: the Blonde and Modeste, favored by a light breeze, took their stations under sail, and every ship was placed to my entire satisfaction, as close as possible; the Blenheim and Modeste touching the bottom at low water. The precision of the fire both of shots and shells from all, exceeded my most sanguine expectations;

and the destruction of the works from the commencement of the attack was never doubtful.

As the Troops on the right bank of the River moved forward, Commander Giffard advanced the Sloops towards the entrance of the harbour, and the Steamers all took up very good positions, and performed excellent service with their Guns; they were for a considerable time under a heavy fire from the River Batteries, but fortunately sustained no damage.

About 11 o'clock we had the gratification of seeing the British Colors planted by the Troops in one of the Batteries on the opposite shore; and within a few minutes, the others on that side were all carried, and the Chinese observed flying in every direction before our gallant Soldiers on the heights.

At a quarter past 11, the wall of the Citadel was breached by the fire from the ships, and the defences being reduced to a ruinous state, the Chinese abandoned their Guns, which they had hitherto worked with considerable firmness, and a large portion of the Garrison retreated precipitately towards the City. Not a moment was lost in making the signal for landing the Battalion of Seamen and Marines with the detachments of Artillery and Sappers (the whole under the command of Captain Herbert, of the Blenheim.) Before noon the boats were all on shore; every impediment presented by the difficulty of landing on rugged rocks was overcome; and the Force gallantly advanced to the assault, with a celerity that excited my warmest admiration. An explosion at this time took place in a Battery near the Citadel Gate: and the remnant of the Garrison fled without waiting to close it. The Citadel was therefore rapidly entered, and the Union Jack displayed on the walls. Our people had scarcely passed within them, when another explosion occurred, happily without mischief, but whether by accident or design is uncertain.

Captain Herbert having secured this Post, quickly re-formed his men, and advanced towards the City; the Chinese still occupying in considerable force the Walls of it, as well as the two Batteries beneath the Hill on the River side, against which our Troops had already turned some of the Guns taken on the right bank. A few volleys of Musquetry speedily dislodged them from both positions, and the Battalion of Seamen and Marines pushed on in steady and excellent order to attack the City: the Wall (26 feet high) was escaladed in two places, and in a short time complete possession was taken of "Chinghae:" the Chinese Troops having made their escape through the Western Gates.

While in the act of scaling the City Wall, a third and formidable explosion took place at one of the River Batteries within a short distance, by which I regret one man of the Blenheim was killed: there is strong suspicion that it was caused by a mine, intentionally sprung, and considering the number of our men which were assembled at the time, it is most providential that the consequences were not more disastrous.

The Seamen immediately returned on board for the security of the Ships, which, with the rising tide, were moved into secure berths; Captain Herbert remaining with the Marines in charge of the Town until the evening, when Sir Hugh Gough arrived, and a considerable portion of Troops were conveyed across the River, in the Phlegethon, to garrison it.

I have sincere pleasure in again bringing before your Lordship's notice, the gallantry and excellent conduct of every Officer and man of Her Majesty's Ships and the Indian Navy under my command.

To Captain Herbert my best acknowledgments are due for his zeal for the public service and animating example on all occasions; and he speaks in strong terms of commendation of the gallant support he received from Captain Bouchier of the Blonde; Major Ellis of the Royal Marines, and the Officers and men of every description attached to the Force placed under his command; of which, and of those employed in the Boats, I transmit a list; and cordially join in every praise that can be bestowed on them. I must also state,

that although Captains Maitland and Eyres were not directly attached to the Battalion of Seamen and Marines which disembarked, they landed at the same time, and accompanied them in their operations.

To Captain Maitland, of my Flag Ship, I feel much indebted for the able and zealous assistance which he at all times affords me; and my obligations are equally due to Captain Eyres, for the invaluable services of the Modeste.

The activity and ardor of Commanders Giffard, Clarke, Fletcher and Watson, and of Lieutenant Collinson in command of the Bentinck, has been eminently displayed on this and every other opportunity, and I have no less pleasure in bearing testimony to your Lordship, that the same spirit of enterprize and zeal has been conspicuously evinced by Commander Ormsby, Lieutenant McCleverty, Mr. Hall, and Mr. Warden; and indeed of every Officer and man in the Steam Vessels attached to the Expedition.

I may be permitted also to notice that my Flag Lieutenant Charles Tennant, has attended me in every operation since I took command of the Squadron, and his zeal and attention is deserving of my highest approbation.

By Official Chinese documents found in Chinghae, we have good reason to believe that the regular Tartar Troops quartered on the 10th in the City and Batteries on the left bank of the River, amounted to upwards of 3000, of which about 700 composed the Garrison of the Citadel or Joss-House Hill; their loss on these points is calculated at 150 men.

The Troops opposed to Sir Hugh Gough were estimated at ten thousand, and they have sustained a heavy loss, but no amount of Force as yet met with in this country, can withstand the gallant band under his command, into which his active and energetic example infuses unbounded confidence.

The total number of Guns which have fallen into our hands amounts to 90 iron and 67 brass—the latter will be embarked without delay in one of the Transports, with a large quantity of metal, which has been found in a Cannon Foundry at Chinghae.

I have the honor to be,

My Lord,

Your Lordship's most obedient Servant,

W. PARKER,

Rear Admiral.

A List of Her Majesty's Ships and Vessels, and of the Steam Vessels of the Indian Navy, present at the reduction of "Chinghae," the 10th of October, 1841.

Wellesley,.....	72 Guns,	{ Rear Admiral Sir William Parker, K. C. B., Captain Thomas Maitland.
Blenheim,	72 "	" Thomas Herbert.
Blonde,	42 "	" Thomas Bouchier.
Modeste,	18 "	" Harry Eyres.
Cruizer,.....	16 "	Commander H. W. Giffard.
Columbine,	16 "	" T. J. Clarke.
Bentinck,	10 "	Lieutenant Richd. Collinson.
Jupiter (Troop Ship), ...		Master Comdg Robert Fulton.
Rattlesnake (ditto)		Ditto James Sprent.

STEAM VESSELS

Sesostris,.....	4 Guns,	Acting Commander Ormsby.
Phlegethon,	2 "	Lieut. McCleverty, R. N.
Nemesis,	2 "	Mr. W. H. Hall, Master R. N.
Queen,	6 "	{ Wm. Warden, Actg. Master R. N.

W. PARKER, Rear Admiral.

Artillery.

Lieut. Hon'ble F. Spencer, 28 Royal Artillery and two 5½ Inch Mortars and 9 and 12 Pounder Rockets.

.. Molesworth,

Captain Cotton and Lieut. Johnston—with 30 Madras Sappers.

Officers in charge of Boats.

(Signed) J HERBERT, *Captain.*

Rear Admiral.

Captain Bouchier, Commanding the Battalion of Seamen.

Landed with 1st, 2d. and 3d
Companies Seamen Bat-
talion.

Landed with 4th, 5th, and 6th Companies Seamen Battalion.

Landed with 7th Company
Seamen Battalion.

Landed with Subdivision of
8th Company.

Landed 276 Royal Marines.

THE EARL OF AUCKLAND, G. C. B.

&c., &c., &c.,

Modeste, off Ninopo, 14th October, 1841.

The progress of the Expedition has been greatly favored by the fine weather, which enabled it to complete the reduction of Chinghae, on the 10th instant, and to place the large Ships and Transports on the following day at a safe anchorage after landing the requisite supplies for the Army, for the wind changed to the North East on the 12th, and blew strong. The Ships, however, were all in security; the Blonde, with the Sloops and Steamers, and part of the Transports

I removed on the 11th to the *Modeste*, and that no time might be lost in prosecuting our further operations, I directed Captains Maitland and Herbert, when the *Wellesley* and *Blenheim* were anchored off "Just-in-the-way," to return by one of the Steam Vessels, with the boats and 150 Seamen from each ship, in readiness to advance on "*Ningpo*," and on the 12th, I proceeded in the *Nemesis* to ascertain the practicability of taking the large Steamers and Sloops up the river. We found it wide, free from shoals, and carried not less than 14 feet at low water, to the walls of the City, which appeared not only unprepared for resistance, but a general panic pervading the inhabitants, who were evacuating the Town in every direction, with their goods and families. Sir Henry Pottinger, Sir Hugh Gough and myself, therefore deemed it expedient to move on it without delay, to check as much as possible the departure of the respectable portion of the population, and the ravages which are invariably committed by the lower orders of the Chinese on all property which is left unprotected.

Sir Henry Pottinger and the General accompanied me in the *Modeste*, and the Expedition proceeded up the river soon after 9 A. M., but owing to some unavoidable delays did not reach Ningpo until 2 P. M., when the *Nemesis* and *Phegethon*, which contained a large portion of the Troops, anchored within a few feet of a Floating Bridge, which connects the City at its East gate with the Suburbs across the river. The men were disembarked with the greatest facility by stages from the bows of these vessels. The Battalion of Seamen and Marines, under Captain Herbert, landing at the same time in the Suburbs on the City side, a short distance below them.

Her Majesty's Sloops and the Steam Vessels are anchored under the walls of the City, and His Excellency the General is actively exerting himself in securing all the Government property on shore, and endeavoring to establish order, and prevent the pillage of this populous and opulent place, where, I am happy to say, such of the respectable inhabitants as have remained evince much less apprehension at the presence of the English than was exhibited either at Amoy or Chusan.

A few War Junks, and a trifling amount of Naval Stores, have fallen into our hands.

I beg to offer my congratulations to your Lordship
on the result of our operations, and

I have the honor to be,

My Lord,

Yours Lordship's most obedient Servant,

W. PARKER,

Rear Admiral.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE

THE EARL OF AUCKLAND, G. C. B.,

Governor General, &c. &c.

Head-Quarters, Tinghae, Island of Chusan,

October 3d, 1841.

MY LORD,—I feel much satisfaction in acquainting your Lordship that Chusan is in our possession, notwithstanding the extraordinary exertions made by the Chinese to strengthen the defences since our departure in February last, and rather a gallant defence on their part, particularly on the heights west of the City, generally denominated the 49 hills, and along the shore, where, as a defence to the inner harbour (which was our former part of attack) a new line of battery has been constructed, presenting so formidable a front, that, with due regard to the peculiarity of the tides, it would not have been advisable to bring in the ships of war.

2. The Fleet had passed Chusan, and assembled at an anchorage off Silver Island, half way between Chusan and Chinhae, when, after waiting three days, the continuance of contrary winds, together with the lateness of the season, induced His Excellency the Naval Commander in Chief to propose a change in the plan of operations, which I mentioned to your Lordship in my last report. I fully concurred with Sir Wm. Parker in the expediency of attacking Chusan first under these circumstances, instead of proceeding to Chinhae and Ningpo, particularly as in a reconnaissance, which we made in the Phlegethon Steamer with His Excellency Sir Henry Pottinger, we ascertained that two Forts, in progress of construction upon the base of the heights already named, were, although nearly completed, not yet armed. This reconnaissance confirmed me in the opinion which I had previously formed from the reports of Officers acquainted with the ground, that this would be the most eligible point of attack. I must add that the fire opened on the Phlegethon, as she skirted the harbour, also established that the sea line of battery was efficiently armed.

3. I shall leave it to the Admiral to detail the movements of the Fleet, but I cannot deny myself the gratification of expressing how greatly I am indebted to him for his judicious arrangements and the cordial assistance which I have experienced throughout, anticipating my wishes, at the same time that the arm over which he so ably presided, has been brought prominently forward whenever practicable, and I must be allowed to remark that the precision of the fire from the ships surpassed my most sanguine expectations, and did great execution wherever it could be brought to bear.

4. The greater part of the Fleet assembled in the outer roadstead on the 29th ultimo, and during that night and the following day a battery was thrown up on Trumball Island by a detachment of the Royal and Madras Artillery under Captain Knowles, of the former Corps, aided by Lieutenant Birdwood, of the Madras Engineers, for the purpose of shelling the Joss-house Hill, which the enemy had strongly fortified, following out the unfinished plan of our own Engineers. The remaining ships having arrived in the mean while, it was determined to make the attack on the 1st instant.

5. I beg to refer your Lordship to the annexed disposition of attack, which will shew what were my intentions. Early on the morning of the 1st, the first Division, consisting of the Madras Artillery with eight guns, the Sappers, Her Majesty's 18th and 55th Regiments, and the Rifle Company of the 36th Madras Native Infantry, were placed in Steamers and Boats in tow of them, and under the zealous superintendence of Captain Giffard, of Her Majesty's Ship Cruizer, who conducted the disembarkation, were landed as soon as practicable, though not without some delay from the extraordinary strength of the tides at this point. Finding that the enemy, whose occasional shots from the ships had hitherto kept under cover, now crowned the heights and opened a galling fire

of ginjals and matchlocks, and that some of my men were falling, I deemed it advisable to push on at once the two Flank and a third Company of the 55th that were first on shore, directing the remainder, who closely followed, to move up in support. This duty was gallantly performed under the directions of Lieutenant Colonel Craigie, Commanding the Column, and Major Fawcett, in the temporary Command of the Regiment, and notwithstanding the steepness and ruggedness of the ascent, and a heavy and well-sustained fire from an infinitely superior force, this gallant Corps carried the whole extent of the ridge of hills terminating in a fortified Camp, and drove every thing before them. Lieutenant Colonel Craigie has brought to my notice the prominent conduct of Lieutenant and Adjutant Butter, who was with the advance at this point, and seized the first of the Enemy's colors; as also of Captain Campbell and Lieutenant Cuddy, who led the two Flank Companies.

6. This movement completely turned the right of the Enemy's position, and gave us the command of a bridge which led direct on the flank of the whole line of sea defence. The 18th and Artillery being landed, and the light Guns placed so as to enfilade this line of batteries, I felt it best to change my first intention of attacking the sea defences by the right column, and ordered the 18th at once to push forward to the attack on this point. This was executed with equal gallantry by Lieut. Col. Adams in the face of a very large force, which contested the whole line with more than ordinary spirit, apparently led by one of the principal Mandarins, who, with several of inferior rank, was killed on the spot, when the Chinese fled, and the 18th pushed on and occupied the Joss House Hill, which the well-directed fire of the guns on Trumball Island under the Hon'ble Lieutenant Spencer, of the Royal Artillery, and of the detached Squadron under Captain Bouchier, had compelled the enemy to evacuate. Lieut. Col. Adams speaks warmly of the spirited manner in which Captain Wigston led the Grenadier Company of the Royal Irish in this attack.

7. Considering it advisable to support the 18th I had pushed forward across the valley, the Light and another Company of the 55th with Lieutenant Colonel Mountain, who is well acquainted with the country, and most judiciously placed them in a position close to the West gate of the City, so as to prevent any support being given from the Town, and intercept the enemy in falling back on it. The Rifle Company of the 35th having joined me, I moved on with the remainder of the 55th, covered by the Rifles, for the heights overlooking the City to the North West, which we occupied. During these operations, by the praiseworthy efforts of the Madras Artillery under Captain Anstruther, the light field guns had been brought to the summit of the heights, and opened their fire on the Walls and Town. The enemy was now in full retreat through the North and East gates, although a few guns and ginjals, with some matchlocks, continued to be fired from the walls—and I directed the 55th to proceed to the escalade, whilst Captain Simpson with the Rifles, rapidly passed down a deep wooded ravine to cut off the retreat to the North. The scaling ladders had been brought up on most difficult and rugged heights by the great exertions of the Madras Sappers, and were now gallantly flanked under the directions of Captain Pears, who was the first to ascend, and I had soon the satisfaction of seeing the Colors of the 55th Regiment waving on the walls of Ting-hae, while those of the Royal Irish were planted on the Joss House Hill above the suburb. Captain Anstruther reports that Captain Balfour and Lieutenant Fowles had the opportunity of distinguishing themselves, in bringing up the guns and directing their fire.

8. Although the 49th Regiment and Royal Marines whom I first ordered, together with a body of Seamen, to form the right column under Lieutenant Colonel Morris and attack the sea defences

could not be landed in time for that purpose. I was much pleased with the promptitude with which those two Corps moved on to the support of the 18th; the 49th proceeding to occupy the South gate of the City.

9. The loss of the enemy has been very considerable both on the sea line and upon the heights, several of their principal Mandarins it would appear were killed, and the Chinese fled in all directions throwing away their arms and clothing. The loss on our side, I am happy to say, has been wonderfully small. I have the honor to enclose your Lordship the Return, together with a list of the Ordnance captured.

10. On the 2d, I directed Lieut.-Col. Adams to move westward with the 18th and Rifle Company on Tsing-Kong, to which point the Admiral has dispatched two of the Ships of War, and from whence the Lieut. Col. is to proceed to-day to Sahoo. This morning, I have moved 300 men under Major Blyth, 49th Regiment, Eastward to Sinkea-Mun, where he will also meet a Ship of War; also three Companies of the 55th under Captain Campbell, over the Northern hills to Pishoon, from whence they will march to Kanton and Mowah, returning by a different pass to Head Quarters. By these movements, I hope that every one of the fugitives will be driven off the Island or captured.

11. It is difficult to mete out praise, where every man did his duty well, but I feel it right to express my sense of obligation to the following Commanding Officers of Columns and Corps—Lieut. Col. Craigie, Commanding Left Column; Lieut. Col. Morris, Commanding the Right Column; Lieut. Col. Adams, Commanding 18th; Major Fawcett, Commanding 55th; Major Stephens, Commanding 49th; Major Ellis, Commanding Royal Marines; Captain Simpson, Commanding Rifle Company 36th M. N. Infy.; Captain Knowles, Royal Artillery, Senior Officer of Artillery; Captain Pears, Senior Officer of Engineers; Captain Anstruther, Commanding Madras Artillery; and Captain Cotton, Assistant Field Engineer.

From Lieut. Col. Mountain, Deputy Adjutant General, and Captain Gough, Acting Deputy Quarter Master General, I have received throughout the whole operations, the most valuable assistance. I must also mention the active services of Lieut. Gubith, my A. D. C.

I have to repeat my thanks to Captain Giffard of the Royal Navy, who, after ably conducting the disembarkation, rejoined me and accompanied me during the rest of the day, as did Major Malcolm, the Secretary of Legation.

I have the honor to be, my Lord,

Your Lordship's most obedient humble Servant,

H. GOUGH, *M. Genl.*

Commg. Expy. Force.

GENERAL ORDERS TO THE EXPEDITIONARY FORCE.

Head-Quarters, Tinghae City, October 3d, 1841.

Major General Sir Hugh Gough has again the pleasure to congratulate the Troops under his Command upon their success in the recapture of the Island of Chusan and City of Tinghae on the 1st instant.

2d. The conduct of the 55th, whose good fortune it was to land first, and who gallantly gained and cleared the heights under a brisk and sustained fire from the Enemy, was most creditable to the Corps, and gave it the further advantage of being the first to scale the City Walls.

3d. That of the 18th Royal Irish who landed next was equally praiseworthy in driving the enemy before them despite of his resistance from the long line of Sea Batteries until the Regiment gained and re-occupied its old station on the Pagoda Hill.

4th. The well-directed fire of the Detachment of Royal and Madras Artillery from Turnbull Island, and the exertions of the Madras Artillery on Chusan in getting their Guns over almost impracticable ground, and their fire from successive points, were alike distinguished.

5th. The Major General was also gratified by observing the spirited manner in which the Madras Rifle Company advanced in extended order over the hills to the City, and the active zeal of the Madras Sappers and Miners in carrying the scaling ladders over these steep and difficult heights and planting them against the walls.

6th. Circumstances which it was impossible to foresee having hastened the moment of attack, the 49th Regiment and Royal Marines were not landed in time to perform all that had been allotted to them, but the Major General noticed with much satisfaction the rapidity with which they moved off to support the advance.

7th. Sir Hugh Gough addresses himself therefore to all, in expressing his thanks to Commanding Officers of Columns and Corps, and to the General and Personal Staff, and directing that his sentiments be made known to all of every rank under their respective command.

By Order,

(Signed) ARMINE S. H. MOUNTAIN,

Lieut.-Col., D. A. G.

(True Copy.)

ARMINE S. H. MOUNTAIN,

Lieut.-Col., Depy. Adj. General.

Disposition for landing at Chusan, Sept. 30th, 1841.

Left Column. Lieut. Col. Craigie.			
Ordnance.		Officers.	Other Ranks.
4 4½ Mountain	Madras Artillery, Capt. Anstruther, ...	8	204
Howitzers.	Do Sappers, Capt. Pears, ...	6	117
2 5½-inch Brass	H. M. 55th Regt., Major Fawcett, ...	25	720
Mortars.	H. M. 18th Regt., Lieut. Col. Adams, ...	14	286
	Rifle Company, Captain Simpson, ...	4	110
		57	1437

Right Column. Lieut. Col. Morris.			
		Officers.	Other Ranks.
2 9-Pounders.	Madras Artillery, Capt. Moore, ...	2	50
	Do Sappers, Capt. Cotton, ...	2	50
	H. M. 49th Regt., Major Stephens, ...	34	435
	Royal Marines, Major Ellis, ...	7	201
	Royal Seamen Battalion...	15	250
		60	986

On Turnbull Island.

		Officers. Men.	
1 8-in. Howitzer.	Royal Artillery 2	31	} Capt. Knowles.
2 Brass 24-Pounders.	Madras Artillery 1	12	
	Do Sappers ... 1	20	

By Order,

(Signed) ARMINE S. H. MOUNTAIN,

Lieut. Colonel, D. A. G.

True Copy.

ARMINE S. H. MOUNTAIN,

Lieut. Colonel, Deputy Adj. Genl.

Return of Officers and Men Killed and Wounded of the Force under the Command of Major General Sir Hugh Gough, K. C. B., at the re-capture of the Island of Chusan on the 1st inst.

Tinghae City, October, 1841.

KILLED.		Officers.	Serjeants.	Rank and File.
Sappers and Miners,		0	0	1
18th Royal Irish,		0	0	0
55th Regiment,		1	0	0
Total,		1	0	1
WOUNDED.				
Sappers and Miners, Dangerously, ..		0	0	0
Severely, ..		0	1	0
Slightly, ..		0	0	0
18th Royal Irish, Dangerously, ..		0	0	1
Severely, ..		0	1	1
Slightly, ..		0	0	4
55th Regiment, Dangerously, ..		0	0	3
Severely, ..		0	0	5
Slightly, ..		0	0	11
Total, ...		0	2	25

Names of Officers Killed and Wounded.

55th Regiment, Ensign R. Ducl, Killed.

Total... 2 Killed—27 Wounded.

ARMINE S. H. MOUNTAIN, Lieut.-Colonel,
Deputy Adjutant General.

Return of Ordnance Captured in Chusan, and mounted on the Defences, in the Action of the 1st October, 1841.

	IRON.			BRASS.		
	From 1 to 3 Pounds.	From 3 to 5 Pounds.	From 5 to 9 Pounds.	From 9 Pounds.	From 10 Pounds.	From 12 Pounds.
On Temple Hill Redoubt,	0	1	1	10	0	0
Battery to the East of Temple Hill Redoubt,	0	0	10	0	5	0
Battery to the West of Temple Hill Redoubt,	0	8	0	0	0	0
On the Western Line,	0	0	40	0	0	15
On the Ramparts of the City,	19	15	6	0	0	0
Total,	19	24	57	10	5	15

Grand Total, 100 Brass, 36

Ginjalls, 540 } Carrying balls from $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. to 1 lb.

Matchlocks in considerable numbers } laying on the Works, but all destroyed,

Gunpowder Tubs, 584

Rockets, Bamboo, 90

Arrow Cases, 20

Balls, Lead, Boxes and Tubs, 100

N. B. The Brass Guns are remarkably well-bored, and although of great thickness of metal, yet evidently show considerable advance on the part of the Chinese in casting.

Some of the Gun Carriages are superior to those hitherto in use with the Chinese, particularly one on which a Brass Gun is mounted, and the Models of Gun Carriages and Sweeps which have been found, prove that the Chinese are quite ready to introduce improvements.

KNOWLES, Captain,
Comdg. Arty. Brigade.

Chusan, 3d October, 1841.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE

THE EARL OF AUCKLAND, G. C. B.,

Governor General of India, &c. &c. &c.

Head-Quarters, October 18th, 1841.

MY LORD,—With feelings of the deepest thankfulness I have the honor to acquaint your Lordship that, under the protection of a gracious and all-wise Providence, perfect success has attended Her Majesty's combined forces in all our projected operations. Considering the extent of the Enemy's preparations, the strength of his different positions, and his overwhelming numbers, the loss on our side has been surprisingly small, while that on the part of the Chinese has been almost appalling.

2. My last dispatch will have informed your Lordship of our proposed movement on Chin-hae and Ningpo. On the 8th instant, I accompanied their Excellencies Sir Henry Pottinger and the Admiral in a Steamer, for the purpose of reconnoitring the former place. For the period of the Monsoon, upon a lee shore, the weather was singularly favourable: both on this and the following days, the enemy allowed us to come within short range without firing a shot, and the Admiral and I were thus at once enabled to make our dispositions.

3. The fortified City of Chin-hae, the great Military depot of this Province, is situated on the left bank of the Tahia or Ningpo river, occupying with its suburb, the whole space between the river and the sea. The walls are nearly three miles in circumference and their sea face runs for about a mile along a massive stone embankment, that extends for three or four miles further up the Coast. At the South Eastern extremity, separated only from the walls by a narrow gorge, a precipitous rock rises abruptly from the sea, throwing out a steep and rugged spur, at the point of which is the entrance to the river. Upon the summit of this rock there is a large Joss-house extending along the coast of the ridge and forming a sort of citadel, the several buildings being loop-holed and connected by castilated walls, and in front of the outer gate commanding the spur before mentioned, a battery armed with some pieces of heavy ordnance has been recently constructed. From information I obtained, it would appear that the Joss-house was occupied by 400 men, while 3,000 held the City and various small encampments without the walls.

4. The same information led me to believe, and the reconnoissances confirmed the statement, that the great body of the Troops were strongly posted on the right bank of the river upon a range of steep hills overlooking the City and Joss-house with heavy batteries armed, for the most part, with new brass guns, commanding the entrance to the river which was staked across. All these heights were fortified and presented both a sea defence and Military position of great strength, consisting of a chain of entrenched camps on all the prominent points difficult of approach from the natural steepness of the hills, which had been further scarped in several places; Field Redoubts crowned the summits and hill and ravine bristled with ginjalls. A low swampy flat, reaching to the shore and only to be crossed by narrow winding causeways, lay in front of the left of this position, which was also protected by a deep canal, that, after skirting the Hills, runs through the flat into the sea; but I ascertained that there were two bridges over this canal.

5. We returned to Chusan the same evening, and the Troops which I had ordered for this service, having been previously embarked, as thick as they could stow on board the Transports selected by the Admiral as fittest in regard to the extraordinary currents on this coast, the squadron arrived the following evening off the mouth of the Tahia river.

6. I beg herewith to enclose for your Lordship's information the disposition for landing, &c. It appeared to me advisable, in which Sir William Parker concurred, that we should make a conjoint

attack on both banks of the river, first drawing the attention of the enemy to the right bank; and the dispositions were accordingly made for attacking in three columns, while the two line of battle ships, with the *Blonde* and *Modeste*, were to cannonade the Joss House Hill and sea line of the City defences; the smaller vessels of war and the Steamers to cover the landing and to support, when practicable, the advancing columns by their fire. Sir William Parker will detail to your Lordship the truly spirited manner in which the several ships of war and Steamers took up their positions and fulfilled his orders. It only remains for me to say that the cordial co-operation and powerful support which I have received upon the present, indeed upon every occasion, from the ships of war under the direction of their gallant chief, is matter of the warmest thankfulness.

7. At daylight on the morning of the 10th, the left column, consisting of a wing of the 18th, five Companies of the 55th, the Rifle Company of the 33rd Madras N. L., a Company of Madras Artillery and one of Sappers, in all 1040 men, with 4 light Howitzers and two 5½ inch Mortars, was embarked in the Steamers. This column I placed under Lieutenant Colonel Craigie, but accompanied myself, and at 8 o'clock the Steamers having run in close to the shore, the Troops were promptly landed, without any opposition, under the judicious superintendence of Captain Giffard, ably aided by Lieutenant Somerville of the Royal Navy, at a rocky point, having the low flat and the canal already mentioned to their right.

8. The centre column was soon after landed about a mile to my right, under a detached rocky hill, near the mouth of the canal, but on the opposite bank, having in its front a part of the low flat between it and the enemy's position, my object being to threaten a front attack, and deter the enemy from weakening his centre to support his right, which the left column under my own superintendence was destined to turn. The centre column consisted of the 49th Regiment, Detachments of the Royal and Madras Artillery under Captain Knowles of the former Corps and 50 men of the Sappers, amounting altogether to 440 men, with two 12-pounder Howitzers and two 9 pounder field guns, under Lieutenant Colonel Morris.

9. Immediately after landing the left column moved rapidly over a succession of steep hills that skirted the intervening flat in front of the enemy's position, until it reached a point, from whence I had a full view of the whole position and of the two bridges over the canal—that to my front, I ordered the Rifle Company to protect by occupying a few houses on our side, supported by the 18th, and I directed Lieut. Col. Craigie with the 55th, accompanied by Captain Pears, Commanding Engineer, to move quickly on the second bridge, which was about a mile farther up the flat, cross it, and push on for the hills beyond, thus turning the extreme right of the Enemy's position, and threatening to cut off his retreat. By this time the centre column had formed and shewed its head at the opposite side of the flat just out of ginjal range, threatening a front attack. Captain Simpson very promptly performed the duty entrusted to him, and I ascertained that the bridge was uninjured, but had been barricaded by a solid wall of masonry, with merely an aperture so narrow that soon after the gate was with some difficulty removed, a single Soldier could not pass through without unstrapping his great coat. Having assembled the 18th at the foot of the bridge to cover the Rifles, that Company passed over in Indian file, in face of a large body of the Enemy, assembled in an advanced redoubt upon the summit of an eminence within 150 yards of us, who observed our advance, but most unaccountably reserved their fire; having placed the

Rifles behind a hill just beyond the bridge, I directed the 18th to cross and form, and finding the 55th had arrived at its point of attack, sent orders for the 49th to advance, which they did with a spirit worthy of that gallant Corps.

10. From the rapidity of these movements and the difficulties of the ground, the guns could not be brought forward enough to act, but Capt. Anstruther, of the Madras Artillery, with the usual alacrity of that Corps, brought up the rockets which now began to play. The moment the advance of the 49th got into action, the 18th and Rifles rapidly moved forward, and the 55th having crossed the upper bridge, pressed the Enemy's right. I have seldom witnessed a more animated combined attack, the Chinese cheering until we got close to them, now poured in a very heavy but ill-directed fire, and displayed in various instances acts of individual bravery that merited a better fate—but nothing could withstand the steady but rapid advance of the gallant little force that assailed them, field work after field work was cleared, and the Colours of the 49th were displayed on the principal redoubt above the Sea and River batteries, while the 18th, who had charged up a deep gorge to the left, broke through the central encampment, carrying every thing before them. From 12 to 1500 of the Enemy, that had stood longest, were driven down the heights into the river, their retreat being cut off by the flank movement of the 55th—many were drowned in attempting to swim across to the city, others sought concealment on a rock in the stream and were afterwards picked up by the boats of the Queen, and nearly 500 surrendered as prisoners.

11. I feel a difficulty in naming any individual where *all* so well merit my warmest meed of praise, but I cannot avoid bringing to your Lordship's special notice, as having fallen under my own personal observation, the conduct of Captain Reynolds of the 49th, and Lt. and Adj. Browne of the same Corps, whose bold advance up the first hill, the one with his Company, the other with a covering party of his Regiment, was most conspicuous. Lieutenant Colonel Morris reports most favorably of the spirited manner in which Captain Tabor, with his Light Company, covered his right flank.

12. The operations on the right bank having thus terminated, I had a full view of the effect of the fire from the Ships of War and Steamers on the Joss-house Hill, and of the landing of the right column. This column, which consisted of the Seamen Battalion, Royal Marines, a Detachment Royal Artillery, and fifty Sappers, in all about 700 men, with two five and a half inch Mortars, I had entrusted to Captain Herbert, of H. M. Ship *Blenheim*, whom Sir Wm. Parker placed at my disposal, sending with him Captain Cotton, of the Madras Engineers. Captain Herbert was instructed to land at the extremity of the Spnr under the Joss-house, and to storm and take it by the sea-front, whenever the fire from the Ships should make it practicable, and it was left to his discretion to push on and take the City, if the effect of a plunging fire from the hill, aided by a powerful cannonade from the Ships of War, should justify the advance.

13. I had it only in my power, as the flying enemy had carried off every boat from the right bank of the River, to aid the operations on the left bank by turning such of the captured guns as our Artillery could at the moment bring to bear upon the City and by a well directed fire of Rockets; but it appeared to me evident that more aid was necessary, as the admirable fire of the Ships of War and Steamers occasioned fearful devastation on the Joss-house Hill. The right column landed a little after 11 o'clock, and the Seamen with characteristic spirit dashed up the face of the nearly precipitous rock, supported by the steady advance of the Royal

Marines. A Magazine in the new Battery before the outer gate exploded. The way was thus cleared, and the column entered, the Garrison escaping into the town, and the Union Jack was displayed on the Joss-house walls. Captain Herbert, with his usual sound judgment, instantly determined upon taking advantage of the general panic, quickly followed up the retreating enemy, and cleared the City Rampart in his front by a sharp fire of musketry. At this moment a tremendous explosion took place in a Battery below the hill, by which the Chinese suffered severely, and a Drummer of the Marines received so severe a wound that he soon after died. The column escalated at the south-eastern angle where the City wall is about 20 feet high, the enemy flying before it, as it rapidly pushed along the ramparts, and escaping through the western gates. I cannot omit to mention here that Sir Wm. Parker accompanied this column, and, with the true spirit of a British Sailor, was among the first to scale the walls. Thus the fortified City of Chinhae, with the several shore Batteries, as well as the enemy's works and fortified encampments on the right bank of the River, all of which he had been for the last year busily employed in strengthening at an immense expence, fell into our possession. Of the principal Mandarins, some are reported to have been killed, others to have destroyed themselves, and the Chinese Army dispersed, the fugitive Soldiers throwing away their Arms and Military Clothing.

14. Captain Herbert speaks in high terms of the zealous and spirited conduct of every individual under his command, and particularly calls my attention to the able assistance he received from Captain Bouchier of the Blonde, Commanding the Battalion of Seamen—Major Ellis, Commanding Royal Marines and Captain Whitecomb of that Corps, an old and zealous Officer, and Captain Cotton of the Madras Engineers. I beg therefore to bring these Officers to your Lordship's favorable notice.

15. The obstructions at the river's mouth having been removed by the boats from the ships of war and the Steamers, the latter came in, and I passed over in the afternoon, leaving a sufficient force on the right bank to collect the Arms, protect the Brass and destroy the iron Guns.

16. I have not been able to ascertain the actual strength of the Chinese Army, but from the heavy masses collected at different points upon the right bank from the numbers I saw upon the walls of Chinhae, as well as from the multiplicity of Arms found over the whole face of the hills, and on the ramparts and in the streets of the City, I am led to conclude that my information before stated, as to the force on the left bank was correct, and that from 8 to 9,000 men occupied the works and position on the right, where the bodies of several Mandarins were found amongst the killed, while others, supposed to be Mandarins, were seen to drown themselves, when their retreat was intercepted.

17. We found Chinhae to be, I may almost say, one great arsenal, with a Cannon Foundry and Gun Carriage Manufactory in active operation on improved works, together with warlike stores of various descriptions. In a Battery upon the river one of the Carronades of the Kite was found, with an excellent imitation alongside it, and many of the new Chinese brass Guns are very efficient.

18. It having been determined to push on with the least possible delay to Ningpo, Sir Wm. Parker proceeded on the 12th, in the Nemesis Steamer to ascertain the practicability of the river, and actually reached, without the slightest attempt at opposition, the bridge of boats, which connects this City with the opposite suburb. Upon his return in the evening, arrangements were made for the attack on the following morning lest the enemy by

his apparent submission should intend to entrap us. Having left the 55th, with the exception of the Light Company, 100 of the Royal Marines, with Detachments of Artillery and Sappers in Chinhae, the rest of the force, about 750 bayonets, exclusive of the Artillery and Sappers, in Steamers by 8 A.M. on the 13th, and we reached Ningpo at 3 o'clock. No enemy appeared, and it was evident that no ambuscade was intended, as the inhabitants densely thronged the bridge of boats, and collected in clusters along both banks. The Troops landed on and near the bridge, and advanced to the City gate, which we found barricaded, but the walls were soon escalated, and the Chinese assisted in removing the obstructions and opening the gate. This little force of Soldiers, Seamen, and Marines drew up on the ramparts, the Band of the 18th, playing God save the Queen. The second City of the Province of Che-Keang, the walls of which are nearly five miles in circumference, with a population of 300,000 souls, has thus fallen into our hands. The people all appear desirous to throw themselves under British protection, saying publicly that their Mandarins have deserted them, and their own soldiers are unable to protect them, I have assembled some of the most respectable and influential of the mercantile class, that have remained, and have assured them of my anxiety to afford them all protection consistent with our instructions to press the Chinese Government. Proclamations have been issued, calling upon the people to open their shops, which I have engaged shall not be molested. This they have done to some extent and confidence appears to be increasing. It affords me very great gratification to be enabled to report to your Lordship that the orderly conduct of the Troops calls for my warmest commendations, evincing the constant attention of the Officers, and the true British feeling which exists in this little force.

19. I have placed the Troops in two large public buildings, as comfortable quarters as I could find consistent with security. The duties to guard against any sudden attack, and to protect the Chinese against gangs of robbers of their own countrymen, are necessarily very severe. Cholera has appeared. I regret to say, both in Chinhae and in this City; in the former six of the Marines have died, here all the cases have recovered, and I trust that, by the unremitting attention and judicious arrangements of Dr. French, the Superintending Surgeon, the progress of the disease has been arrested.

20. I have spoken of the forbearance of the Troops towards the inhabitants under temptations of no ordinary nature, and it is with equal pride that I feel myself called upon to bring to your Lordship's notice their excellent conduct in the field throughout the operations I have detailed. Every Officer and Soldier has merited my approbation. I will therefore only further beg leave to name the Commanding Officers of Column and Corps: Capt. Herbert, R. N. Commanding right column—Lt.-Col. Craigie, 55th, Commanding left column—Lt.-Col. Morris, 49th, Commanding centre column—Capt. Bouchier, R. N., Commanding Seamen Battalion—Lt.-Col. Adams, Commanding 18th Royal Irish—Major Blyth, Commanding 49th Regiment—Major Faucet, Commanding 55th—Major Ellis, Commanding Royal Marines—Capt. Simpson, Commanding Rifles 36th M. N. I.—Capt. Knowles, Commanding Royal Artillery, (Senior Officer of that arm,) and Capt. Anstruther, Commanding Madras Artillery. From Captain Pears, the Commanding Engineer, I have received every assistance.

Lt.-Col. Mountain, Deputy Adjutant General, and Capt. Gough, Acting Deputy Quarter Master General, have continued their able and active services with unabated zeal.

This despatch, together with plans of Amoy, Chusan and Chinhae will be delivered by Lieut. Gabbith, of the Madras Artillery, my Aide-de-Camp, whom I beg to recommend to your Lordship, and who will be able to afford any further information you may require.

I have the honor to be, my Lord,

Your Lordship's mostobedient humble Servant,

H. GOUGH, Lt.-Genl.

Commg. Expy. Land Force.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Head-Quarters, H. M. Ship Wellesley, 9th Oct. 1841.

The following is the proposed Order for landing for the attack of the Citadel and fortified Heights of Chinhae.

The Troops with the Seamen Battalion and Royal Marines to land in 3 columns.

Left column under Lieutenant Colonel Craigie, with which Major General Sir Hugh Gough will land.

	Officers.	Other Ranks.
Madras Artillery and Gun Lascars,	7	114
Royal Artillery,	0	4
Sappers,	4	100
55th Regiment,	18	417
18th Regiment,	12	280
Rifles,	4	110
Total,	45	1025

Ordnance.

4 43-Mountain Howitzers, ... } Doolie Bearers and
2 5½-inch Mortars, ... } Natives to carry shot, 112

Centre column under Lieutenant Colonel Morris.

	Officers.	Other Ranks.
Royal Artillery,	0	4
Madras Ditto,	1	50
Madras Sappers,	1	40
H. M. 49th Regiment,	23	346
Total,	25	440

Ordnance.

2 12 Pounder Howitzers, ... } Doolie Bearers and
2 9-Pounder Field Guns, ... } Natives to carry shot, 40

Right column under Captain Herbert, Royal Navy.

	Officers.	Other Ranks.
Royal Artillery,	1	23
Seamen Battalion,	15	255
Royal Marines,	8	230
Madras Sappers,	1	30
Total,	25	538

Ordnance.

2 5½ inch Mortars, ... } Doolie Bearers and Na-
tives to carry shot, ... 30

By order,

(Signed) A. S. H. MOUNTAIN, Lt.-Col.

Depy. Adj. Genl. Expeditionary Force.

(True Copy.)

ARMINE S. H. MOUNTAIN, Lt.-Col.

Depy. Adj. Genl. Expeditionary Force.

Return of Killed and Wounded of the Force under the Command of Lieutenant General Sir Hugh Gough, K. C. B., at the Storming of the fortified Heights and Citadel of Chinhae, on the 10th October, 1841.

Head Quarters, Ningpo, 16th October, 1841.

Royal Artillery—One Private severely wounded.

18th Royal Irish Regt.—One Rank and File killed, two Rank and File severely, and one slightly wounded.

49th Regiment—One Rank and File dangerously, one Officer, one Serjeant, three Rank and File severely, and four Rank and File slightly wounded.

Royal Marines—One Drummer killed.

55th Regiment—One Camp Follower severely wounded.

Rifle Company 36th M. N. I.—One Private killed.

RECAPITULATION.

Three Rank and File killed, two Rank and File dangerously wounded, one Officer, one Serjeant and six Rank and File, severely wounded, five slightly wounded. One Camp Follower severely wounded.—Total 3 Killed, 16 Wounded.

Names of Officers Wounded.

Lieutenant J. M. Montgomery, 49th Regiment.

ARMINE S. H. MOUNTAIN,

Lieutenant Colonel,

Deputy Adj. General, Expeditionary Force.

Return of Ordnance and Military Stores found in Ningpo, when occupied by the Force under the Command of His Excellency Lieut. General Sir Hugh Gough, K. C. B., Commander in Chief, on the 13th October, 1841.

	Guns, Iron.		
	9 Pounds.	6 Pounds.	3 Pounds.
Mounted on the Walls of the City,	1	15	2
In the Magazines (not mounted), ...	1	4	2
Total...	2	19	4

Grand Total... 25 Guns.

Gunpowder Tubs 1017 about lbs. 100,000.

Sulphur " 7.

Saltpetre " and Jars. 9.

Bamboo Canister filled with leaden balls, No. 1080.

Rockets, Bamboo, } Considerable quantities.

" Arrow, }

Gun Carriages with wheels, No. 12.

Shot about Tons 50.

Shells, Chinese ... Boxes 9.

Leaden Balls, 405 boxes and a number of packages,—the average weight of the boxes about 150 lbs.

A large collection of Gingals, Matchlocks, Swords, and Spears were found in the different Magazines, which, with the Gunpowder and Gun Carriages, have all been destroyed.

J. KNOWLES, Captain,

Commg. Royal Artillery.

Return of Ordnance found on the Batteries on the Banks of the Ningpo River, 10th October, 1841.

ON THE RIGHT BANK.		BRASS.						IRON.						
		9 Pounds.	12 Pounds.	16 Pounds.	18 Pounds.	24 Pounds.	30 Pounds.	6 Pounds.	7 Pounds.	8 Pounds.	9 Pounds.	12 Pounds.	18 Pound Carronades.	30 Pound Guns.
1. (Ay, Batty.) facing Batts. on left Bank,.....	4	1	0	1	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2. Sappers Batty.	0	0	1	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
3. Lower Batty. facing the North, and coming } entrance to River,	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
4. Upper Batty. firing over No. 3,	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
5. In the gorge of the Hill to the right,	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6. Firing down a Pass, facing N. E.	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7. Gorge of Hill, between 2 Camps facing E. by S.,	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
8. Encamp. on Hill facing S. S. E.,	0	7	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	5	0	2	0	0
Total,	4	12	1	3	6	2	10	2	1	5	2	2	4	

ON THE LEFT BANK.		BRASS.					IRON.						
		9 Pounds.	12 Pounds.	12 Pound Carronades.	18 Pound Guns.	24 Pounds.	4 Pounds.	9 Pounds.	12 Pounds.	12 Pound Carronades.	24 Pound Guns.	24 Pound Carronades.	68 Pound Guns.
1. N. E. Batty. left bank of River,	0	1	4	1	12	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0
2. Flank .. facing entrance to	0	4	3	3	1	3	0	4	1	0	0	0	0
3. Between Joss House Hill and City Wall,	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
4. Upper Batty. of Joss House Hill,.....	2	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5. Second	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
6. Third	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	1	0
7. City Walls, Sea face,.....	0	3	0	0	3	6	15	0	0	1	0	0	0
8. In Foundry, fit for service,	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	0
Total,	2	10	7	4	16	18	21	14	2	4	4	1	

Grand Total

Brass Ordnance, 67

Iron	"	90
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N. B. All the defences on the left bank of the River, as well as the entrenched Heights on the right bank were covered with Ginjalls, Matchlocks, Spears, &c.

The Ordnance, both Brass and Iron, are nearly all of a very superior description, and although having great thickness of metal, yet the arrangements in the Foundry and Gun Carriage Manufactory shew great improvements to be in progress, our Carriages and Guns being taken as Models.

LIEUT. GENERAL SIR HUGH GOUGH, K. C. B.,
Commander in Chief, &c. &c. &c.

J. KNOWLES, Captain,
Commanding Rl. Artillery.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE
THE EARL OF AUCKLAND, G. C. B.,
Governor General, &c. &c. &c.

REAR ADMIRAL SIR WM. PARKER, K. C. B.,
 &c. &c. &c.

H. C. S. Nemesis, Amoy, 31st Aug. 1841.

*Wellesley, at the Anchorage of Just-in-the-way,
Sept. 25th, 1841.*

My Lord,—I have the honor to transmit for your Lordship's information, the copies of two letters from Mr. Hall, Commanding the Honorable Company's Steam Vessel Nemesis, reporting the destruction of a Chinese Battery on the Island of Quemoy, on the 31st of August, and of three, together with three War Junks, within the Harbour of Shei-po, on the 17th instant; and I have much pleasure in adding my commendation of the spirit of enterprize and activity which is exhibited by Mr. Hall, his Officers and Crew upon every opportunity.

I have the honor to be,

My Lord,

Your Lordship's most obedient Servant,

W. PARKER,

Rear Admiral

SIR,—I have the honor to inform you, in compliance with your orders conveyed to me through Captain Fletcher, that after having towed the boats to the respective Forts on the Northern shore to be destroyed, I proceeded to reconnoitre the Island of Quemoy ; on my way across I observed three Forts on different Islands to the S. Wd. of us without any guns in them ; after closing the Island of Quemoy at 10 A. M., saw a small round tower Fort on the larboard bow, bearing S. E., which I steered for, as we approached, observing the Chinese Soldiers deserting the Fort, I sent away the 1st Cutter and 1st Gig under the command of Mr. Foose, my Chief Officer, to destroy the Fort, at 10-25 the boats returned, having destroyed 3 Guns, 1 Gongal, and about 35 stand of Matchlocks, 33 Cutlasses, and a quantity of Spears and Gunpowder ; at the same time observed a sand bank Fort, mounting 18 Guns, with a number of large Junks and an encampment, with banners displayed in every direction at the entrance of a River, distant about 2 miles to the

Eastward, and close to a Tower, apparently of some note from the appearance of the buildings and Mandarin Houses, &c.

Having fulfilled my orders I rejoined Captain Fletcher, and embarked him and his party on board.

I have the honor, &c.,
(Signed) W. H. HALL,
Commander.

REAR ADMIRAL

SIR WM. PARKER, K. C. B., &c. &c. &c.,
H. C. Steamer Nemesis, Buffaloe's Nose,

19th September, 1841.

SIR,—I have the honor to inform you, that the Honorable Company's Steamer Nemesis under my command, was obliged to part company with the Fleece, (being light, and consequently very leewardly,) and tide it up in-shore in smooth water. On the morning of the 17th instant, being off Shei-poo, the wind being strong against us, and the weather looking very threatening, and having only one day's fuel left, I deemed it necessary to proceed to the nearest port to procure wood. Having procured a fisherman to act as pilot, I entered the harbour of Shei-poo, and just inside passed an Island on which were two forts, but which allowed us to pass without firing, I then had hopes of getting wood without being obliged to proceed to extremities. I hauled in to an anchor close off the town, (off which were anchored upwards of a hundred Merchant Junks), as we neared the anchorage, a Fort, situated at the southern end of the town, opened fire on us, which I immediately returned, my crew being at quarters, I then anchored by the stern in good position, within pistol-shot of the Fort, we soon silenced them, and I then landed with my crew, the enemy retreating as we advanced. After setting fire to the Barracks, and destroying 4 Guns (2 of them brass, 9 feet 6-inch long and 4-inches bore,) in the Fort, I returned on board, immediately despatched boats, manned and armed, to search for wood, and succeeded in obtaining 7 boat loads (about 25 tons) sufficient to fill the bunkers and holds. After completing our wood, I sent the boats to destroy 3 large War Junks, which they accomplished by setting fire to them after having towed them to the opposite side of the harbour, clear of the town and Merchant Junks, one of these Junks mounted 14 guns, which, as well as a quantity of matchlocks, cutlasses and gunpowder, we effectually destroyed. A large body of troops having collected to the southward of the town, I weighed and steamed close in and dispersed them with grape and canister; I then proceeded to the upper end of the harbour, firing at the two Forts on the Island in passing, and came to an anchor to allow the men to get their dinner. After which I weighed and proceeded to attack the two Forts on the Island; when within good range, opened fire with round shot and rockets: the enemy not returning the fire, I anchored and landed with 3 boats manned and armed, on entering the Forts found the enemy had deserted them. Having destroyed in one fort 5 guns, and the other 4 guns, I burnt the carriages and tents of the encampment, and returned on board, weighed and proceeded out of the harbour. During the whole time we were engaged thousands of the inhabitants, and nearly all the crews of the Merchant Junks were unconcerned spectators of the scene, quietly looking on, and appeared perfectly to understand that we were at war only with the Government. Even a fleet of

Merchant Junks thus arrived during the day passing close to us in beating up the harbour. I cannot speak too highly of Mr. Auchmuty Fylden Freese, (Mate R. N.) my first Officer, and the rest of my officers and crew. I am happy to say this was achieved without any casualty on our side, although the loss on the side of the Enemy must have been very great.

I have the honor to be, &c. &c. &c.,
(Signed) WM. H. HALL, Commander.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE

THE EARL OF AUCKLAND, G. C. B.,
Governor General, &c. &c. &c.

Wellesley, at the Anchorage of Just-in-the-way,
September 25th, 1841.

MY LORD,—The accompanying copies of letters from Lieutenant McCleverty, R. M., Commanding the Honorable Company's Steam Vessel "Phlegethon," will detail to your Lordship the treacherous conduct of some of the Inhabitants of the Town of Ko-kew-so, or Ko-gi-sau, in decoying part of the Crew of the "Lyra," an English Trading Vessel, under the promise of selling them stock and vegetables, into an ambuscade of Chinese Troops; by which one of the Seamen was killed, and Mr. Wainwright, the Chief Mate, after being desperately wounded, fell into their hands; another Seaman was also wounded but escaped on board.

As this base proceeding occurred within a very short distance of the Village where Mr. Stead, the late Master of the "Pestonjee Bomanjee" Transport was murdered in March last; Lieutenant McCleverty promptly determined on landing and attacking the Mandarin Military Post, and supported by the Masters and Crews of the Merchant Vessels "Lyra" and "Anne;" after gallantly putting to flight a very superior force, he caused their Barracks, as well as the small Town adjoining the Village, where Mr. Stead was assassinated, to be destroyed.

Intimation has been given of the motives which induced this measure of retribution, and I sincerely hope that it may have the effect of checking similar acts of atrocity on the part of the Chinese.

Lieutenant McCleverty, who is on all occasions most zealous and active, speaks highly of the conduct of Acting Lieutenant Ryves, and all the party that accompanied him, the latter Officer has served long with an excellent character, as Mate in Her Majesty's Service; he is the Orphan Son of a most estimable Naval Officer, and, I understand, he was amongst the foremost of the party from the "Phlegethon," who entered the first Battery, which was taken possession of outside the Barrier wall in the late attack on Amoy.

I have the honor to be,

My Lord,

Your Lordship's most obedient Servt.,

W. PARKER, Rear Admiral.

TO REAR ADMIRAL

SIR WM. PARKER, K. C. B., &c. &c. &c.,

Commander in Chief.

H. C. Steam Vessel Phlegethon,

Kie-tow Point, 17th September, 1841.

SIR,—I beg leave to inclose for your information, a letter received from Mr. Hubertson, Master of the Brig Lyra, on my arrival at this place, detail-

ing an act of treachery by the Chinese killing his first Mate, and one of his Sea-cunnies.

On the receipt of this letter, consulting with the Masters of the "Lyra," "Anne" and "Ariel," who gallantly offered their services, I determined to attack the Mandarin Station, and proceeded for that purpose at daylight on the 16th instant. When we arrived, I found that it was the village in which Mr. Stead, the Master of the Transport Pestonjee Bomanjee had been murdered: I destroyed the village, and took three prisoners, from whom I learnt that the principal Station of the Soldiers was in the town where the Lyra's people had been murdered, that they mustered five hundred and expected to be attacked.

At 11 A. M., I proceeded to the town, having 40 British and 80 Lascars; at 12 they opened a heavy fire of Gingals and Matchlocks, which failing to do any execution, and finding we were rapidly closing on them, they retreated up the mountain; we found their Barracks and Magazines, blew them up, set fire to the whole town, and totally destroyed it.

Having now accomplished the object of our expedition we returned on board, and I am happy to say without any loss.

In performing this service I beg leave to express my thanks to Messrs. Hubertson, Denham and Woodman, Masters of the Lyra, Anne and Ariel, for their efficient support.

It would be invidious in me to praise any where—all behaved well; but I beg leave to recommend to your notice the 1st Lieutenant, Mr. Herbert Ryves, and Lieutenant R. B. Crawford, R. M., a passenger belonging to the Transport Service, who gallantly volunteered to lead, and was of the greatest possible assistance to me.

I have the honor, &c. &c. &c.,

(Signed,) JAMES J. McCLEVERTY,

Lieut. Commanding.

P. S. The Chinese sustained a loss of six men killed; but it was impossible to ascertain their wounded, as they carried them with them.

CAPTAIN McCLEVERTY, R. M.,

Steamer Phlegethon.

Brig Lyra, off Singlochau, 15th September, 1841.

SIR,—I have the painful duty to report to you, as the only Officer present belonging to Her Majesty's Fleet, a case of the most unparalleled treachery and murder on part of the Chinese at the village of Kogisau, abreast of where we are laying, and beg you will be kind enough to report the same to His Excellency the Commander in Chief.

I arrived here in company with the 'Ariel' and 'Anne' on the 10th instant, and anchored off Kogisau; the following day we all armed our Boats and went on shore to look for fresh water, and endeavour to procure some Stock; the natives at first appeared frightened, but shortly came down to us and entered on the most friendly terms, promising to supply us with fresh Stock on fair terms; and on Sunday morning the 12th, I went on shore with my Launch and Cutter, and the same friendly communications subsisted, and the principal man of the place gave my Linguist a written paper, stating the time he would have what things they could supply us with, ready; in consequence of which I again sent my Launch at noon in charge of my Chief Officer Mr. Wainwright, and who, on proceeding to the village and finding no person, was returning to the Boat, when his party was surrounded by 2 or 300 Soldiers and fired at with Gingalls and Matchlocks, and I regret to say, Mr. Wainwright was twice wounded and either killed or taken prisoner, and one of my Seacunnies was shot through the head and killed on the spot, and one man wounded in his side, but escaped on board; on hearing which I immediately consulted with the Masters of the 'Ariel' and 'Anne,' the result was that we immediately seized several Boats and by their crews sent chops on shore offering Sp. Drs. 1,000, for the bodies dead or alive, if not mutilated, but to which I have received no answer.

I now beg you will be kind enough to use such measures as you may deem most necessary to procure the release of my Officer, if alive.

I have the honor to be, &c. &c. &c.

(Signed) GEO. J. HUBERTSON,
Master of the Lyra.



SUPPLEMENT TO
THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1841.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE RIGHT
HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 18th December, 1841.

No. 286 of 1841.—Lieutenant Colonel Thomas Mathew Taylor, of the late 2d Regiment Light Cavalry, Member of the Military Board, having reported his return to the Presidency, is directed to resume the duties of his office.

The unexpired portion of the leave of absence granted to Lieutenant Colonel Taylor, in General Orders No. 25, dated 3d February 1840, is cancelled.

J. STUART, *Lieut. Col.*

Secy. to the Govt. of India, Milty. Dept.

G. H. Huttman, Bengal Military Orphan Press.



The Calcutta Gazette.

Published by Authority.

It is requested that Government Notifications for the Calcutta Gazette, of any length, may be sent to the Press before Noon of Friday, and those of a few lines only before 5 P. M. of that day.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1841.

PORT WILLIAM,
GENERAL DEPARTMENT, 26TH JUNE, 1832.

All Public Officers of Government sending Advertisements to the Calcutta Gazette for Publication, are hereby directed to make them as short as possible, and to specify always how many times the Advertisement shall be repeated.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Vice President in Council,

H. T. PRINSEP, Secy. to the Govt.

PORT WILLIAM,
FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 19TH NOVEMBER, 1838.

The following revised Terms and Conditions for making Advances in India and China upon Goods and Merchandize consigned to England are published for general information, also the following paragraphs 5 and 6 of the despatch of the Hon'ble Court of Directors, dated 17th August, prescribing the same for future observance:

TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR MAKING ADVANCES IN INDIA AND CHINA, UPON

The Goods and Merchandize of Individuals intended for Consignment to England, re-payable to the Court of Directors of the East India Company.

1st.—The parties to whom Advances may be made shall agree that the respective Consignments be delivered into such Warehouses as the Court of Directors may approve: and that they be subject to the control of the Court of Directors until the lien of the Company upon the Consignment shall have been satisfied.

2d.—Upon each Consignment, the value of which is to be ascertained by the Officers of the Indian Government, or Authorized Agents of the East India Company, an Advance not exceeding three-fifths of such ascertained value will be made.

The rate of Exchange to be determined from time to time at the place where the Advance is made under the Court's orders.

s. d.

Per Company's Rupees for Advances made at.....	Bengal.
Ditto.....	Madras.
Ditto.....	Bombay.
Per Spanish Dollar Ditto.....	China.

3d.—The Parties will be required to place in the hands of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, Bills of Lading of the Consignment and Policies of Insurance effected thereon, both in duplicate. The Bills of Lading must be drawn

deliverable to the East India Company, or endorsed to the order of the East India Company. The Policies of Insurance must be effected in the name and on behalf of the East India Company, as the Parties interested, or endorsed to their order; but persons desirous of effecting the necessary Insurance in this Country, and of depositing the Policies in the Company's Treasury, will be allowed to do so.

5th.—In case of default being made either in acceptance, or payment of the Bills, the Court of Directors to be authorized, in such manner and at such times as they may see fit to sell the Goods, for the purpose of re-paying the Company the amount of the Advances made thereon, including Freight and any other charges or expenses which the Company may have incurred on account of the Consignment, together with interest, should any have accrued; the Company, on the other hand, allowing discount, where any part of the proceeds shall be realized before the Bills fall due, and the settlement of either surplus or deficiency shall be made with the Consignor; and if in India or China by the Government or Agents from whom he received the Advance, at the rate of exchange at which the Company may at the time be drawing Bills upon such Government or Agents.

6th.—An Agent in England shall be appointed for each Consignment, to whom the Court of Directors shall be empowered to make over the Goods, subject to all the conditions agreed upon with the Company, on payment of the Bills; and with whom they shall be authorized to transact generally all business relating to such Goods. The Consignor shall be at liberty to make provision, in case of the Party upon whom the Bill is drawn, (being also the Agent) having failed to accept the Bill, for the substitution of another Agent.

7th.—After the arrival of the Goods in England and when they shall have been placed in such deposit as may have been agreed upon, the Agent may be put into possession of them before the Bills become due, upon the amount of such Bills (less discount) being paid, together with the Freight and any other charges and expenses which the Company have paid or may be subject to on account of the Goods.

8th.—The rate of Discount to be allowed by the Company shall be the same as that charged by the Bank of England; and in cases where interest shall have accrued, such interest shall be computed at the rate or rates per cent. at which the Company have allowed Discount during the period for which such interest is chargeable.

9th.—Parties or their Agents will be required to insure the Goods from fire, and deposit the Policies with the East India Company; such Insurance to take effect from the date of the termination of the Sea risk. Should however the Parties or their Agents fail to effect such Insurance, the East India Company shall be at liberty to insure the Goods, the expense of which shall be reimbursed to them previously to their making over the Goods to these Parties or their Agents.

10th.—Parties receiving Advances, to address in each instance a Letter in quadruplicate to the Court of Directors, according to a form which will be furnished by the Officers of Government (or authorized Agents of the East India Company), signifying their assent to all the foregoing conditions, but more particularly for the purpose of expressly authorizing the sale of the Goods by the Company (without either notice to or concurrence of any person whomsoever) at any period after default shall be made either in acceptance or payments of the Bills; also authorizing, in such cases, the re-paying to the Company the Advances made, either principal or interest, together with any other charges & expenses which the Company may have incurred in respect of the Goods, and appointing the Agent in England for each transaction.

Extract of a Despatch from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors in the Financial Department, dated the 17th August, No. 13 of 1838.

5.—In future we desire that you will restrict your Advances to the great staple Articles of Indian Produce, Cotton, Silk, Sugar, Coffee, Indigo, Salt Peter and Piece Goods—and further that no Advance be made upon any Consignment the ascertained value of which shall be less than 5,000 Rupees.

6.—Several Packages of Tobacco upon which you have made Advances have been seized by the Officers of Customs, in consequence of their having been imported in illegal Packages.—Extracts from the Acts 3 and 4, Will. 4, Cap. 52, Sec. 58, and 6th and 7th Will. 4, Cap. 60, Sec. 4, relating to the Article of Tobacco, are transmitted in the Packet.

Published by Order of the Hon'ble the President of the Council of India in Council,

H. T. PRINSEP,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,
FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 3D JUNE, 1841.

Notice is hereby given, that the Board of Customs Salt and Opium have been authorized to make Advances of Cash to Merchants on Bills of Exchange, secured by consignment of Goods at the rate of 2s. 1d. per Company's Rupee, until further Orders. In all other respects the Terms and Conditions of these Advances will be the same as advertised under dates the 2d May 1838 and 27th November 1839.

Published by order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor of Bengal,

G. A. BUSHBY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 306.
FORT WILLIAM,
GENERAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 18TH DECEMBER, 1841.

Mr. W. S. Peterson has been permitted to proceed to Meofut and prosecute his study of the Oriental Languages, under the superintendence of Mr. T. J. C. Plowden, Magistrate and Collector of that Station.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 15TH DECEMBER, 1841.

The Right Hon'ble the Governor of Bengal is pleased to make the following Appointments:

The Reverend H. Fisher to officiate for the Revd. W. Palmer as Junior Presidency Chaplain, and the Revd. R. Etison to officiate for the Revd. H. Fisher as Chaplain of the Garrison of Fort William, on the departure of the Revd. W. Palmer for the Cape of Good Hope.

G. A. BUSHBY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 169.
FORT WILLIAM,
GENERAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 17TH DECEMBER, 1841.

The Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council has been pleased to appoint Dr. F. J. Meus to be Professor of Chemistry and Materia Medica at the Medical College.

G. A. BUSHBY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 168.
FORT WILLIAM,
GENERAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 15TH DECEMBER, 1841.

Notice is hereby given, that the Salaries and Allowances of the Civil and Marine Departments for December, Instant, will be discharged by the Sub-Treasurer and Marine Paymaster respectively, on or after Saturday, the 15th Proximo.

Published by Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council,

G. A. BUSHBY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,
MILITARY DEPARTMENT, 15TH DEC. 1841.

Notice is hereby given, that the Pay, Batta, and other Allowances for December 1841, of the Troops at the Presidency and at the other Stations of the Army, will be issued on or after Monday the 10th Proximo.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council,

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.
Secy. to the Govt. of India, Milg. Dept.

No. 1824.
ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE
GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.
JUDICIAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENT.
APPOINTMENTS.

THE 7TH DECEMBER, 1841.

Mr. L. Barber to be a Deputy Collector under Regulation IX. of 1833, in Bulloah.

Baboo Lokenath Bose to be Sudder Ameen of the 24-Pergunnahs, vice Mr. Jordan deceased.

Baboo Opunder Chunder to be ditto ditto of Dinagepore.

Syed Osman Alli to be ditto ditto of East Burdwan.

Moulvie Mohamed Sadik to officiate as ditto ditto of Shahabad until further orders.

THE 14TH DECEMBER, 1841.

Mr. B. H. Cooper to exercise the powers of a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector in Daena.

Baboo Hurro Mohun Neogee, Moonsiff of Rajarampore in Dinagepore, to be a first grade Moonsiff, vice Moulvie Mahtaboudeen reduced to the 2d grade.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. J. Curtis, Special Commissioner under Regulation III. of 1828, for the Division of Calcutta, for one month, from the 1st proximo, under Sections XI. and XIII. of the Rule of 29th January 1840, preparatory to retiring from the service.

Mr. G. F. Brown, Commissioner of the 12th or Bhangulpore Division, for three weeks, from the 20th instant, to visit the Presidency.

Mr. J. B. Ogilvy, Officiating Civil and Sessions Judge of Chittagong, for one month, on private affairs, commencing from the 7th instant, the date on which he made over charge of the Office to Mr. F. Skipwith.

Pundit Hurryhur Gnopt, Deputy Collector under Regulation IX. of 1838, in Kishenaghur, for one month, under Medical Certificate, in extension.

Baboo Omakanth Sein, ditto ditto under ditto, in the 24-Pergunnahs, for ten days in extension.

Baboo Tarny Churn Bonnerjee, ditto ditto under ditto, in Burdwan, for fourteen days in extension.

The leave of absence granted to Mr. Assistant Surgeon Baker, of Noacolly, on the 5th October last, will take effect from the 28th ultimo, the date on which he quitted his Station.

FRED. JAS. HALLIDAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 15th December, 1841.

No. 282 of 1841.—The Pay, Batta, and other Allowances, for December 1841, of the Troops at the Presidency, and at the other Stations of the Army, will be issued on or after Monday, the 10th proximo.

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.
Secy. to the Govt. of India, Milg. Dept.

FORT WILLIAM, 15th December, 1841.

No. 283 of 1841.—The Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to make the following Promotions:

Late 2d Regiment Light Cavalry.

Cornet James Hastings Lindsay Metcalf Toone to be Lieutenant, from the 16th November 1841, vice Lieutenant Edward Kyle Money deceased.

N. B. The Rank of Captain by Brevet, assigned to Lieutenant E. K. Money, in General Orders No. 269, of the 24th ultimo, is cancelled.

The following Appointment, made by the Right Hon'ble the Governor General, is published in General Orders:

Ensign G. N. Oakes, of the 46th Regiment Native Infantry and Aide-de-Camp on His Lordship's Personal Staff, to act as Adjutant of the Calcutta Native Militia, during the absence of Lieutenant E. S. Capel, proceeded to join his Regiment on Service.

Mr. Alfred Wintle is admitted to the Service in conformity with his Appointment by the Honorable the Court of Directors as a Cadet of Artillery on this Establishment, and promoted to the rank of 2d Lieutenant from the date assigned to him in General Orders, No. 206, of the 1st September last:—Date of arrival at Fort William, 14th December 1841.

5. The undermentioned Officers have returned to their duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to their rank, by permission of the Hon'ble the Court of Directors:

*Date of arrival at
Fort William.*

Lieutenant James Tobin Rush, of the 24th Regiment Native Infantry,	} 13th Dec. 1841.
Veterinary Surgeon Joseph Hough, of the 7th Regiment Light Cavalry,	
The undermentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough:	
Major Henry Chambers Murray Cox, of the 58th Regiment Native Infantry,	} On Medical Certificate.
Brevet Captain Markham Kittoe, of the 6th Regiment Native Infantry,	
Brevet Captain Henry Hirst Say, of the 45th Regiment N. I.,	

The leave of absence granted to Lieutenant George Newbolt, of the 31st Regiment Native Infantry, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, in General Orders, No. 208, of the 8th September last, is extended to the date of sailing of the Ship Madagascar, on which he has engaged a passage to the Cape of Good Hope.

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.

Secy. to the Govt. of India, Milly. Dept.

FORT WILLIAM, 15th December, 1841.

No. 284 of 1841.—The Furlough to Europe, on Medical Certificate, by the Bombay Government, to Ensign Harman Baillie Hopper, of the 31st Regiment Native Infantry, and confirmed in General Orders No. 59, dated the 3d March last, is commuted to leave to the Cape of Good Hope, for two years, on the same account.

The unexpired portion of the leave of absence granted to Captain Richard Woodward, of the 2d Regiment Native Infantry, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, in General Orders No. 51, of the 24th February last, is cancelled from the 10th ultimo.

In consequence of the pressing demands of the Public Service, Serjeant Danby, of Her Majesty's 16th Lancers, is appointed an acting Apothecary from the 10th instant.

MEMORANDUM.

In General Orders No. 184, dated 28th July last, assigning rank to Ensign Charles Basil Gibbons Bacon, for "24th April 1841," read "24th May 1841." The Order Books to be corrected accordingly.

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.

Secy. to the Govt. of India, Milly. Dept.

FORT WILLIAM, 15th December, 1841.

No. 285 of 1841.—Cornet Alfred Harris, of the 1st Regiment Light Cavalry, 3d Assistant to the Resident at Indore, was, by an Order in the Political Department, dated 6th instant, appointed to officiate as 2d Assistant during the absence of Lieutenant W. E. Eden.

The following Arrangements were made in the Political Department, on the 6th instant:

Major Frederick Henry Sandys, of the 36th Regiment Native Infantry, Principal Assistant at Nimaur, to be Political Agent at Mehidpore.

Captain George John Fraser, 1st Regiment Light Cavalry, Assistant to the Resident, Nagpore, to be Assistant in charge of Nimaur, vice Major Sandys.

Captain William Riddell, of the 60th Regiment Native Infantry, Assistant in the Departments for the Suppression of Thugges and Dacoity in Malwah, to be Assistant to the Resident at Nagpore, vice Captain Fraser.

Cornet Alfred Harris, 3d Assistant, to be 2d Assistant to the Resident at Indore.

Captain John Caulfeild Hannington, of the 24th Regiment Native Infantry, Principal Assistant to the Governor General's Agent at Maunbloom, obtained in the Judicial and Revenue Department on the 30th ultimo, leave of absence to the 19th idem, in extension of that granted to him on the 14th September last, subject to the Rules of the 29th January 1840.

The undermentioned Appointments in the Malwa Contingent were made in the Political Department on the 15th instant:

Brevet Captain George Timins, of the 34th Regiment Native Infantry, to be Commandant.

Brevet Captain Thomas Trevor Wheeler, of the 56th Regiment Native Infantry, to be Commandant of Cavalry.

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.

Secy. to the Govt. of India, Milly. Dept.

GENERAL POST OFFICE NOTICE.

THE Public are hereby informed, that the Government Overland Express will be despatched hence to Bombay on Wednesday the 22d instant, on which date Letters will be received at this office under the Rules published on the 4th of September 1840.

G. ALEXANDER, Post Master General.

*Fort William, General Post Office,
The 16th December, 1841.*

NOTICE.—The Public are hereby informed, that Mails are open at this Office for Letters, &c. for Coringa, Vizagapatam and Madras for transmission by the Steamer Enterprize, expected to leave Calcutta on the 20th or 21st instant.

WM. MOORE,

Deputy Post Master.

*Fort William, General Post Office,
The 15th December, 1841.*

OVERLAND LETTERS AND POSTAGE.

It is hereby notified for general information—

First.—That all Letters and Newspapers, except Soldiers' and Sailors' Letters, intended for transmission by the Overland Mails, and except those specially marked "via Falmouth," will be sent through France, and thus be subject to the heavier rate of postage.

Second.—Letters and Newspapers addressed to France as well as those to other foreign countries, with which France is the channel of communication (if the latter are expressly directed to be so sent) will be made up in Packets and sent to the French Post Master at Marseilles; but Letters for Foreign Countries, other than France, if not specially directed to France, will be included in the Packets or England. Letters, &c., for places lying between Bombay and Marseilles, will be despatched in separate Packets.

Third.—Letters for the United Kingdom of Great Britain, weighing less than a quarter of an ounce, and passing through France, are charged single postage, which by that route amounts to 2s. 8d. By the Falmouth route, Letters of half an ounce in weight, are subject to single postage only, which by that route, has now been reduced to 1s.

Newspapers, if sent via Falmouth, are free of postage; but if transmitted by the way of Marseilles, they are charged 2d. each.

H. S. OLDFIELD,

Offy. Post Master General.

*Fort William, Genl. Post Office,
the 27th May, 1840.*

NOTIFICATION.

ABKARRY.—With reference to the Notification issued from this Office on the 29th June last, Shippers of Rum are hereby informed, that the date from which the imposition of 8 Annas duty on every Gallon of Rum shipped in quantities below one thousand Gallons was announced as to take effect (viz. 1st July 1841.) has been, under the authority of Government, altered to the 1st January 1842.

By order of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, the 13th August, 1841,

H. TORRENS, *Secretary.*

NOTIFICATION.

FORT WILLIAM, OPIUM DEPARTMENT,

THE 1st NOVEMBER, 1841.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Monday, the 3d day of January 1842, at the hour of 11 o'Clock in the Forenoon, will be put up to Sale, at the Exchange Rooms at Calcutta, and sold by Public Auction, for Exportation by Sea, the undermentioned Quantity of Opium, the Provision of 1840-41, subject to the following Conditions, viz.

Produce of Behar Agency Opium, Chests..... 4,000
Ditto of Benares Ditto, 1,500

Total Chests,... 5,500

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. The Opium will be sold for Exportation by Sea only and no Certificate will be granted except to cover such Export.

2. The Opium to be offered for Sale at an upset Price of Rupees 400 per Chest, and to be all sold to the highest bidder above that price.

3. If at the above Sale the entire quantity of 5,500 Chests shall not be sold, it shall subsequently be competent for the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, to dispose of the Lots which remain on hand at future Sales.

4. Each Lot to contain Five Chests.

5. A Deposit in a Promissory Note for 1,000 Rupees per Lot, or 200 Rupees per Chest, shall be made by the Purchaser in the Sale Room, and before the Lot is registered in the Sale Book, and all such Promissory Notes shall be redeemed on the part of Purchasers at this Office by Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, or by substitution of other Public Securities of the Bengal Government, on or before 1 o'Clock of the Afternoon of Friday, the 7th January 1842, or on the other hand, failing such redemption by the time aforesaid, then the Lot or Lots for which no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, or Deposit of other Public Securities as aforesaid, shall have been delivered in, shall be re-sold at such time or times, and under such Conditions of Re-sale as the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, shall see fit, and all losses and expenses whatsoever attending such Re-sale, shall be borne and paid by the Defaulters, whilst any profit accruing from such Re-sale shall be forfeited to Government.

6. The Promissory Notes taken on the day of Sale under the last mentioned Condition, if remaining unredeemed on the said 7th January 1842, will be placed in the hands of the Attorney to the Hon'ble Company for realization in such manner as to him shall seem fit.

7. No Tender of Money, Sub-Treasurer's Receipts or Public Securities on account of Opium upon which the prescribed Deposit may not have been made before 4 o'Clock of the 7th January, will be afterwards accepted.

8. The Opium now advertised for Sale, shall be paid for within One Calendar Month from the day of Sale, that is to say, no Treasury Receipt will be accepted in payment after 4 p.m. of Thursday the 3d February 1842, and in case any Lots of such Opium shall not be so paid for and adjusted, then the Cash Deposit of 1,000 Rupees per Lot, or 200 Rupees per Chest, or any Public Securities that may have been deposited on account of such Lots or Chests, shall be forfeited, and the Opium be disposed of on account of Government at such time and in such manner as the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, shall think fit.

9. Purchasers taking out Certificates or Orders for the delivery of Opium, after making full payment as above prescribed, shall have the option of naming the number of Lots of their purchase which they may desire to be included in each Certificate or Order, and it is to be clearly understood that the Certificates or Orders so taken out shall be considered final, and not afterwards changeable for other Certificates or Orders authorizing the delivery of single Lots, or of a different number of Lots or Chests, whether more or less than the number of Lots or Chests originally required to be included in each Certificate or Order.

10. No Sub-Treasurer's Receipts or Deposit of Public Securities under the fifth of the present Conditions, will be received in this Office except from the party recorded as the Purchaser in the Sale Book, or his authorized Agent. The Receipt for such Deposit will be granted only in the name of such Purchaser, and the Public Securities deposited will be returned when the clearance has been made by the said Purchaser or his order.

11. The Officer Superintending the Sale on the part of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, is empowered to reject at his discretion the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall on demand tender at the time a Deposit either in Bank of Bengal Notes, Sub-Treasurer's Receipts or other Government Securities equal to One Thousand Rupees per Lot (or Two Hundred Rupees per Chest,) on each Lot so bid for.

12. The Purchaser of any Lot shall have the option of naming and purchasing in immediate succession any number of Lots of the same Agency Opium to the extent of Fifty Lots; and for the Lots so purchased, the Purchaser shall deposit 1,000 Rupees per Lot, and pay the same price per Chest as that for which he purchased his first Lot, provided always that there remain a sufficient number of Lots of that Opium to complete the said Fifty, but not otherwise.

13. In the event of any dispute or difference touching or concerning any matter, or question arising out of the Sale of the Opium included in this Notification, or adjustment of the account thereof, the same shall, and may be tried and decided in the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, and all and every Plea and Pleas to the jurisdiction of the said Supreme Court shall be waived.

14. The following Papers, together with Samples of the Opium for Sale, will be exhibited for inspection on the day of Sale, or may be seen previously to that date, by application at the Office of the Secretary to the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium.

No. 1. Certificate of the Opium now advertised for Sale.

No. 2. Report of the examination of such Opium.

15. The Public are hereby informed, that in providing the investment of the Behar and Benares Opium for the year 1840-41, the same precautions have been taken as those which have been observed during past years, to have the Drug procured and sent down in a pure state, to have only the prescribed quantity of leaves used in forming the cakes, and to have the due proportion of Opium put into each cake. An account of the weight of the Drug when packed at Behar and Benares, and a Statement of the average weight of Six Chests from each dispatch at Calcutta, may be seen on application at the Office of the Secretary to the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium.

16. Four Chests of Behar and Benares Opium which have been reserved from the provision of the two preceding years, will be also shewn to the Purchasers on the day of Sale to enable them to judge of the state of preservation in which the Drug has kept.

17. The Public are hereby informed that in addition to the quantity above mentioned the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to Sale this year on or about the dates specified below:

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about February... 7th,	1400	600	2000
On or about April 18th,	3000	1200	4200
On or about May 23rd,	1600	800	2400
On or about June 27th,	8014	1148	9160
	9014	3848	12860

18. It is hereby further notified that under the 6th Article of the Convention between Great Britain and France dated the 7th March 1815 quoted below, the Agents in India of His Majesty the King of the French, or Persons duly appointed by them, are entitled to demand that out of the quantities of Behar and Benares Opium declared as above for Sale at the five Sales in the months of January, February, April, May and June, there shall be delivered to them at the average of the particular Sales or Sales to which the Opium so applied for may belong, a quantity not exceeding in the aggregate 300 Chests, and the Agents of the French Government must make requisition for the whole of the Opium required by them during the year within 30 days after the publication of this advertisement, specifying the particular Sales or Sales from which the quantity of Opium is intended to be taken. If the Agents of the

French Government shall not make the requisition for Opium within the time abovementioned, the entire quantity of about 18,360 Chests of Behar and Benares Opium as above estimated will be brought to Sale in the usual manner, and if they shall make application for a quantity of Opium to be delivered to them out of the quantity advertised for Sale at each or any of the five Sales abovementioned, but shall not pay for it within the prescribed period of payment, the Governor of Bengal reserves to himself the right of disposing of the Opium which the French Authorities may so fail to pay for either by increasing the quantity reserved at the Sale next ensuing the date of payment, or by selling it at a Sale to be held expressly for the purpose.

Article of the Convention. "With regard to the Trade in Opium it is agreed between the High Contracting Parties that at each of the periodical Sales of that Article there shall be reserved for the French Government, and delivered upon requisition duly made by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, or by the persons duly appointed by them the number of Chests so applied for, provided that such supply shall not exceed three hundred Chests in each year, and the price for the same shall be determined by the average rate at which Opium shall have been sold at every such periodical Sale, it being understood that if the quantity of Opium applied for at any one time shall not be taken on account of the French Government by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty within the usual period of delivery, the quantity so applied for, shall nevertheless be considered as so much in reduction of the three hundred Chests herein before mentioned—the requisitions for Opium as aforesaid are to be addressed to the Governor General at Calcutta within thirty days after notice of the intended Sales shall have been published in the Government Gazette."

By Order of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium,
H. TORRENS, Secretary.

SALT—Notice is hereby given, that from the 1st of January 1842, a Fee of One Rupee will be charged upon every Char covering One Hundred Maunds or more of Salt, sold from the Government Retail Golahs.

By Order of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium,
the 16th December, 1842,
H. TORRENS, Secretary.

NOTIFICATION.

AS difficulties may arise in consequence of claims for Still Head Duty being made upon the excess above or deficiency below the Invoice amount of Rum as despatched from Distilleries, the following Form of Entry and Rate of Calculation for the wastage which may occur within a given time, is made public, as proper to be added to all Invoices of Rum, when despatched from the Distilleries.

"Claimed for wastage and evaporation on the above quantity for the first five days of a probable period of days — Gallons."

"For the remaining period at the rate of 2½ per Cent. — Gallons."

2. On gauging or proving the despatch of Rum, should the excess above or deficiency below the Invoice quantity be within the limit claimed, Still Head Duty will not be exacted on the said excess or deficiency.

3. Should the wastage exceed the calculated rate (which is taken at an estimation made on the distance wastage already allowed) the Board will in such case expect payment of duty on the quantity deficient, or a special explanation of the circumstances which may have occasioned the deficiency.

4. For more convenient reference the rates of distance wastage are hereto appended.

For a distance for 100 miles,..... 5 per Cent.
" for 200 ditto, 7½ ditto.

All distance above 200 ditto, 10 per Cent.

By order of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, the
17th December 1841,

H. TORRENS, Secretary.

NOTICE—The Public are hereby informed, that Excavations, surrounded with fences, and having lights at night, are in progress in the undermentioned Thoroughfares in the Town of Calcutta.

Upper S. and Lower North Division.

From Lali Bazar through Bada Bazar, and Old China Bazar to the Western extremity of Moorgyhatta Street, an Aqueduct to be built.

Rhungpooty Street, Westside, a portion of the Drain to be arched over.

R. M. J. ROSE,

Supt. Roads and Conservancy.

MEMORANDUM.

The Ball dropped this-day Half a Second (½.) after Mean Noon.

(Signed) V. L. REES,

In charge of the Observatory.

Surveyor General's Office, }
Calcutta, 15th Dec. 1841.

CUSTOMS.

List of Packages lying unclaimed at this Office.

- 1 Parcel, J. Poate, care Mr. Bastard, per Reliance.
- 1 Box, Condr. J. Baldock, Ordnance Department, per Carnatic.
- 1 Parcel, Mr. Gilbert, Clerk H. M. S. Nimrod, per India.
- 5 Casks, marked G. Muller, per Walmer Castle.
- 2 Hhds. and 2 Butts, ditto C B S, 25, 26, 56, per ditto.
- 1 Case, ditto, C. W. H., per ditto.
- 4 Butts, ditto, R L, per Imaum of Muscat.
- 1 Case, Colin Mackenzie, W in diamond, per Mountaineer.
- 1 Trunk, marked J C, per Indian Queen.
- 1 Chest, no mark, per ditto.
- 1 Case, Mr. Fagan, per Colombo.
- 1 Ditto, marked P L, per Earl of Hardwick.
- 1 Trunk, 1 Box, 1 Case, L in diamond, 1 to 3, per ditto.
- 1 Parcel, Lt. G. Crispin, care Colvin and Co., per Hindostan.
- 1 Ditto, A. Nicholson, Cadet, per ditto.
- 1 Case, Lieut. Col. Booth, care Griffiths and Co., Madras, per Eliza.
- 1 Qr. Case, Capt. Larkins, Passenger per Asia.
- 1 Package, J. Allport, Hobart Town, per Drongan.
- 1 Case, marked L and Co. in diamond, per Renown.
- 1 Box, Major Moore, per Roberts.
- 1 Case, marked E H, per ditto.
- 1 Ditto, ditto E L in diamond, per ditto.
- 2 Ditto, Lieut. Carter, per Kilblain.
- 1 Parcel, marked R in diamond, 1 to 74, per Mary Ray.
- 1 Ditto, C. Morgan, per Essex.
- 1 Ditto, 2 Troop 1 Brigade B. H. Artillery, per ditto.
- 1 Ditto, S. D. Birch, Cashier Bank of Bengal, per ditto.
- 1 Case, Janet Hunter, per Mary Sharp.
- 1 Box, H. Cooper, per Wm. Barras.
- 1 Ditto, the Comdg. Officer, 55th Regt., Madras, per ditto.
- 1 Ditto, ditto 18th Regt., Bombay, per ditto.
- 1 Parcel, Mrs. Sutherland, per Owen Glendower.
- 1 Case, J. C. Jeyes, per Northumberland.
- 1 Ditto, marked G in diamond, per ditto.
- 1 Ditto, Mrs. T. H. Simmonds, per Bucephalus.
- 1 Ditto, Dr. N. Ward, per Concordia.
- 1 Ditto, Revd. A. Sutton, care Revd. J. Thomas, per ditto.
- 1 Ditto, Revd. R. O. Dwight, care Revd. M. Winslow, per ditto.
- 1 Ditto, W. P. Grant, per Southampton.
- 1 Ditto, Capt. J. Hampton, 50th B. N. I., per ditto.
- 1 Ditto, P. Young, 3d Regt. care Adam Scott, per ditto.
- 1 Ditto, Major General Tombs, care R. Wood, per ditto.
- 1 Ditto, Captain A. Broom, per ditto.
- 1 Ditto, E. S. Waring, per ditto.
- 1 Parcel, Lieut. Shakespear, B. Artillery, per Calcutta.
- 8 Casks and 1 Keg, E. I. C., per Bland.
- 1 Box, E. I. C., Captain Bayles, per ditto.

W. BRACKEN, Offg. Collector of Customs.
Calcutta, 17th December, 1841.

The Collector has no objection to pass Packages, which are intended for private use, and not for Sale, unopened—provided that at the time they are applied for, satisfactory proof of their contents in the shape of Invoices, Bills, or Letters of Advice are produced. In the absence of these documents, owners should depute a person to be present at the opening of their Packages.

The Collector has nothing to do with the landing of Packages from Ships, nor with forwarding them to their owners or destinations.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of James Calder and others, heretofore trading in Partnership at Calcutta, as Merchants and Agents, under the style and firm of Mackintosh and Company, Insolvents, Notice is hereby given, that on Saturday, the 8th day of January next, is appointed for further Hearing in this matter for the purpose of declaring a Dividend: and that an Account in detail of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Assignee from the 1st day of September 1840 until the 30th day of November 1841, has been filed, and may be inspected at the Office of the Chief Clerk.

"Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the Estate of the said Insolvent will be heard, having given notice at the Office of the Chief Clerk three clear days before the Hearing."

Office of Examiner, 17th December, 1841.
Mr. Alexander, Assignee.

**কলিকাতার জোজহিন ঋণিনিগের পরি
গাথে আদালত**

জনি জেমস কালডার সাহেব এতদ্বারা ধর
ও গায়রহর বিষয় জাহারা দেওয়া জাইতে
এহার পুর্বে কারবার করিতেন ছে যে আগতো
বহরায় কলিকাতায় সওয়াগরি জেনেওয়ারি মা
এবং গয়রহরির নাম এবং হার ৮ শনিবার
উপাধিতে মেকিটস এবং কো তারিখে এই বি
মানির— যয় পুনরায় সন
নিম্ন নিমিত্ত

এবং বিভাগ করণার্থে নিম্নোক্ত হইয়াছে এবং
এই জায়গারের মোক্তারকারের জমা ধরচের এক
ধরুয়া হিসাবে ইং সন ১৮৪০ সালের সেপ্টেম্বর
মাহার ১ তারিখ লাং সন ১৮৪১ সালের নবেম্বর
মাহার ৩০ তারিখ দাখিল হইয়াছে তাহা চিপ
কেনাক সাহেবের মধ্যস্থতায় আইলেই দৃষ্টি
হইবেক—

"কোন মহাজন কিম্বা অন্য সদ্ধাধিকারি
বাক্তি জিনি বাক্তি হইয়ন এ উক্ত নাভয়ানের
জমাদারের উপর আপত্তা করিবার তিনি এ সনানির
নিয়মিত দিবসের পূর্ পূর্ তিন দিবস থাকিতে
চিপ কেনাক সাহেবের আফিসে সংবাদ দিলে
তাহা সনান জাইবেক—

একজামিনর সাহেবের অফিস—

সন ১৮৪১ সাল ১৭ ডিসেম্বর—

মেং আনিকজের মকিয়াকার—

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of William Glasgow, a Captain in the Invalid Establishment, of day of January next, is appointed for further Hearing in this matter for the purpose of declaring a Dividend: and that an Account in detail of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Assignee from the 18th day of August 1838 until the 1st day of December 1841, has been filed, and may be inspected at the Office of the Chief Clerk.

"Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the Estate of the said Insolvent will be heard, having given notice at the Office of the Chief Clerk three clear days before the Hearing."

Office of Examiner, 17th December, 1841.
Mr. Alexander, Assignee.

কলিকাতার জোজহিন ঋণিনিগের পরি

গাথে আদালত

জনি উইলিয়াম গেলারগো এতদ্বারা ধর
সাহেবের বিষয় জিনি বাক্তি দেওয়া জাইতে
লার ইনবলিড ইষ্টাবলিশমেন্টে আগতো জেনে
মেন্টের এক কাপাতান— ওয়ারি মাহার ৮
শনিবার তারিখে

এই বিষয় পুনরায় সনানির নিমিত্ত এবং বিভাগ
করণার্থে নিম্নোক্ত হইয়াছে এবং এই জায়গারের
মোক্তারকারের জমা ধরচের এক ধরুয়া হিসাবে
ইং সন ১৮৩৮ সালের আগষ্ট মাহার ১৮ তারিখ
লাং সন ১৮৪১ সালের ডিসেম্বর মাহার ১ তারিখ
দাখিল হইয়াছে তাহা চিপ কেনাক সাহেবের
মধ্যস্থতায় আইলেই দৃষ্টি হইবেক—

"কোন মহাজন কিম্বা অন্য সদ্ধাধিকারি
বাক্তি জিনি বাক্তি হইয়ন এ উক্ত নাভয়ানের
জমাদারের উপর আপত্তা করিবার তিনি এ সনানি
নিয়মিত দিবসের পূর্ পূর্ তিন দিবস থাকিতে
চিপ কেনাক সাহেবের আফিসে সংবাদ দিলে
তাহা সনান জাইবেক—

একজামিনর সাহেবের মধ্যস্থতায়—

সন ১৮৪১ সাল ১৭ ডিসেম্বর—

মেং আনিকজের মোক্তারকার—

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Charles Wright, a Lieutenant in the First Regiment of Bengal Infantry, an Insolvent, Notice is hereby given, that on Saturday, the 8th day of January next, is appointed for further hearing in this matter for the purpose of declaring a Dividend, and that an Account in detail of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Assignee, from the 14th day of September 1839 until the 1st day of December 1841, has been filed, and may be inspected at the Office of the Chief Clerk.

"Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the Estate of the said Insolvent will be heard, having given notice at the Office of the Chief Clerk three clear days before the Hearing."

Office of Examiner, 17th December, 1841.

Mr. Alexander, Assignee.

কলিকাতার জোজহিন ঋণিনিগের পরি

গাথে আদালত

জনি চার্লস রাইট সাহেবের এতদ্বারা
বিষয় জিনি বাক্তি ইনক্যান্টার ধর দেওয়া
১ পলটানের এক লেপটেন— জাইতেছে যে
আগতো জেনে

ওয়ারি মাহার ৮ শনিবার তারিখে এই বিষয়
পুনরায় সনানির নিমিত্ত এবং বিভাগ করণার্থে
নিম্নোক্ত হইয়াছে এবং এই জায়গারের মো
ক্তারকারের জমা ধরচের এক ধরুয়া হিসাবে ইং
সন ১৮৩৯ সালের সেপ্টেম্বর মাহার ১৪ তারিখ
লাং সন ১৮৪১ সালের ডিসেম্বর মাহার ১ তারিখ
দাখিল হইয়াছে তাহা চিপ কেনাক সাহেবের
মধ্যস্থতায় আইলেই দৃষ্টি হইবেক—

কোন মহাজন কিম্বা অন্য সন্তানিকারি ব্যক্তি জিনি বাঞ্ছিত হয়েন এ উক্ত নাতয়ানের জায়দার উপর আপত্তা করিবার তিনি এ সুনানির নিয়মিত দিবসের পূর্বে পূর্বে তিন দিবস থাকিতে চিপ কেলাক সাহেবের আফিসে সংবাদ দিলে তাহা সূচা আইবেক—

একজামিনর সাহেবের আফিস—

সন ১৮৪১ সাল ১৭ ডিসেম্বর—

মেং আনিকজের মজিয়াকার—

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of James Jacobs, Notice is hereby given, that on Saturday, the 8th day of January next, is appointed for further Hearing in this matter for the purpose of declaring a Dividend: and that an Account in detail of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Assignee, from the 5th day of January 1839 until the 1st day of December 1841, has been filed, and may be inspected at the Office of the Chief Clerk.

"Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the Estate of the said Insolvent will be heard, having given notice at the Office of the Chief Clerk three clear days before the Hearing."

Office of Examiner, 17th December, 1841.

Mr. Alexander, Assignee.

কলিকাতার জোত্রহিন অনিবিগের পরিজ্ঞা
গুণে আদালত—

অনি জেমস জেকাবস সাহেব এতদ্বারায় বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই

এই বিষয় পুনরায় সুনানির নিমিত্তে এবং বিভাগ করণার্থে নির্ধারিত হইয়াছে এবং এই জায়দার মোজারকারের জমা ধরনের এক খুচরা হিসাবে ইং ১৮৩৯ সালের জানুয়ারি মাহার ৫ তারিখ নাং সন ১৮৪১ সালের ডিসেম্বর মাহার ১ তারিখ দাখিল হইয়াছে তাহা চিপ কেলাক সাহেবের মজিয়াকার আইলেই দৃষ্ট হইবেক—

কোন মহাজন কিম্বা অন্য সন্তানিকারি ব্যক্তি জিনি বাঞ্ছিত হয়েন এ উক্ত নাতয়ানের জায়দার উপর আপত্তা করিবার তিনি এ সুনানির নিয়মিত দিবসের পূর্বে পূর্বে তিন দিবস থাকিতে চিপ কেলাক সাহেবের আফিসে সংবাদ দিলে তাহা সূচা আইবেক—

একজামিনর সাহেবের মজিয়াকার—

সন ১৮৪১ সাল ১৭ ডিসেম্বর—

মেং আনিকজের মজিয়াকার—

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Peter Foster, Notice is hereby given, that on Saturday, the 8th day of January next, is appointed for further Hearing in this matter for the purpose of declaring a Dividend: and that an Account in

detail of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Assignee, from the 10th day of February 1838 until the 1st day of December 1841, has been filed, and may be inspected at the Office of the Chief Clerk.

"Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the Estate of the said Insolvent will be heard, having given notice at the Office of the Chief Clerk three clear days before the Hearing."

Office of Examiner, 17th December, 1841.

Mr. Alexander, Assignee.

কলিকাতার জোত্রহিন অনিবিগের পরিজ্ঞা
আদালত—

অনি পিটার ফাস্টার সাহেব এতদ্বারায় বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই

এই বিষয় পুনরায় সুনানির নিমিত্তে এবং বিভাগ করণার্থে নির্ধারিত হইয়াছে এবং এই জায়দার মোজারকারের জমা ধরনের এক খুচরা হিসাবে ইং ১৮৩৯ সালের জানুয়ারি মাহার ১০ তারিখ নাং সন ১৮৪১ সালের ডিসেম্বর মাহার ১ তারিখ দাখিল হইয়াছে তাহা চিপ কেলাক সাহেবের মজিয়াকার আইলেই দৃষ্ট হইবেক—

কোন মহাজন কিম্বা অন্য সন্তানিকারি ব্যক্তি জিনি বাঞ্ছিত হয়েন এ উক্ত নাতয়ানের জায়দার উপর আপত্তা করিবার তিনি এ সুনানির নিয়মিত দিবসের পূর্বে পূর্বে তিন দিবস থাকিতে চিপ কেলাক সাহেবের আফিসে সংবাদ দিলে তাহা সূচা আইবেক—

একজামিনর সাহেবের মজিয়াকার—

সন ১৮৪১ সাল ১৭ ডিসেম্বর—

মেং আনিকজের মজিয়াকার—

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Thomas Collins Wilton, a Lieutenant in the Thirty-eighth Regiment of Bengal Infantry, an Insolvent, Notice is hereby given, that on Saturday, the 8th day of January next, is appointed for further Hearing in this matter for the purpose of declaring a Dividend: and that an Account in detail of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Assignee, from the 5th day of August 1837 until the 1st day of December 1841, has been filed, and may be inspected at the Office of the Chief Clerk.

"Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the Estate of the said Insolvent will be heard, having given notice at the Office of the Chief Clerk three clear days before the Hearing."

Office of Examiner, 17th December, 1841.

Mr. Alexander, Assignee.

কলিকাতার জোত্রহিন অনিবিগের পরিজ্ঞা
আদালত—

অনি থমাস কলিন্স উইলসন সাহেব এতদ্বারায় বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই বর দেওয়া যাই

এই বিষয় পুনরায় সুনানির নিমিত্তে এবং বিভাগ করণার্থে নির্ধারিত হইয়াছে এবং এই জায়দার মোজারকারের জমা ধরনের এক খুচরা হিসাবে ইং ১৮৩৭ সালের আগস্ট মাহার ৫ তারিখ নাং সন ১৮৪১ সালের ডিসেম্বর মাহার ১ তারিখ দাখিল হইয়াছে তাহা চিপ কেলাক সাহেবের মজিয়াকার আইলেই দৃষ্ট হইবেক—

এই বিষয় পুনরায় সুনানির নিমিত্তে এবং বিভাগ করণার্থে নিম্নোক্ত হইয়াছে এবং এই আদালতের মোকদ্দমাকারের অমীমাংসার এক খুচরা হিসাবে ইং সন ১৮৩৭ সালের আগস্ট মাসের ৭ তারিখ লং সন ১৮৪১ সালের ডিসেম্বর মাসের ১ তারিখ দাখিল হইয়াছে তাহা চিপ কেলার্ক সাহেবের মণ্ডরখানায় আইলেই দৃষ্ট হইবেক—

“কোন মহাজন কিম্বা অন্য সম্ভাবিকারি ব্যক্তি জিনি বাঞ্ছিত করেন যে উক্ত আদালতের আদালতের উপর আপত্তা করিবার তিনি এই সুনানির নিয়মিত দিবসের পূর্বে পূর্ণ তিন দিবস থাকিতে চিপ কেলার্ক সাহেবের আফিসে সন্ধান দিলে তাহা সুন্য হইবেক”

একজামিনর সাহেবের আফিস—

সন ১৮৪১ সাল ১৭ ডিসেম্বর—

মেং আলিকদেওর মুক্তিয়ারকার—

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.
NOTICE is hereby given, that

DAVID BROWN, of Tirhoot, Indigo Planter. Now a Prisoner in the Gaol of Calcutta, hath filed his Petition, praying for Relief under the Provisions of the Statute 9th Geo. IV. Cap. 73, entitled “an Act to provide for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in the East Indies, &c.” and the said DAVID BROWN hath, in trust for the benefit of his Creditors, executed an Assignment to the Common Assignee of the said Court, of all the real and personal Estate and Effects which he now hath, or is entitled to, or which may come to, or be acquired by him before the Court shall have made its final order in the matter of the said Petition.

Office of Examiner, 17th December, 1841.

Mr. R. Swinhoe, Atty.

কলিকাতার জোজহীন করজমারানের পরি
জাগায়ে আদালত—

সমাজার দেওয়া আইতেছে যে—

ডেবিড ব্রাউন রিনি তিরহুট নিবাসী নিম্নকর

সম্পত্তি তিনি কলিকাতার জেলে কয়েদ আছে ন এবং তাহার আরজী দাখিল করিয়াছেন এই আদালতের যে চতুর্দশ জাজ বাবসাহের বাবসাইয়ের নবম বৎসরের প্রকাশিত আইনের ৭৩ ধারা জাজের নাম হিন্দুস্থানের অক্ষয় করজমারানের পরি জাগায়ে আইন তাহার লিখিত আত্মা তাহার সম্বন্ধে আমলে আইনে এবং এই উক্ত ডেবিড ব্রাউন উক্ত আদালতের সাধারণ মোকদ্দমাকারের নি কট তাহার মহাজনগণের উপকারার্থে তাবত তা বর ও অধার বিষয় জাহা একপে তাহার আছে কিম্বা জাহা উক্ত আরজির বিষয়ে উক্ত আদালত হইতে পের হুমম হইবার পূর্বে তাহার হতে আ ইর্নে কিম্বা উপাধির করেন এই সকলের এক মোকদ্দ মের নামা বিধিরা দিয়াছেন—

একজামিনর সাহেবের মণ্ডরখানা—

সন ১৮৪১ সাল ১৭ ডিসেম্বর

মেং সুইনো উজির—

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of the Petition of John Palmer, William Prinsep, George Alexander Prinsep, and Charles Barber Palmer, Insolvent Debtors. Notice is hereby given, that at a Court held on Saturday the Fourth day of December, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty-one upon an application for and on behalf of Dwarkanauth Tagore, one of the Assignees of the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvents, praying for an order that he may be discharged from being such Assignee. It was Ordered unless cause be shewn to the contrary on or before Saturday the Fifth day of March next, that the Indenture of Assignment of the Seventh day of January One Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty, from Patrick O'Hanlon, Esquire, the Common Assignee of the said Court, to the said Dwarkanauth Tagore and his Co-Assignees, be declared vacated in so far as the same relates to the said Dwarkanauth Tagore, but so nevertheless that no act or thing done by the said Dwarkanauth Tagore prior to this order, shall be annulled or in any wise affected thereby; and it was also Ordered that the said Dwarkanauth Tagore and Albert John DeHochepied Larpent and Aushotos Day, do file their Accounts with the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvents up to the said Fifth day of March next.

WADDINGTON & SANDES,

Attornies.

Calcutta, 17th December, 1841.

কলিকাতার পরিসোধকর অনিদিগের পরিদ্রা
গায়ে আদালত—

জান পামর উইলিয়াম প্রিন্স এতহারায় মেং
সেপ জাজ এলকজণ্ডর প্রিন্স বাব দেওয়া আই
সেপ ও চার্লস বেরবার পা ডেছে মে ১৮৪১
মর সাহেবের অক্ষয় অনি সালের ৪ ডিসেম্বর
ইহাদিগের ববয়—

অনিবারে উক্ত আ
দালত বসিবার

পূর্বে অক্ষয় অনিদিগের একজন এসাইনি প্রিন্স
হারিকানাথ ঠাকুরের পক্ষে এক মরখাত হর তাহা
তে তাহার প্রার্থনা এই যে তিনি তাহার এই এসা
ইনি কয়েদ হইতে অবসর হইবার অনুমতি প্রাপ্ত
হন ইহাতে অনুমতি হইল যে আগামি ৫ মার্চ
পনিহারের পূর্বে জম্মাপি ইহার প্রতিকূলে কোন
বিষয় নসান বাহর তবে উক্ত হারিকানাথ ঠাকুরের
পক্ষে উক্ত আদালতের সাধারণ এসাইনি মেং
পেট্রিক ও হালোন সাহেবের এসাইনি কল স্বা
হইবার ব্যত হইবেক কিন্তু এই অনুমতির পূর্বে
কোন নিয়ম অবধা কয়ে হইয়া গায়ে বা জম্মাপি
হইবেক না এবং আর অনুমতি হইল যে উক্ত
হারিকানাথ ঠাকুর মেং রেলফট জার কি হোচি
পিএ লারপেন্ট সাহেব ও জাজ আনতোল মেং
গামি ৫ মার্চ তারিখ অবধি এই অনুমতির হিসাব
প্রস্তুত করিয়া দাখিল করিবেন—

কলিকাতা ১৭ ডিসেম্বর ১৮৪১ সাল—

ওয়াডিংটন ও সান্ডেস উজির—

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.
NOTICE is hereby given, that on Saturday, the 18th day of December 1841,

James Colquhoun and James Church, lately carrying on business in Copartnership at Calcutta with one Hugh Colquhoun, who is now believed to be on his voyage from Great Britain, under the style and firm of Boyd and Company

Have, without being in prison, applied by Petition, alleging that they are in Insolvent circumstances, but that they have some Estate and Effects to the amount of half their debts, of which immediate possession may be given to an Assignee, and praying for the benefit of the Statute 9th Geo. IV. Cap. 73, entitled "An Act to provide for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in the East Indies, &c." and their said Petition has been filed in the Court: and at the time of presenting the same, the said Petitioners executed an Assignment, in trust for the benefit of their Creditors, to the Common Assignee of the said Court, of all their real and personal Estate and Effects, Rights, Dues, Claims, Choses in Action and Interests, which they then had, or were entitled to, or which might in any way come to, or be acquired by them, before the Court should have made a final Order in the matter of their said Petition.

Office of Examiner, 18th December, 1841.

Messrs. Waddington and Sandes, Attornies.

কলিকাতার জোত্রহিন করজদারের পরিজা

গাথ আদালত

এতদ্বারা যুগ্মের বেওয়া আইতেছে যে সন ১৮৪১ সালের ডিসেম্বর মাসের ১৮ শনিবার তারিখে

জেমস কোলহুইন এবং জেমস চার্চ সঙ্গতকারবাস করিতেন কলিকাতায় বহরায় হিউ কোলহুইন সাহেবের সহিত জিনি একত্রে বোধ হয় গুট বিলিটেন হইতে পথে আশীতেছেন সওদাগরি ও এজেন্সীগিরি হাইড এবং কোম্পানির নাম ও উপাধিতে

বিনে কয়েদে কলিকাতার নাতয়ান করজদারীনের পরিজাগাথ আদালতে তাহাদিগের এক আর জী দাখিল করিয়াছেন এই বলে যে তাহারা হন জিনি বাসাবিধ ব্যক্তির নিকটে কিন্তু এ দেনার অত্বেক তাহাদিগের মাল ও জায়দাদে সম্ভাবনা আছে তাহা সত্তর হস্তান্তর হইবেক এক মজিয়ার কারের হস্তে এই প্রার্থনায় যে চতুর্জাজ বাব সাহেব বাদশাইয়ের ১ বৎসরের প্রকাশিত আইনের ৭০ ধারায় জাহার নাম হিন্দুধর্মের অজম বনিদিগের পরিজাগাথ আইন তাহার লিখিত আজ্ঞা তাহাদিগের সম্বন্ধে আমলে আইনে এবং এ আরজী দাখিল কালিন এ উক্ত আরজদারদারান এই আদালতে সাধারণ মজিয়াকারের নিকটে তাহাদিগের মহাজমগনের উপকারার্থে তাহদের ও তাহাদের বিষয় জাহা একত্রে তাহাদিগের হস্তে আছে কি আইনে তিনা উপাধিন করেন এ সকলের এক মজিয়াকার নামা নিদিয়া দিয়াছেন

একজমিনের সাহেবের আকিব

সন ১৮৪১ সাল ১৮ ডিসেম্বর

বৈকি কলিকাতা এবং সার্বস্বতী

THE Public are hereby informed, that the Sub-Treasurer will negotiate Bills upon the undermentioned Provincial Treasuries, at the rate cited, to the extent of the surplus that is available at each Treasury:

LOWER PROVINCES.

Bancoorah,
Backergunge,
Beerbhoom,
Burdwan,
Cuttack, Sn. Dn.
Pooree,
Dacca,
Furreedpore,
Jessore,
Midnapore,
Mymensing,
Nuddea,
Pubnah,
Purneah,
Tipperah,

At par and three days' sight.

C. MORLEY, Acct. General.

Fort William,
Accountant General's Office,
The 18th December, 1841.

NOTICE.

THE Agents of Mr. J. Russell, who left Calcutta for Monghyr with Rupees 5 000 in Bank Notes, on or about the 19th October last, are requested to give speedy notice to this Court of the numbers of the said Bank Notes, in order that some clue may be found to trace that gentleman, who is reported to be missing.

A. TURNBULL,

Offg. Magistrate.

Zillah Burdwan, Fouzdarry Adawlut,
The 9th December, 1841.

NOTICE.

THE Military Secretary to the Resident at Hyderabad hereby notifies for general information, that in conformity with the Regulations of the Service, the Effects of the late Assistant Surgeon William Calvert, (of the Bombay Medical Establishment and attached to the Nizam's Army,) have been made over to the Executors named in the Will of the deceased, vizt. Captain Commandant G. F. Hampton and Captain George Jackson, of the Nizam's Army.

ERIC SUTHERLAND,

Major, Milly. Secy.

Military Secretary's Office,
Hydrabad Residency,
4th November, 1841.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that 26 cases of Stores have been raised from a sunken Boat in the Bhaugiruttee River. The address upon one Cask is "Lieutenant Colonel Eckford, 6th Regiment N. I., care of W. Liddel, Mirzapore."

Also, 11 cases of Wine, &c., marked J. S., Mussooree, have been saved from a Boat destroyed by fire in the Bhaugiruttee.

Persons claiming the property are requested to apply to the undersigned.

WM. M. SMYTH, Captain, Engineers,
Supdt. N. Rivers.

NOTICE.

A REWARD of 200 Rupees will be given to any person procuring the apprehension of Isur-chunder Banerjee, an inhabitant of Jorasanko, in Calcutta, and late a Darogah of Ghant Monohurgunge, in the Salt Agency of 24 Pargannahs.

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF PILOT STATION FOR THE RIVER
HOOGHLY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that referring to the impracticability during the last S. W. Monsoon, owing to the encreasing resort of Shipping to the Port of Calcutta, to supply Pilots at the distant Station off Point Palmyras, the arrangements as noted in the following Memorandum from the Master Attendant, will be adopted for the next S. W. Monsoon.

MEMO.

1st.—A Pilot Vessel will be stationed off False Point during the next South West Monsoon, say from the 15th of March to the 15th of September 1842, bearing, according to circumstances, E. by N. a S. E. by S. from the Light House, and in from 10 to 15 fathoms depth of water.

2d.—This Vessel will exhibit by day when any others are in sight, besides the usual Company's Ensign at her Peak, a *large Danish Jack* (red with white cross) at her Main Top Gallant Mast Head, and at night a good Light in the same situation, besides burning a Blue Light every hour, and beating a Gong frequently in calm, thick weather, to warn Vessels coming from the Southward of her near neighbourhood. She will not however have any Pilots on board, the main object of her intended Station off False Point being to guard all inward bound Vessels from proceeding to the old Station off Point Palmyras during next season, and directing them to a new one in the South Channel between the Tails of the Eastern and Western Reefs, where Pilot Vessels will then be found in from 16 to 20 fathoms water, and from 6 to 8 Miles South West of the present South Channel Buoy, that Buoy laying in Lat. $20^{\circ} 58' 30''$ N. Long. $88^{\circ} 4'$ East of Greenwich, and in 12 fathoms water.

3d.—For the purpose of more distinctly marking the new Station, the Commanding Officer's Vessel there will always wear by day, when other Vessels are in sight, a *large St. George's Jack* (white with red cross) at her Main Top Gallant Mast Head, besides the usual Company's Colours at her Peak, and at night be distinguished by a constant good Mast Head Light, by Blue Lights and Maroons used alternately every half hour and also by Guns fired every four hours, say at 8 P. M., Midnight, and 4 A. M. with good Rockets discharged at the same time.

4th.—All Vessels are recommended to be most careful in coming over from False Point to the New Station by constant attention to that safe old Guide the Lead, and thereby correcting their Steerage as Tides or Currents may or may not set them out of their proper course, and they are also advised not to come under 16 fathoms, at night especially, till they reach the Pilot's Station and get their proper Pilots on board.

5th.—Lastly—All Vessels are directed not to approach the Pilot's Station at night without giving due warning, and not only by the exhibition of Lights, say 2 Vertical where best seen, but also by the discharge of a Gun, if they have any on board, as soon as they descrie the first Pilot Vessel near them. They are further recommended to be most careful not to come into collision with any of the Pilot Vessels at the Station on their own accounts no less than that of the Public as they will be held responsible for all Damages, and called upon afterwards to pay for all that may have arisen from bad Look-out, Inattention to Duty, or Carelessness of any kind whatever.

(Signed) T. T. HARRINGTON,

Master Attendant.

By order of the Marine Board,

C. B. GREENLAW, Secretary.

Fort William, the 18th October, 1841.

No. 1745.

NOTICE.

REFERRING to the Notification indicating the proposed change of the Pilot Station during the approaching S. W. Monsoon, the Marine Board hereby give Notice, that with the sanction of Government, a Chart of Captain Lloyd's late Survey of the Ground between Lacam's Channel and False Point is being lithographed for public Sale, and the following is copy of Instructions proposed by Captain Lloyd with a view to the more ready Guide of Vessels from False Point to the New Station.

"It has been proposed by the Master Attendant, and approved of by the Marine Board, to change the Cruizing Ground of the Pilot Vessels during the S. W. Monsoon, or between the 15th of March and 15th of September from their present Station off Point Palmyras, to a position 6 or 8 miles S. W. from the South Channel Buoy in from 16 to 20 fathoms, and the following directions are offered as a guide to direct Vessels from False Point Light House to the New Cruizing Station."

"False Point Light House is in Latitude $20^{\circ} 19\frac{1}{2}'$ N. and Longitude $86^{\circ} 47'$ E., and that of the South Channel Buoy in Latitude $20^{\circ} 59'$ N. and Longitude $88^{\circ} 4'$ E., and bears from the former N. 61 E. true or N. E. by E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. by Compass, distant 83 miles, and is laid in 12 fathoms."

"By an inspection of the Chart it will be seen that the Bank of Soundings off Point Palmyras extend in a direction towards the tail of the Western Sea Reef, and the nature of the bottom (as distinguished from that of the Hoogley deposit which is Sand and Mud with shining specks) is a gravelly substance composed of Sand Shells and small Pebbles discharged from the "Kunka" and other Rivers near Point Palmyras, the lighter materials of which being carried further out, is deposited and forms what is called the Pilot's Ridge, which in crossing to the N. W. shews a little less water than on either side, and in coming from Seaward you Shoal rather suddenly from 28 to 23 fathoms upon its Eastern edge. It is composed of a shelly Sand or Minute Gravel, of a reddish or rusty brown colour."

"The best Guide therefore to enable a Vessel to direct her course from False Point to the Vessels at the New Station will be to run down the edge of the Pilot's Ridge, and having made the Light House and brought it to bear about W. S. W. or S. W. by W. and distant by computation from 10 to 15 miles, should steer to the E. N. E., and having gradually increased her depth of water to 23 fathoms upon the Eastern edge of the Ridge, she should regulate her course to keep between it and 27 fathoms, when, by attention to the lead and nature of the Soundings, course, and distance run from the Light House, it is almost impossible to miss the Pilot Vessels (if the above limits are kept within) either by getting too far to Windward or falling to Leeward, for the Soundings increase so rapidly to Seaward from the proposed New Station, that 28 fathoms will not be more than 3 or 4 miles to the Southward of it, and 23 fathoms the same distance to the Westward of it."

"The Soundings to Seaward of the Ridge are in general a greenish or olive coloured mud, with occasionally a few bits of broken Shells mixed with it."

(Sd.) RD. LLOYD, Capt. I. N.

Offg. M. S. Genl.

The price of the Chart will be Rupees 2 each, and parties desirous of being supplied are requested to send their names for registry at this Office.

By Order of the Marine Board,

C. B. GREENLAW, Secy.

Fort William.

The 9th December, 1841.

[1005]

NOTICE of Public Sale for Arrears of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, Zillah Hooghly, on Tuesday, the 28th December 1841, corresponding with 15th Poose 1248 B. S.

Names of the Mehals to be sold, and of the Pergunah in which it is situated, and No. of Lot in Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietor.	Amount Sudder Jumna.	Arrears of Revenue, including Interest for the Kist of September 1841.	Remarks.
No. 28, Sankkholly, Pergh. } Bauliah,..... }	Prannath Chowdry, &c.,.....	10148 0 8	642 5 1	{ Produces Paddy, Sugarcanes, &c.
„ 29, Belly Do. Balgore, ... }	{ Golluckchunder Moker- jea, &c., }	10134 1 7	637 8 11	Ditto ditto ditto.
„ 30, Nakerbang Do. } Chunderconah,..... }	Ramchunder Gungopadhia, } &c., including Chackeran, }	11239 7 2	692 15 10	Ditto ditto ditto.

Hooghly Collector's Office, the 8th December, 1841.

W. H. BELLI, Collector.

NOTICE of Public Sale for Arrears of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, Zillah Hooghly, on Tuesday the 28th December 1841, corresponding with 15th Poose 1248 B. S.

Name of Mehals to be sold, and of the Pergunah in which it is situated, and Number of Lot in Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietors.	Amount Sudder Jumna.	Arrears of Revenue, including Interest for the Kist of September 1841.	Remarks.
No. 103, Mancoondah, Pergh. } Boroo, }	Dowarkanath Taccor, &c.,....	2331 8 7	365 8 8	{ Produces Paddy, Sugarcanes, &c.

Hooghly Collector's Office, the 8th December, 1841.

W. H. BELLI, Collector.

NOTICE

I hereby given, that Sealed Tenders of Contract, superscribed on the Envelope "Tenders for the supply of Rum," will be received by the Commissary General, Calcutta, on or before the 1st day of January next, for the annual supply at the Presidency, of from Sixty to Eighty Thousand Gallons of Rum, as may be required by the Commissariat during the terms of three or five years, as may be accepted from the 1st day of May 1842.

The Rum to be manufactured after the European method, and to be delivered on the Terms of the Contract, at the Commissariat Stores in Fort William, free of all other charges whatever, in quantities of 15,000 or 20,000 Gallons at a time, in the months of February, May, August and November of each year; the first delivery to be made in May 1842.—Casks will be found by the Commissariat.

The Rum to be pure and merchantable, made from Sugar Cane Molasses only, and at the time of delivery, of the age at the least, of three months, to be equal in quality, strength and proof, to what is commonly called London proof, such quality, proof, or strength to be ascertained, and decided upon, by the Commissary General, the Commissariat Officer in charge at Fort William, or by such other person, as may be duly authorized, in manner to be hereafter agreed upon.

The Tenders to be accompanied by a written Document, signed by two persons of credibility, and competency, acknowledging themselves, if the Terms be accepted, willing to become responsible by Deed, for the due performance of the Contractor's engagements.

WILL. BURLTON,

Commissary General.

Commissary General's Office,
Fort William,
25th November, 1841.

BANK OF BENGAL,

15TH DECEMBER, 1841.

A Meeting of the Proprietors is requested at the Bank on *Thursday*, the 30th instant, at Ten A. M., for the election of a Director in the room of James Church, Esquire, resigned.

The Poll will close at 3 P. M.

Published by order of the Directors,

T. BRACKEN,

Secretary to the Bank.

BENGAL MILITARY FUND.

IN conformity to the 27th and 28th Articles of the Regulations, a General Meeting of the Subscribers of the Military Fund, will be held at the Town Hall, on Monday, the 24th January 1842, at 11 o'Clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the inspection and approval of Accounts of the Fund, and of the proceedings of the Directors for the past year.

J. W. J. OUSELEY, President.

Fort William, Military Fund Office, }
19th November, 1841.

LOST in Royd Street, a Bengal Bank Note, No. 26,151, for Rs. 50. Whoever will bring it to the Printer, will receive a Reward, if required.

LOST,

HALVES of the Bank of Bengal Note, No. 24,011 for Co.'s Rs. 50 and No. 9125 for Co.'s Rs. 25, the property of Kumbhunder Chatterjee, the payment of which have been stopped at the Bank.

Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Thursday, the 8th day of January next, precisely at the hour of 12 o'clock at Noon, the Sheriff of Calcutta will put up to Public Sale at the Lower Verandah of the Court House, near the entrance into the Sheriff's Office, by Virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias in his hands against Omachurn Bonnerjee,—

1. The Right, Title, and Interest of the said Omachurn Bonnerjee, of, in, and to a piece or parcel of Land or Ground, with several Buildings and a Tank thereon, containing, by estimation, Twenty-eight Biggahs, more or less, situate, lying, and being at Sulkea, in the District of the 24-Pergunnahs, called or known by the name of Bazar Hurro Gunge, and butted and bounded in manner following: (that is to say,) on the East by a Lane, on the South by a Public Road, on the North by a Lane and on the West by the Land of Bhubannychurn Ghose.

2. Also, the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Omachurn Bonnerjee, of, in, and to Six Annas Share of an Aymah Talook, called or known by the name of Curram Jullah, consisting of Six Bharries, viz., Bharry Khoorygatchee, Bharry Dawkateah, Bharry Carreecheah, Bharry Poorbojullah, Bharry Kakah and Bharry Khapookooreah, situate in the Pergunnah Chowmowah and in the District of Hooghley.

3. Also, the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Omachurn Bonnerjee, of, in, and to another Aymah Talook, called or known by the name of Doorgahpore, consisting of Five Mouzahs, viz., Mouzah Door-gapore, Mouzah Kadarapore, Mouzah Lonatickre, Mouzah Padarchuck and Mouzah Sreerampore, situate in the Pergunnah Bhoorsoot and in the District of Hooghley.

4. Also, the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Omachurn Bonnerjee, of, in, and to Six Annas Share of a Talook, called or known by the name of Turruff Neamutpore, consisting of 13 Mouzahs, viz., Turruff Neamutpore, Kulleanpore, Sydapore, Joyrampore, Baugoonbarreah, Lurrooppore, Baumoondangah, Chur Neamutpore, Hookmah, Billcandah, Adumpore, Luckseepore and Ramnathpore, situate in the Pergunnah of Maumoodshoye and in the District of Jessore.

5. Also, the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Omachurn Bonnerjee, of, in, and to a Talook, called or known by the name of Fulleah, consisting of Six Mouzahs, viz., Mouzah Fulleah, Mouzah Khawifulleah, Mouzah Nawcalfulleah, Mouzah Tambillah, Mouzah Bowalleah and Mouzah Perrycatty, situate in the said Pergunnah Maumoodshoye and in the District of Jessore aforesaid.

6. Also, the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Omachurn Bonnerjee, of, in, and to Eight Annas Share of another Talook, called or known by the name of Dhaunbarry, consisting of 2 Mouzahs, viz., Turruff Dhaunbarree and Moorarydoho, situate in the said Pergunnah Maumoodshoye and in the District of Jessore aforesaid.

7. And also, the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Omachurn Bonnerjee, of, in, and to all that One-eleventh part or share of, and in an Upper-roomed Brick-built Kutcharybatty, with a piece or parcel of Land thereunto belonging, containing, by estimation, Four Biggahs, more or less, situate, lying, and being in the Talook called Fulleah, in Pergunnah Maumoodshoye, and in the Zillah of Jessore, and butted and bounded as follows: (that is to say,) on the South by Company's Creek, on the North by a Nuddy, on the West and East by Lands appertaining to the Talook of the said Defendant.

The Conditions of Sale may be known by applying at the Sheriff's Office.

TOPOGRAPHY OF ASSAM,

By JOHN MCCOSH,

Officiating Second Assistant Surgeon General Hospital and

Officiating Lecturer in Clinical Medicine, New Medical College, Calcutta.

Royal 8vo. with 6 Lithograph Sketches. Price 5 Rupees.

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G. H. HUTTMANN, *Mily. Orphan Press.*



The Calcutta Gazette.

Published by Authority.

It is requested that Government Notifications for the Calcutta Gazette, of any length, may be sent to the Press before Noon of Tuesday, and those of a few lines only before 5 P. M. of that day.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1841.

FORT WILLIAM,
GENERAL DEPARTMENT, 26TH JUNE, 1832.

All Public Officers of Government sending Advertisements to the *Calcutta Gazette* for Publication, are hereby directed to make them as short as possible, and to specify always how many times the Advertisement shall be repeated.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Vice President in Council,

H. T. PRINSEP, Secy. to the Govt.

FORT WILLIAM,
FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 19TH NOVEMBER, 1838.

The following revised Terms and Conditions for making Advances in India and China upon Goods and Merchandize consigned to England are published for general information, also the following paragraphs 5 and 6 of the despatch of the Hon'ble Court of Directors, dated 17th August, prescribing the same for future observance.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR MAKING ADVANCES IN INDIA AND CHINA, UPON

The Goods and Merchandize of Individuals intended for Consignment to England, re-payable to the Court of Directors of the East India Company.

1st.—The parties to whom Advances may be made shall agree that the respective Consignments be delivered into such Warehouses as the Court of Directors may approve: and that they be subject to the control of the Court of Directors until the lien of the Company upon the Consignment shall have been satisfied.

2d.—Upon each Consignment, the value of which is to be ascertained by the Officers of the Indian Government, or Authorized Agents of the East India Company, an Advance not exceeding three-fifths of such ascertained value will be made.

The rate of Exchange to be determined from time to time at the place where the Advance is made under the Court's orders.

3d.—For re-payment of the Advance, Bills of Exchange to be drawn in duplicate, at six months sight, at the rate of—

Per Company's Rupee for Advances made at.....	Bengal.
Ditto.....	Madras.
Ditto.....	Bombay.
Per Spanish Dollar Ditto.....	China.

4th.—The Parties will be required to place in the hands of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, Bills of Lading of the Consignment and Policies of Insurance effected thereon, both in duplicate. The Bills of Lading must be drawn

deliverable to the East India Company, or endorsed to the order of the East India Company. The Policies of Insurance must be effected in the name and on behalf of the East India Company, as the Parties interested, or endorsed to their order; but persons desirous of effecting the necessary Insurance in this Country, and of depositing the Policies in the Company's Treasury, will be allowed to do so.

5th.—In case of default being made either in acceptance, or payment of the Bills, the Court of Directors to be authorized, in such manner and at such times as they may see fit to sell the Goods, for the purpose of re-paying the Company the amount of the Advances made thereon, including Freight and any other charges or expenses which the Company may have incurred on account of the Consignment, together with interest, should any have accrued; the Company, on the other hand, allowing discount, where any part of the proceeds shall be realized before the Bills fall due; and the settlement of either surplus or deficiency shall be made with the Consignor; and if in India or China by the Government or Agents from whom he received the Advance, at the rate of exchange at which the Company may at the time be drawing Bills upon such Government or Agents.

6th.—An Agent in England shall be appointed for each Consignment, to whom the Court of Directors shall be empowered to make over the Goods, subject to all the conditions agreed upon with the Company, on payment of the Bills; and with whom they shall be authorized to transact generally all business relating to such Goods. The Consignor shall be at liberty to make provision, in case of the Party upon whom the Bill is drawn, (being also the Agent) having failed to accept the Bill, for the substitution of another Agent.

7th.—After the arrival of the Goods in England and when they shall have been placed in such deposit as may have been agreed upon, the Agent may be put into possession of them before the Bills become due, upon the amount of such Bills (less discount) being paid, together with the Freight and any other charges and expenses which the Company have paid or may be subject to on account of the Goods.

8th.—The rate of Discount to be allowed by the Company shall be the same as that charged by the Bank of England; and in cases where interest shall have accrued, such interest shall be computed at the rate or rates per cent. at which the Company have allowed Discount during the period for which such interest is chargeable.

9th.—Parties or their Agents will be required to insure the Goods from Fire, and deposit the Policies with the East India Company; such Insurance to take effect from the date of the termination of the Sea risk. Should however the Parties or their Agents fail to effect such Insurance, the East India Company shall be at liberty to insure the Goods, the expense of which shall be reimbursed to them previously to their making over the Goods to these Parties or their Agents.

10th.—Parties receiving Advances, to address in each instance a Letter in quadruplicate to the Court of Directors, according to a form which will be furnished by the Officers of Government (or authorized Agents of the East India Company), signifying their assent to all the foregoing conditions, but more particularly for the purpose of expressly authorizing the sale of the Goods by the Company (without either notice to or concurrence of any person whomsoever) at any period after default shall be made either in acceptance or payments of the Bills; also authorizing, in such cases, the re-paying to the Company the Advances made, either principal or interest, together with any other charges & expenses which the Company may have incurred in respect of the Goods, and appointing the Agent in England for each transaction.

Extract of a Despatch from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors in the Financial Department, dated the 17th August, No. 18 of 1838.

5.—In future we desire that you will restrict your Advances to the great staple Articles of Indian Produce, Cotton, Silk, Sugar, Coffee, Indigo, Salt Peter and Piece Goods—and further that no Advance be made upon any Consignment the ascertained value of which shall be less than 5,000 Rupees.

6.—Several Packages of Tobacco upon which you have made Advances have been seized by the Officers of Customs, in consequence of their having been imported in illegal Packages.—Extracts from the Acts 8 and 4, Will. 4, Cap. 52, Sec. 58, and 6th and 7th Will. 4, Cap. 60, Sec. 4, relating to the Article of Tobacco, are transmitted in the Packet.

Published by Order of the Hon'ble the President of the Council of India in Council,

H. T. PRINSEP,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,
FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 3D JUNE, 1841.

Notice is hereby given, that the Board of Customs Salt and Opium have been authorized to make Advances of Cash to Merchants on Bills of Exchange, secured by consignment of Goods at the rate of 2s. 1d. per Company's Rupee, until further Orders. In all other respects the Terms and Conditions of these Advances will be the same as advertised under dates the 2d May 1838 and 27th November 1839.

Published by order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor of Bengal,

G. A. BUSHBY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 298.

FORT WILLIAM,
GENERAL DEPARTMENT,

The Right Honorable the Governor having had before him Specimens of Book Printing executed at the Military Orphan Press and two other Presses at this Presidency, with the rates of charge which obtain at the three Establishments, is pleased, on the present occasion of renewing the Government Contract with the Orphan Press, to interdict all Government Officers from employing, without the previous sanction of the Government, other than the Contract Press for the execution of Public Works.

By order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor of Bengal,

G. A. BUSHBY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 3581.

FORT WILLIAM,
POLITICAL DEPARTMENT,
DATED 20TH DECEMBER, 1841.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to order the Appointments to the Malwa Contingent, Gazetted under date the 16th of December, No. 3510, to have effect from the resignation or departure of Major McMahon, Commanding the Corps.

Lieutenant S. J. Beecher, of the 11th Regiment B. N. I., is placed at the disposal of the Resident at Indore, for employment in the Malwa Contingent.

By Order of the Governor General of India in Council,

T. H. MADDOCK,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PORT WILLIAM,
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT,

THE 13TH DECEMBER, 1841.

The following Act passed by the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council on the 13th December 1841, is hereby promulgated for general information:

Act No. XXIX. of 1841.

An Act for amending such parts of the Bengal and Madras Codes as concern the dismissal of Suits and Appeals for neglecting to proceed in the same.

I. It is hereby enacted, that if a Plaintiff or Appellant in any Court shall, at any time, neglect to proceed in his Suit or Appeal for six weeks, the Suit or Appeal shall be dismissed; and it shall not be necessary to give the Plaintiff or Appellant any notice previous to dismissing his Suit or Appeal. The Suit or Appeal shall be dismissed as of course after the expiration of six weeks without any proceeding on the part of the Court, or of the Defendant, or otherwise, or assignment of any reasons, unless the Plaintiff or Appellant, or his representative in case of his death, upon special application, shall have previously satisfied the Court of the propriety of allowing further time. The Court shall record upon the proceedings the reasons at large for allowing further time in all cases in which further time may be allowed, but it shall not be necessary to specify the reasons for refusing any application for further time.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that in all cases in which a Suit or Appeal is dismissed under the preceding Section the Court shall award to the Defendant or Respondent the costs he may have incurred in the Suit or Appeal. But such dismissal shall be no impediment to the institution of a new Suit or Appeal, where the party is not precluded by lapse of time, or period of Appeal, or otherwise than by the mere circumstances of having instituted the Suit or Appeal dismissed and of such dismissal, and such dismissed Suit or Appeal shall not prevent lapse of time under the Law of Limitations being incurred.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that Clause 2, Section 27, Regulation XXIII of 1814, of the Bengal Code, and Clause 2, Section 26, Regulation VI. of 1816, of the Madras Code, are repealed, and no appeal shall lie against the decision passed in accordance with the provisions of the preceding Clauses of this Act, other than a summary appeal on the fact of default.

T. H. MADDOCK,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 17TH DECEMBER, 1841.

Mr. G. F. McClintock, Government Agent and Secretary to the Government Savings Bank, reported his return from the Cape of Good Hope on the 9th instant, and resumed charge of his Offices on the 16th idem.

G. A. BUSHBY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 168.

FORT WILLIAM,
GENERAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 15TH DECEMBER, 1841.

Notice is hereby given, that the Salaries and Allowances of the Civil and Marine Departments for December, Instant, will be discharged by the Sub-Treasurer and Marine Paymaster respectively, on or after Saturday, the 15th Proximo.

Published by Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council,

G. A. BUSHBY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT, 15TH DEC 1841.

Notice is hereby given, that the Pay, Batta, and other Allowances for December 1841 of the Troops at the Presidency and at the other Stations of the Army, will be issued on or after Monday, the 10th, Proximo.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council,

J. BURNETT, Lt.-Col.
Secy. to the Govt. of India, Military Dept.

No. 1190.
AGRA,
ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 11TH DECEMBER, 1841.
APPOINTMENT,

Reverend John Spencer to Officiate as Chaplain of Kurnaul.
Reverend Robert Perkins Brooke to be Chaplain of Loodhiana and Ferozepore.
By Order of the Honorable the Lieutenant Governor,
R. N. C. HAMILTON.
Offg. Secy. to Govt. N. W. P.

Nos. 2290, 2304, 2307, 2309 and 2341.
ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR OF THE NORTH WESTERN PROVINCES.

AGRA.
APPOINTMENT.
JUDICIAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
THE 9TH DECEMBER, 1841.

Mr. W. F. Thompson to Officiate as Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Allyghur.
Mr. J. S. Dumergue to Officiate as Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Goruckpore.
Mr. R. B. Morgan to be Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Meerut, and to Officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Budaon, till further orders.
This cancels Mr. Morgan's appointment, of the 16th instant, to Humeerpore.
Mr. H. S. Ravenshaw to officiate as Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Meerut, until further orders.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 10TH DECEMBER, 1841.
Lieut. James Sleeman, Assistant to the Commissioner for the Suppression of Dacoity, is invested with the powers of a Joint Magistrate in the Districts noted in the margin*.
* Bareilly. Moradabad. Pilibheet. Shahjehanpore. Bijnour. Budaon.
The above authority will be exercised by Lieutenant Sleeman, under the direction of the Magistrates of the respective Districts, in addition to the special powers which he now exercises under the direction of the Commissioner for the Suppression of Dacoity.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.
JUDICIAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. C. T. LeBas, Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Humeerpore, for two months, from the 1st January 1842, to proceed to Bombay; and also for a further period of one year, to proceed to Europe, on his private affairs.

APPOINTMENTS.
JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 11TH DECEMBER, 1841.
Mr. W. H. Benson to be Judge of Moradabad.
Mr. R. Neave to be Judge of Azimghur.
JUDICIAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENT.
Mr. H. B. Harrington to be Magistrate and Collector of Azimghur, and to continue to officiate as Judge of Jannpore.
Mr. S. G. Smith to be Magistrate and Collector of Gorgahna.

The foregoing Appointments to have effect from the date of sailing of the Vessel on which Mr. W. P. Okeden may embark for Europe.
Mr. C. C. Jackson to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Azimghur.
Mr. W. S. Donalson to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Futtahpore.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.
Mr. James Leas to officiate as Additional Sessions Judge of Bundelkand.
R. N. C. HAMILTON.
Offg. Secy. to Govt. N. W. P.

No. 1770.
ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR NORTH WESTERN PROVINCES.

AGRA.
LEAVE OF ABSENCE.
REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
THE 10TH DECEMBER, 1841.

Mr. R. M. Bird, Member of the Sudder Board of Revenue, for three months, to proceed to Calcutta, preparatory to his retiring from the service.
Mr. A. U. C. Plowden, Collector of Customs, Agra, on Medical Certificate, till the 4th September 1842, in extension of the leave granted him under Orders of the 27th March 1841.

R. N. C. HAMILTON,
Offg. Secy. to Govt. N. W. P.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 20th December, 1841.

No. 287 of 1841.—Captain John Welchman, of the 10th Regiment N. I., Assistant Adjutant General of the Army, having reported his return to the Presidency, is directed to assume charge of the Adjutant General's Office at the Presidency from this date.
The unexpired portion of the leave of absence granted to Captain Welchman, in General Orders No. 17 of the 27th January 1840, is cancelled from the 17th instant.

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.
Secy. to the Govt. of India, Milly. Dept.

FORT WILLIAM, 20th December, 1841.

No. 288 of 1841.—The undermentioned Gentlemen are admitted to the Service, in conformity with their Appointment by the Hon'ble the Court of Directors as Cadets of Cavalry and Infantry, and an Assistant Surgeon on this Establishment: The Cadets are promoted to the rank of Cornet and Ensign, from the dates assigned to them in General Orders, Nos. 184, 206 and 270, of the 28th July and 1st September last, and 1st instant:

	Cavalry.	Date of arrival at Fort William.
Mr. William Adam Anstruther	Thomson.....	17th Dec. 1841.
„ Thomas Theophilus Boileau...	Infantry.	17th Do. „
Mr. Dormer Augustus Chase.....		15th Dec. 1841.
„ Henry Borlase Stevens.....		17th Do. „
Mr. Charles Lindsay Cox.....	Medical Department.	17th Dec. 1841.

The following Officers have returned to their duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to their rank, by permission of the Hon'ble the Court of Directors:

	Date of arrival at Fort William.
Lieut. Col. and Brevet Colonel William Battine, C. B., of the Regiment of Artillery,	17th Dec. 1841.
Lieut. Henry Redmill Deany, of the 20th Regiment N. I.,	15th Do. „
Lieut. William Carnegie, of the 56th Regiment Native Infantry,	17th Do. „
Surgeon Charles Mackinnon, of the Medical Department,	14th Do. „
Ensign Thomas Ellis Bridgeman Lees, of the 49d Regiment N. I., is permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, on Medical Certificate.	

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.
Secy. to the Govt. of India, Milly. Dept.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council having been pleased to direct that a double Express despatch (weight 400 Tolas) be allowed with each future Overland Mail for the accommodation of the Calcutta Mercantile Community and the Public in general, a double Express despatch will in future be forwarded with each Overland Mail.

J. J. HARVEY,
Offg. Post Master General.
Fort William, Govt. Post Office,
20th December 1841.

IT is hereby notified that, unless marked for particular Ships, all Letters received at the General Post Office between Monday the 13th December and Sunday the 19th December, both dates inclusive, were despatched by the undermentioned Vessels, which sailed from Calcutta on dates specified:

Letters received on dates from and to.	By what Ships despatched.	Bound to.	Remarks.
13th December.....	John Mitchell.....	London.....	Left Town on the 13th inst.
14th to 19th ditto, ..	Bloemage,	Liverpool.....	Will sail on the 23d ditto.
13th to 16th ditto.....	John Brightman.....	Singapore and China.....	Left Town on the 16th ditto.
13th to 19th ditto, ..	Adele Marquard.....	Sydney.....	Will sail in a day or two.
Ditto.....	Madagascar.....	Cape of Good Hope,	Ditto 5th Proximo.

Wm. MOORE, Deputy Post Master.
Calcutta, General Post Office, the 21st December, 1841.

MEMORANDUM.

The Ball dropped this-day Half a Second ($\frac{1}{2}$) after Mean Noon.

(Signed) V. L. REES,

In charge of the Observatory.

Surveyor General's Office,
Calcutta, 21st Dec. 1841.

NOTICE.—The Public are hereby informed, that Excavations, surrounded with fences, and having lights at night, are in progress in the undermentioned Thoroughfares in the Town of Calcutta.

Lower North Division.

Old China Bazar Street from No. 182 to the Wall of Armenian Church Compound planking over the Drain, &c.

Upper S. and Lower North Division.

From Lall Bazar through Rada Bazar, and Old China Bazar to the Western extremity of Moorgyhatta Street, an Aqueduct to be built.

Khungraputty Street, Westside, a portion of the Drain to be arched over.

R. M. J. ROSE,

Supt. Roads and Conservancy.

NOTIFICATION.

AS difficulties may arise in consequence of claims for Still Head Duty being made upon the excess above or deficiency below the Invoice amount of Rum as despatched from Distilleries, the following Form of Entry and Rate of Calculation for the wastage which may occur within a given time, is made public, as proper to be added to all Invoices of Rum, when despatched from the Distilleries.

" Claimed for wastage and evaporation on the above quantity for the first five days of a probable period of " days — Gallons."

" For the remaining period at the rate of 2½ per Cent. " — Gallons."

2. On gauging or proving the despatch of Rum, should the excess above or deficiency below the Invoice quantity be within the limit claimed, Still Head Duty will not be exacted on the said excess or deficiency.

3. Should the wastage exceed the calculated rate (which is taken at an estimation made on the distance wastage already allowed) the Board will in such case expect payment of duty on the quantity deficient, or a special explanation of the circumstances which may have occasioned the deficiency.

4. For more convenient reference the rates of distance wastage are hereto appended.

For a distance for 100 miles,..... 5 per Cent.

" for 200 ditto, 7½ ditto.

All distance above 200 ditto, 10 per Cent.

By order of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, the 17th December 1841,

H. TORRENS, Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undermentioned quantity of Pungah Salt is for Sale at the rate specified below. Purchasers to satisfy themselves as to the quality of the Salt in question by personal inspection of the Musters at the Government Golahs at Raugundy, and the Rowannah first presented there to be entitled to the first delivery.

DESCRIPTION OF SALT.

Agency.	Ghaut.	Year of Manufacture.	Quantity.	Price per 100 Mds.
Tuffaul Salt of the } 24-Pergunnahs,	Baugundy,	1247 S. S.,	Mds. 88,000	Co.'s Rs. 485.

Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, the 21st December, 1841.

H. TORRENS, Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undermentioned quantities of Pungah Salt are for Sale at the rate specified below. Purchasers to satisfy themselves as to the quality of the Salt in question by personal inspection of the Musters at the Golahs at Salkee, and the Rowannah first presented there to be entitled to the first delivery.

DESCRIPTION OF SALT.

Agency.	Ghaut.	Year of Manufacture.	Quantity.	Price.
Khordah Pungah Salt } in Golahs, No. 48,	Salkee,	1245 S. S.,	Mds. 2015 0	Co.'s Rs. 448
Do. K. Golah, No. 88,	Ditto,	Ditto,	" 174 00	" 448

Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, the 21st December, 1841.

H. TORRENS, Secretary.

NOTIFICATION.

AKARRY.—With reference to the Notification issued from this Office on the 29th June last, Shippers of Rum are hereby informed, that the date from which the imposition of 8 Annas duty on every Gallon of Rum shipped in quantities below one thousand Gallons was announced as to take effect (viz. 1st July 1841,) has been, under the authority of Government, altered to the 1st January 1842.

By order of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, the 13th August, 1841,

H. TORRENS, *Secretary.*

NOTIFICATION.

FORT WILLIAM, OPIUM DEPARTMENT,

THE 1ST NOVEMBER, 1841.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Monday, the 3d day of January 1842, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the Forenoon, will be put up to Sale, at the Exchange Rooms at Calcutta, and sold by Public Auction, for Exportation by Sea, the undermentioned Quantity of Opium, the Provision of 1840-41, subject to the following Conditions, viz.

Produce of Behar Agency Opium, Chests.....	4,000
Ditto of Benares Ditto,	1,500
Total Chests,...	5,500

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. The Opium will be sold for Exportation by Sea only and no Certificate will be granted except to cover such Export.

2. The Opium to be offered for Sale at an upset Price of Rupees 400 per Chest, and to be all sold to the highest bidder above that price.

3. If at the above Sale the entire quantity of 5,500 Chests shall not be sold, it shall subsequently be competent for the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, to dispose of the Lots which remain on hand at future Sales.

4. Each Lot to contain Five Chests.

5. A Deposit in a Promissory Note for 1,000 Rupees per Lot, or 200 Rupees per Chest, shall be made by the Purchaser in the Sale Room, and before the Lot is registered in the Sale Book, and all such Promissory Notes shall be redeemed on the part of Purchasers at this Office by Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, or by substitution of other Public Securities of the Bengal Government, on or before 1 o'clock of the Afternoon of Friday, the 7th January 1842, or on the other hand, failing such redemption by the time aforesaid, then the Lot or Lots for which no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, or Deposit of other Public Securities as aforesaid, shall have been delivered in, shall be re-sold at such time or times, and under such Conditions of Re-sale as the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, shall see fit, and all losses and expenses whatsoever attending such Re-sale, shall be borne and paid by the Defaulters, whilst any profit accruing from such Re-sale shall be forfeited to Government.

6. The Promissory Notes taken on the day of Sale under the last mentioned Condition, if remaining unredeemed on the said 7th January 1842, will be placed in the hands of the Attorney to the Hon'ble Company for realization in such manner as to him shall seem fit.

7. No Tender of Money, Sub-Treasurer's Receipts or Public Securities on account of Opium upon which the prescribed Deposit may not have been made before 4 o'clock of the 7th January, will be afterwards accepted.

8. The Opium now advertised for Sale, shall be paid for within One Calendar Month from the day of Sale, that is to say, no Treasury Receipt will be accepted in payment after 4 p. m. of Thursday the 8d February 1842, and in case any Lots of such Opium shall not be so paid for and adjusted, then the Cash Deposit of 1,000 Rupees per Lot, or 200 Rupees per Chest, or any Public Securities that may have been deposited on account of such Lots or Chests, shall be forfeited, and the Opium be disposed of on account of Government at such time and in such manner as the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, shall think fit.

9. Purchasers taking out Certificates or Orders for the delivery of Opium, after making full payment as above prescribed, shall have the option of naming the number of Lots of their purchase which they may desire to be included in each Certificate or Order, and it is to be clearly understood that the Certificates or Orders so taken out shall be considered final, and not afterwards changeable for other Certificates or Orders authorizing the delivery of single Lots or of a different number of Lots or Chests, whether more or less than the number of Lots or Chests originally required to be included in each Certificate or Order.

10. No Sub-Treasurer's Receipts or Deposit of Public Securities under the fifth of the present Conditions, will be received in this Office except from the party recorded as the Purchaser in the Sale Book, or his authorized Agent. The Receipt for such Deposit will be granted only in the name of such Purchaser, and the Public Securities deposited will be returned when the clearance has been made by the said Purchaser or his order.

11. The Officer Superintending the Sale on the part of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, is empowered to reject at his discretion the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall on demand tender at the time a Deposit either in Bank of Bengal Notes, Sub-Treasurer's Receipts or other Government Securities equal to One Thousand Rupees per Lot (or Two Hundred Rupees per Chest,) on each Lot so bid for.

12. The Purchaser of any Lot shall have the option of naming and purchasing in immediate succession any number of Lots of the same Agency Opium to the extent of Fifty Lots; and for the Lots so purchased, the Purchaser shall deposit 1,000 Rupees per Lot, and pay the same price per Chest as that for which he purchased his first Lot, provided always that there remain a sufficient number of Lots of that Opium to complete the said Fifty, but not otherwise.

13. In the event of any dispute or difference touching or concerning any matter, or question arising out of the Sale of the Opium included in this Notification, or adjustment of the account thereof, the same shall, and may be tried and decided in the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, and all and every Plea and Pleas to the jurisdiction of the said Supreme Court shall be waived.

14. The following Papers, together with Samples of the Opium for Sale, will be exhibited for inspection on the day of Sale, or may be seen previously to that date, by application at the Office of the Secretary to the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium.

No. 1. Certificate of the Opium now advertised for Sale.

No. 2. Report of the examination of such Opium.

15. The Public are hereby informed, that in providing the investment of the Behar and Benares Opium for the year 1840-41, the same precautions have been taken as those which have been observed during past years, to have the Drug procured and sent down in a pure state, to have only the prescribed quantity of leaves used in forming the cakes, and to have the due proportion of Opium put into each cake. An account of the weight of the Drug when packed at Behar and Benares, and a Statement of the average weight of Six Chests from each dispatch at Calcutta, may be seen on application at the Office of the Secretary to the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium.

16. Four Chests of Behar and Benares Opium which have been reserved from the provision of the two preceding years, will be also shewn to the Purchasers on the day of Sale to enable them to judge of the state of preservation in which the Drug has kept.

17. The Public are hereby informed that in addition to the quantity abovementioned of the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to Sale this year on or about the dates specified below:

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about February... 7th,	1400	600	2000
On or about April 18th,	3000	1200	4200
On or about May 23rd,	1600	900	2500
On or about June 27th,	3014	1146	4160
	9014	3846	12860

18. It is hereby further notified that under the 6th Article of the Convention between Great Britain and France dated the 7th March 1815 quoted below, the Agents in India of His Majesty the King of the French, or Persons duly appointed by them, are entitled to demand that out of the quantities of Behar and Benares Opium declared as above for Sale at the five Sales in the months of January, February, April, May and June, there shall be delivered to them at the average of the particular Sale or Sales to which the Opium so applied for may belong, a quantity not exceeding in the aggregate 300 Chests, and the Agents of the French Government must make requisition for the whole of the Opium required by them during the year within 30 days after the publication of this Advertisement specifying the particular Sale or Sales from which the quantity of Opium is intended to be taken. If the Agents of the

French Government shall not make the requisition for Opium within the time abovementioned, the entire quantity of about 18,360 Chests of Behar and Benares Opium as above estimated will be brought to Sale in the usual manner, and if they shall make application for a quantity of Opium to be delivered to them out of the quantity advertised for Sale at each or any of the five Sales abovementioned, but shall not pay for it within the prescribed period of payment, the Governor of Bengal reserves to himself the right of disposing of the Opium which the French Authorities may so fail to pay for either by increasing the quantity reserved at the Sale next ensuing the date of payment, or by selling it at a Sale to be held expressly for the purpose.

Article of the Convention "to the Trade in Opium it is agreed between the High Contracting Parties that at each of the periodical Sales of that Article there shall be reserved for the French Government, and delivered upon requisition duly made by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, or by the persons duly appointed by them the number of Chests so applied for, provided that such supply shall not exceed three hundred Chests in each year, and the price for the same shall be determined by the average rate at which Opium shall have been sold at every such periodical Sale, it being understood that if the quantity of Opium applied for at any one time shall not be taken on account of the French Government by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty within the usual period of delivery, the quantity so applied for, shall nevertheless be considered as so much in reduction of the three hundred Chests herein before mentioned—the requisitions for Opium as aforesaid are to be addressed to the Governor General at Calcutta within thirty days after notice of the intended Sales shall have been published in the Government Gazette."

By Order of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium,
H. TORRENS, Secretary.

NOTICE.

THE Agents of Mr. J. Russel, who left Calcutta for Monghyr with Rupees 5,000 in Bank Notes, on or about the 19th October last, are requested to give speedy notice to this Court of the numbers of the said Bank Notes, in order that some clue may be found to trace that gentleman, who is reported to be missing.

A. TURNBULL,
Offg. Magistrate.

Zillah Burdwan. Fonzdarry Adawlut,
The 9th December, 1841.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that 26 cases of Stores have been raised from a sunken Boat in the Bhagirattee River. The address upon one Case is "Lieutenant Colonel Bedford, 6th Regiment N. I., care of W. Liddel, Mirzapore."

Also, 11 cases of Wine, &c., marked J. S., Mussooree, have been saved from a Boat destroyed by fire in the Bhagirattee.

Persons claiming the property are requested to apply to the undersigned.

Wm. M. SMYTH, Captain, Engineers,
Supt. N. Rivers.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta. NOTICE is hereby given, that the matters of the Petition and Schedule (the same having been filed in the Court) of

DAVID BROWN,

of Tehoot, Indigo Planter, and now a Prisoner for debt in the Gaol at Calcutta, will be heard on Saturday, the 5th day of February next, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

No Creditors will be allowed at the Hearing to oppose the Discharge of a Prisoner, unless he shall have given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of Hearing.

Office of Registrar, 20th December, 1841.
Mr. B. Smeeth, Atty.

কলিকাতার জোত্রহীন করজব্বারদের পরি
ত্রাণার্থে আদালত—

এতদ্বারা য় ধর দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে এই আ
দালতের হাঙ্গিন করা আরম্ভী ও কদের বিবর নি
চের নামিত—

ডেবিট বোনের—

বিনি ভিক্ট নিবাসী বিনকর একনে কলিক
তা জেলে দেবার নিমিত্তে কয়েদ আছে এই আ
দালতের হাঙ্গিন করা আরম্ভী ও কদের বিবর নি
চের নামিত—

কোন মহাঙ্গন আগত্য করিতে পারিবেন
নাই খানসিতে কোন কয়েদীর জমা পি সুনানির
নিয়মিত বিবরের পূর্ পূর্ণ তিন দিবস থাকিতে
চিফ কলেক্ট সাহেবকে সংবাদ না দেন—

একজামিনর সাহেবের আকিষ—

সন ১৮৪১ সাল ২০ ডিসেম্বর—

মেং য়ারঃ সুইনহো উকিল—

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.
NOTICE is hereby given, that on Saturday, the 18th
day of December 1841,

James Colquhoun and James Church, lately carrying
on business in Copartnership at Calcutta with one
Hugh Colquhoun, who is now believed to be on
his voyage from Great Britain, under the style and
firm of Boyd and Company,

Have, without being in prison, applied by Petition,
alleging that they are in insolvent circumstances, but
that they have some Estate and Effects to the amount
of half their debts, of which immediate possession may
be given to an Assignee, and praying for the benefit
of the Statute 9th Geo. IV. cap. 73, entitled "An Act
to provide for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in the
East Indies, &c." and their Petition hath been filed
in the Court: and at the time of presenting the same,
the said Petitioners executed an Assignment in trust
for the benefit of their Creditors, to the Common
Assignee of the said Court, of all their real and
personal Estate and Effects, Rights, Dues, Claims,
Choses in Action and Interest, which they then had,
or were entitled to, or which might in any way come
to, or be acquired by them, before the Court should
have made a final Order in the matter of the said
Petition.

WADDINGTON & SANDES, Attornies.
Calcutta, 18th December, 1841.

কলিকাতার জোত্রহীন করজব্বারদের পরি
ত্রাণার্থে আদালত—

এতদ্বারা য় ধর দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সন ১৮৪১
সালের ডিসেম্বর মাস ১৮ শনিবার তারিখে—

জেমিস কোহান ও জেমিস চর্চ সঙ্গতি কার
বার করিতেন ইদ্বারা হিউ কোহান সাহে
বের সহিত জিমি একমে বোধ হয় নো) বিটেন হ
ইতে পাবে আশীতোছেন করজব্বারি ও একজন
গিরি হাইড এবং কোহানির নাম ও উপাধিতে

বিনে কয়েদে কলিকাতার আদালত করজব্বার।
মেং য়ারঃ সাহেবের আদালত করজব্বার এক আর
দী দ বিল করিয়াছেন যে তদ্বারা বিনে, বনি
নানাবিধ হাঙ্গিন নিকটে জিমি ও দেবার আ
দেব করজব্বারের মাং ও করজব্বার করজব্বার
আদে করজব্বার করজব্বার করজব্বার এক করজব্বার

কারের হস্তে এই প্রাচীনকে যে চতুর্ভুজ বা
শাহের বাদশাহের ১ বৎসরের প্রকাশিত আই
নের ৭৩ ধারার জাহার নাম হিন্দুদের
অক্রম ধর্ম্মিগের পরিজ্ঞার্থ আইন জাহার নি
খিত আজ্ঞা তাহাদিগের মধ্যে অমলে আইনে
এবং এই অরজী দাখিল কালিন এই উক্ত আরজদ
বারান এই আদালতে সাধারণ মজিয়ারকারের নি
কট তাহাদিগের মহাজনগনের উপকারার্থে তাবত
দ্বাবর ও অদ্বাবর বিষয় জাহা। একনে তাহাদিগের
হস্তে আইনে শিয়া উপাধীন করেন এই সকলের
এক মজিয়ারনামা লিখিয়া দিয়াছেন—

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of the Petition of James Colquhoun and James Church, of Calcutta, Merchants and Agents, and now seeking the benefit of the Act of the Ninth year of the reign of His late Majesty George the Fourth, entitled an Act to provide for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in the East Indies. Notice is hereby given, that by an Order made in this matter on the 18th day of December, instant, the further Hearing of the Petition of the said Insolvents is adjourned until Friday next, the 24th day of December, instant, at a quarter before 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

WADDINGTON & SANDES, Attorneys.

Calcutta, 20th December, 1841.

কলিকাতার জোত্রহীম করজদারানেরদিগের
পরিজ্ঞার্থে আদালত—

জেমিস কোহেন ও জেমিস এডওয়ার্ডস
চট কলিকাতা নিবাসী সওদা বাদ দেওয়া যাই
গর ও একটন ইহাদিগের বি ভেছে যে বহুমা
বয়— ন ডিসেম্বর মা
হার ১৮ তারিখে
র এই আদালতের হুকমানসারে উক্ত নাভয়ানের
মহাজনগ বিধর পুনরায় সুনিমিত্ত নিমিত্তে এই
বহুমান ডিসেম্বর মাহার ২৪ সূত্রার বেলা গোনে
১১ ঘটীর সময় মূলভবি রহিল—

WADDINGTON & SANDES, Attorneys.

Calcutta, 20th December, 1841.

NOTICE.

THE undermentioned pieces of Cloth, supposed to have been stolen, having been forwarded to this Court, it is requested that any persons claiming the same, will make their application to this Court (accompanied with proof) within 30 days from this date.

8 Pieces of Calico measuring 39½ yards each, of rather coarse quality, marked "Alexander Turner and Co., Manchester" and T. R. in red thread.

24 Pieces of twilled Calico, of different patterns and lengths, without any mark.

C. WHITMORE, Magistrate.

Zillah Beedhoom, P. S. Adl. }

The 18th December, 1841. }

WANTED.

A N Head Assistant for the Government Savings Bank: Qualifications—good Accountant and general intelligence. Salary 100 Rs. per month—a Deposit of 2,500 Rs. Company's Paper required.

G. F. McCLINTOCK,

Secy. Govt. S. B.

BANK OF BENGAL.

15th DECEMBER, 1841.

A Meeting of the Proprietors is requested at the Bank on Thursday, the 30th instant, at Ten A. M., for the election of a Director in the room of James Church, Esquire, resigned.

The Poll will close at 3 P. M.

Published by order of the Directors,

T. BRACKEN,

Secretary to the Bank.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that Sealed Tenders of Contract, superscribed on the Envelope "Tenders for the supply of Rum," will be received by the Commissary General, Calcutta, on or before the 1st day of January next, for the annual supply at the Presidency, of from Sixty to Eighty Thousand Gallons of Rum, as may be required by the Commissariat during the terms of three or five years, as may be accepted from the 1st day of May 1842.

to be manufactured after the European mode, and to be delivered on the Terms of the Contract, at the Commissariat Stores in Fort William, free of all other charges whatever, in quantities of 15,000 or 20,000 Gallons at a time, in the months of February, May, August and November of each year; the first delivery to be made in May 1842.—Casks will be found by the Commissariat.

The Rum to be pure and merchantable, made from Sugar Cane Molasses only, and at the time of delivery, of the age at the least, of three months, to be equal in quality, strength and proof, to what is commonly called London proof, such quality, proof, or strength to be ascertained, and decided upon, by the Commissary General, the Commissariat Officer in charge at Fort William, or by such other person, as may be duly authorized, in manner to be hereafter agreed upon.

The Tenders to be accompanied by a written Document, signed by two persons of credibility, and competency, acknowledging themselves, if the Terms be accepted, willing to become responsible by Deed, for the due performance of the Contractor's engagements.

WILL. BURLTON,

Commissary General.

Commissary General's Office, }
Fort William, }
25th November, 1841. }

BENGAL MILITARY FUND.

IN conformity to the 27th and 28th Articles of the Regulations, a General Meeting of the Subscribers of the Military Fund, will be held at the Town Hall, on Monday, the 24th January 1842, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the inspection and approval of Accounts of the Fund, and of the proceedings of the Directors for the past year.

J. W. J. OUSELEY, President.

Fort William, Military Fund Office, }
19th November, 1841. }

NOTICE.

A REWARD of 200 Rupees will be given to any person procuring the apprehension of Issat-chunder Banerjee, an inhabitant of Jorasanko, in Calcutta, and late a Darogah of Ghaut Monohurgunge, in the Salt Agency of 24-Pergunnahs.

LOST.

SECOND Half of a Bengal Bank Note, No. 24966, for Company's Rupees 100, the property of Moonshee Moonsamdee. The payment of the Note has been stopped at the Bank.

NOTICE

CHANGE OF PILOT STATION FOR THE RIVER
HOOGHLY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that referring to the impracticability during the last S. W. Monsoon, owing to the increasing resort of Shipping to the Port of Calcutta, to supply Pilots at the distant Station off Point Palmyras, the arrangements as noted in the following Memorandum from the Master Attendant, will be adopted for the next S. W. Monsoon.

MEMO.

1st.—A Pilot Vessel will be stationed off False Point during the next South West Monsoon, say from the 15th of March to the 15th of September 1842, bearing, according to circumstances, E. by N. a S. E. by S. from the Light House, and in from 10 to 15 fathoms depth of water.

2d.—This Vessel will exhibit by day when any others are in sight, besides the usual Company's Ensign at her Peak, a *large Danish Jack* (red with white cross) at her Main Top Gallant Mast Head, and at night a good Light in the same situation, besides burning a Blue Light every hour, and beating a Gong frequently in calm thick weather, to warn Vessels coming from the Southward of her near neighbourhood. She will not however have any Pilots on board, the main object of her intended Station off False Point being to guard all inward bound Vessels from proceeding to the old Station off Point Palmyras during next season, and directing them to a new one in the South Channel between the Tails of the Eastern and Western Reefs, where Pilot Vessels will then be found in from 16 to 20 fathoms water, and from 6 to 8 Miles South West of the present South Channel Buoy, that Buoy laying in Lat. $20^{\circ} 58' 30''$ N. Long. $88^{\circ} 4'$ East of Greenwich, and in 12 fathoms water.

3d.—For the purpose of more distinctly marking the new Station, the Commanding Officer's Vessel there will always wear by day, when other Vessels are in sight, a large *St. George's Jack* (white with red cross) at her Main Top Gallant Mast Head, besides the usual Company's Colours at her Peak, and at night be distinguished by a constant good Mast Head Light, by Blue Lights and Maroons used alternately every half hour and also by Guns fired every four hours, say at 8 P. M., Midnight, and 4 A. M. with good Rockets discharged at the same time.

4th.—All Vessels are recommended to be most careful in coming over from False Point to the New Station by constant attention to that safe old Guide the Lead, and thereby correcting their Steerage as Tides or Currents may or may not set them out of their proper course, and they are also advised not to come under 16 fathoms, at night especially, till they reach the Pilot's Station and get their proper Pilots on board.

5th.—Lastly—All Vessels are directed not to approach the Pilot's Station at night without giving due warning, and not only by the exhibition of Lights, say 2 Vertical where best seen, but also by the discharge of a Gun, if they have any on board, as soon as they descried the first Pilot Vessel near them. They are further recommended to be most careful not to come into collision with any of the Pilot Vessels at the Station on their own accounts no less than that of the Public as they will be held responsible for all Damages, and called upon afterwards to pay for all that may have arisen from bad Look-out, Inattention to Duty, or Carelessness of any kind whatever.

(Signed) T. T. HARRINGTON,

Master Attendant.

By order of the Marine Board,

C. B. GREENLAW, Secretary.

Fort William, the 18th October, 1841.

No. 1745.

NOTICE.

REFERRING to the Notification indicating the proposed change of the Pilot Station during the approaching S. W. Monsoon, the Marine Board hereby give Notice, that with the sanction of Government, a Chart of Captain Lloyd's late Survey of the Ground between Lacan's Channel and False Point is being lithographed for public Sale, and the following is copy of Instructions proposed by Captain Lloyd with a view to the more ready Guide of Vessels from False Point to the New Station.

"It has been proposed by the Master Attendant, and approved of by the Marine Board, to change the Cruizing Ground of the Pilot Vessels during the S. W. Monsoon, or between the 15th of March and 15th of September from their present Station off Point Palmyras, to a position 6 or 8 miles S. W. from the South Channel Buoy in from 16 to 20 fathoms, and the following directions are offered as a guide to direct Vessels from False Point Light House to the New Cruizing Station."

"False Point Light House is in Latitude $20^{\circ} 19\frac{1}{2}'$ N. and Longitude $86^{\circ} 47'$ E., and that of the South Channel Buoy in Latitude $20^{\circ} 59'$ N. and Longitude $88^{\circ} 4'$ E., and bears from the former N. 61 E. true or N. E. by E. $\frac{1}{4}$ E. by Compass, distant 83 miles, and is laid in 12 fathoms."

"By an inspection of the Chart it will be seen that the Bank of Soundings off Point Palmyras extend in a direction towards the tail of the Western Sea Reef, and the nature of the bottom (as distinguished from that of the Hoogley deposit which is Sand and Mud with shining specks) is a gravelly substance composed of Sand Shells and small Pebbles discharged from the "Kunka" and other Rivers near Point Palmyras, the lighter materials of which being carried further out, is deposited and forms what is called the Pilot's Ridge, which in crossing to the N. W. shews a little less water than on either side, and in coming from Seaward you Shoal rather suddenly from 28 to 23 fathoms upon its Eastern edge. It is composed of a shelly Sand or Minute Gravel, of a reddish or rusty brown colour."

"The best Guide therefore to enable a Vessel to direct her course from False Point to the Vessels at the New Station will be to run down the edge of the Pilot's Ridge, and having made the Light House and brought it to bear about W. S. W. or S. W. by W. and distant by computation from 10 to 15 miles, should steer to the E. N. E., and having gradually increased her depth of water to 23 fathoms upon the Eastern edge of the Ridge, she should regulate her course to keep between it and 27 fathoms, when, by attention to the lead and nature of the Soundings, course and distance run from the Light House, it is almost impossible to miss the Pilot Vessels (if the above limits are kept within) either by getting too far to Windward or falling to Leeward, for the Soundings increase so rapidly to Seaward from the proposed New Station, that 28 fathoms will not be more than 3 or 4 miles to the Southward of it, and 23 fathoms the same distance to the Westward of it."

"The Soundings to Seaward of the Ridge are in general a greenish or olive coloured mud, with occasionally a few bits of broken Shells mixed with it."

(Sd.) RD. LLOYD, Capt. I. N.,

Offg. M. S. Genl.

The price of the Chart will be Rupees 2 each, and parties desirous of being supplied are requested to send their names for registry at this Office.

By Order of the Marine Board,

C. B. GREENLAW, Secy.

Fort William,
The 9th December, 1841.

NOTICE of Public Sale for Arrears of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, Zillah Moorsshedabad, on Monday, the 27th December, 1841, or 14th Pous 1248 B. S.

Names of Mohals to be sold, and of the Pergunnah in which they are situated, and No. of Lot in the Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietors.	Annual Sudder Jumma.	Arrears of Revenue, including Interest up to the Kist of September 1841.	Remarks.
1. Pergh. Coonwurpertaub, &c.,.....	{ Rajah Kishen Chunder Sing, and Ranees Unno-poorah,	182647 9 6	24276 1 4	} These Lands produce Indigo Paddy, Mulberry and Sugar Cane, &c. &c. &c.
2. Hooda Ecooree, &c., ...	{ Rajah Kishen Chunder Koor, Ram Chunder and Ranees Juraoh Koonwur,	105428 8 8	14057 9 1	
3. Kist. Pergh. Kasheepore,	{ Kashee Nath, Bhola Nauth, Kishen Nauth, Sib Soondry, Bejoy Kishen, Bhobhoneswarree, Raj Kishore, Ral-ha Benode Dass, Soob-huddra, and Nitto Cal-lee Dehya,	8076 12 5	1158 15 0	

The above-mentioned Estates are under Butwarra.

1. Kist. Ph. Rokhunpore, ...	Judoo Nath Sandyal,.....	69762 12 11	6766 10 3	} Ditto.
2. Futeh Sing,...	Rajah Kishen Chunder, &c.,...	46326 4 9	11126 0 11	
6. Hooda Shekhalleepore, ...	Doolah Dehya, &c.,.....	9848 11 4	1334 13 2	
10. .. Poorsuttumbattee,	Shibnarain Ghose,.....	8356 8 2	1174 15 1	
23. Dihee Gunkur Churkha,	Bejoy Gobind, &c.,.....	14886 12 10	2401 1 4	
56. Kist. Ph. Dyanuggur,.....	Fuqueer Oolla, &c.,.....	9590 12 8	1216 10 9	
300. Turf Mooneeah Dihee,...	Mohesh Chunder, &c.,	12916 4 3	2018 14 0	

Moorsshedabad Collector's Office, the 16th December, 1841.

PIERCE TAYLOR, Collector.

NOTICE of Public Sale for Arrears of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, Zillah Hooghly, on Tuesday, the 28th December 1841, corresponding with 15th Pouse 1248 B. S.

Names of the Mohals to be sold, and of the Pergunnah in which it is situated, and No. of Lot in Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietor.	Amount Sudder Jumma.	Arrears of Revenue, including Interest for the Kist of September 1841.	Remarks.
No. 28, Sankkholly, Pergh.) Bauliah,.....)	Praanath Chowdry, &c.,.....	10148 0 8	642 5 1	{ Produces Paddy, Su- garcanes, &c.
„ 29, Belly Do. Balgore, ...	{ Gollockchunder Maker- jea, &c.,	10134 1 7	637 8 11	Ditto ditto ditto.
„ 30, Nakerbaug Do.) Chunderconah,	{ Ramchunder Guegopalhita, &c., including Chackeran, }	11239 7 2	692 15 10	Ditto ditto ditto.

Hooghly Collector's Office, the 8th December, 1841.

W. H. BELLI, Collector.

NOTICE of Public Sale for Arrears of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, Zillah Hooghly, on Tuesday the 28th December 1841, corresponding with 15th Pouse 1248 B. S.

Name of Mohals to be sold, and of the Pergunnah in which it is situated, and Number of Lot in Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietors.	Amount Sudder Jumma.	Arrears of Revenue, including Interest for the Kist of September 1841.	Remarks.
No. 103, Manecondah, Pergh.) Boroe,	Dowarkanath Taccor, &c.,...	2331 8 7	365 8 8	{ Produces Paddy, Su- garcanes, &c.,

Hooghly Collector's Office, the 8th December, 1841.

W. H. BELLI, Collector.

Works for Sale at the Bengal Military Orphan Press.

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SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette

Published by Authority.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 22, 1841.

FORT WILLIAM,
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT,
THE 20TH DECEMBER, 1841.

The following Extract from the Proceedings of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council, in the Legislative Department, under date the 20th December 1841, is published for general information :

Read a second time the Draft of a proposed Act, dated the 19th of July 1841, and published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 21st of the same month, for amending the Rules of Special Appeals.

Resolution.—The Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council resolves that the following Amended Draft on the subject be re-published for general information :

Act No. — OF 1841.

An Act for amending the Rules of Special Appeals.

I. It is hereby enacted, that from and after the a Special Appeal shall lie to the Courts of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut at Calcutta and Allahabad respectively, to the Court of Sudder Adawlut at Madras, and to the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut at Bombay, from all decisions passed on regular Appeals in the Civil Courts subordinate to them respectively, which shall appear to be inconsistent with some law, or usage having the force of law, or some practice of the Courts, or shall involve some question of law, usage, or practice, upon which there may be reasonable doubts.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that applications for Special Appeals shall not be admitted unless they are presented to the proper Court as aforesaid within the period limited for the presentation of regular Appeals.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that every application for a Special Appeal shall be accompanied by copies of the several decrees previously passed on the case.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that every application for a Special Appeal duly presented to the proper Court as aforesaid shall be heard by a single Judge of the Court in the presence of the Special Appellant, or his Vakeel, or Agent, and it shall be competent to the Judge at his discretion, to call for and peruse any document forming a part of the record of the cause, and to summon the opposite party to answer the application.

V. And it is hereby enacted, that if it shall appear to the Judge that a Special Appeal is admissible under this Act he shall pass an order accordingly, and shall at the same time reduce the point or points to be determined to writing in English in the form of a Certificate which shall be translated into the vernacular language in use in the Court and the Special Appeal shall then be brought on the file of the Court to be heard and determined in due course.

VI. And it is hereby enacted, that if it shall appear to the Judge that a Special Appeal is not admissible under this Act he shall reject the petition, and his order so rejecting a petition for a Special Appeal shall be final.

VII. And it is hereby enacted, that in every case of Special Appeal admitted as aforesaid the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut shall determine the

point or points, certified as above enacted, and no other point or part of the case whatever.

VIII. Provided that when the special ground of Appeal may have been incorrectly or incompletely certified, it shall be competent to the Court to amend the Certificate.

IX. And it is hereby declared, that the existing Laws and Regulations of the Presidencies of Bengal, Madras and Bombay relating to Special Appeals, shall continue in force so far as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.

X. And it is hereby enacted, that nothing contained in this Act shall affect the hearing of second or Special Appeals which shall have been admitted and be pending in Appeal at the time of the passing of this Act, and that all such second or Special Appeals shall be heard and decided in the same manner as if this Act had not passed.

Ordered, that the said Draft be reconsidered at the first meeting of the Legislative Council of India after the 20th day of March next.

T. H. MADDOCK,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 307.

FORT WILLIAM,
ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 1ST DECEMBER, 1841.

The Revd. W. Palmer, Junior Presidency Chaplain, has obtained leave of absence for eighteen months, under Medical Certificate, to proceed to the Cape of Good Hope.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 15TH DECEMBER, 1841.

The following Gentlemen of the Civil Service reported their return to this Presidency from England :
Mr. F. Cardew, on board the Ship "St. George," which Vessel reached Kedgerree on the 10th instant.
Mr. T. Bruce, on board the Ship "Vernon," which Vessel reached Kedgerree on the 12th instant.

Mr. A. C. Heyland, of the Civil Service, reported his return to the Presidency from the Cape of Good Hope, on the 14th instant.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

The Right Hon'ble the Governor of Bengal has been pleased to grant to the Revd. J. J. Tucker, Chaplain of Chunar, leave of absence for two months, from the 22d ultimo, in extension of the leave obtained by him from the Hon'ble the Lieut. Governor for the North Western Provinces on the 22d September last.

SEPARATE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. H. S. Lane, Opium Agent at Benares, received charge of the Agency from Mr. T. P. Marten on the 8th instant, the unexpired portion of the leave grant-

ed to Mr. Lane on the 2d December 1840, is accordingly cancelled.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT,

THE 17TH DECEMBER, 1841.

The Revd. H. Hutton, a Chaplain on the Bengal Establishment, embarked for the Cape of Good Hope on board the Ship "Owen Glendower," which Vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 13th instant.

G. A. BUSHBY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 170.

FORT WILLIAM,

GENERAL DEPARTMENT,

THE 15TH DECEMBER, 1841.

The Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council is pleased to re-attach Messrs. F. Cardew and T. Brube, of the Civil Service, to the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William.

G. A. BUSHBY,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

Published by Authority.

It is requested that Government Notifications for the Calcutta Gazette, of any length, may be sent to the Press before Noon of Friday, and those of a few lines only before 5 P. M. of that day

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1841.

FORT WILLIAM,
GENERAL DEPARTMENT, 26TH JUNE, 1832.

All Public Officers of Government sending Advertisements to the Calcutta Gazette for Publication, are hereby directed to make them as short as possible, and to specify always how many times the Advertisement shall be repeated.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Vice President in Council,

H. T. PRINSEP, Secy. to the Govt.

FORT WILLIAM,
FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 19TH NOVEMBER, 1838.

The following revised Terms and Conditions for making Advances in India and China upon Goods and Merchandize consigned to England are published for general information, also the following paragraphs 5 and 6 of the despatch of the Hon'ble Court of Directors, dated 17th August, prescribing the same for future observance:

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

FOR
MAKING ADVANCES IN INDIA AND CHINA,
UPON

The Goods and Merchandize of Individuals intended for Consignment to England, re-payable to the Court of Directors of the East India Company.

1st.—The parties to whom Advances may be made shall agree that the respective Consignments be delivered into such Warehouses as the Court of Directors may approve: and that they be subject to the control of the Court of Directors until the lien of the Company upon the Consignment shall have been satisfied.

2d.—Upon each Consignment, the value of which is to be ascertained by the Officers of the Indian Governments, or Authorized Agents of the East India Company, an Advance not exceeding three-fifths of such ascertained value will be made.

The rate of Exchange to be determined from time to time at the place where the Advance is made under the Court's orders.

3d.—For re-payment of the Advance, Bills of Exchange to be drawn in triplicate, at six months sight, at the rate of—

s. d.	For Company's Rupee for Advances made at.....	Bengal.
	Ditto.....	Madras.
	Ditto.....	Bombay.
	For Spanish-Dollar Ditto.....	China.

4th.—The Parties will be required to place in the hands of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, Bills of Lading of the Consignment and Policies of Insurance effected thereon, both in triplicate. The Bills of Lading must be drawn

deliverable to the East India Company, or endorsed to the order of the East India Company. The Policies of Insurance must be effected in the name and on behalf of the East India Company, as the Parties interested, or endorsed to their order; but persons desirous of effecting the necessary Insurance in this Country, and of depositing the Policies in the Company's Treasury, will be allowed to do so.

5th.—In case of default being made either in acceptance, or payment of the Bills, the Court of Directors to be authorized, in such manner and at such times as they may see fit to sell the Goods, for the purpose of re-paying the Company the amount of the Advances made thereon, including Freight and any other charges or expenses which the Company may have incurred on account of the Consignment, together with interest, should any have accrued; the Company, on the other hand, allowing discount, where any part of the proceeds shall be realized before the Bills fall due, and the settlement of either surplus or deficiency shall be made with the Consignor; and if in India or China by the Government or Agents from whom he received the Advance, at the rate of exchange at which the Company may at the time be drawing Bills upon such Government or Agents.

6th.—An Agent in England shall be appointed for each Consignment, to whom the Court of Directors shall be empowered to make over the Goods, subject to all the conditions agreed upon with the Company, on payment of the Bills; and with whom they shall be authorized to transact generally all business relating to such Goods. The Consignor shall be at liberty to make provision, in case of the Party upon whom the Bill is drawn, (being also the Agent) having failed to accept the Bill, for the substitution of another Agent.

7th.—After the arrival of the Goods in England and when they shall have been placed in such deposit as may have been agreed upon, the Agent may be put into possession of them before the Bills become due, upon the amount of such Bills (less discount) being paid, together with the Freight and any other charges and expenses which the Company have paid or may be subject to on account of the Goods.

8th.—The rate of Discount to be allowed by the Company shall be the same as that charged by the Bank of England; and in cases where interest shall have accrued, such interest shall be computed at the rate or rates per cent. at which the Company have allowed Discount during the period for which such interest is chargeable.

9th.—Parties or their Agents will be required to insure the Goods from fire, and deposit the Policies with the East India Company; such Insurance to take effect from the date of the termination of the War risk. Should however the Parties or their Agents fail to effect such Insurance, the East India Company shall be at liberty to insure the Goods, the expenses of which shall be reimbursed to them previously to their making over the Goods to those Parties or their Agents.

10th.—Parties receiving Advances, to address in each instance a Letter in quadruplicate to the Court of Directors, according to a form which will be furnished by the Officers of Government (or authorized Agents of the East India Company), signifying their assent to all the foregoing conditions, but more particularly for the purpose of expressly authorizing the sale of the Goods by the Company (without either notice to or concurrence of any person whomsoever) at any period after default shall be made either in acceptance or payments of the Bills; also authorizing, in such cases, the re-paying to the Company the Advances made, either principal or interest, together with any other charges & expenses which the Company may have incurred in respect of the Goods, and appointing the Agent in England for each transaction.

Extract of a Despatch from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors in the Financial Department, dated the 17th August, No. 13 of 1838.

5.—In future we desire that you will restrict your Advances to the great staple Articles of Indian Produce, Cotton, Silk, Sugar, Coffee, Indigo, Salt Peter and Piece Goods—and further that no Advance be made upon any Consignment the ascertained value of which shall be less than 5,000 Rupees.

6.—Several Packages of Tobacco upon which you have made Advances have been seized by the Officers of Customs, in consequence of their having been imported in illegal Packages.—Extracts from the Acts 8 and 4, Will 4, Cap. 52, Sec. 58, and 6th and 7th Will. 4, Cap. 60, Sec. 4, relating to the Article of Tobacco, are transmitted in the Packet.

Published by Order of the Hon'ble the President of the Council of India in Council,

H. T. PRINSEP,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,
FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 3D JUNE, 1841.

Notice is hereby given, that the Board of Customs Salt and Opium have been authorized to make Advances of Cash to Merchants on Bills of Exchange, secured by consignment of Goods at the rate of 2s. 1d. per Company's Rupee, until further Orders. In all other respects the Terms and Conditions of these Advances will be the same as advertised under dates the 2d May 1838 and 27th November 1839.

Published by order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor of Bengal,

G. A. RUSHBY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 298.

FORT WILLIAM,
GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

The Right Honorable the Governor having had before him Specimens of Book Printing executed at the Military Orphan Press and two other Presses at this Presidency, with the rates of charge which obtain at the three Establishments, is pleased, on the present occasion of renewing the Government Contract with the Orphan Press, to interdict all Government Officers from employing, without the previous sanction of the Government, other than the Contract Press for the execution of Public Works.

By order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor of Bengal,

G. A. BUSHBY,
Sery. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM,
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT,
THE 18TH DECEMBER, 1841.

The following Act passed by the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council, on the 13th December 1841, is hereby promulgated for general information:

Act No. XXIX. of 1841.

An Act for amending such parts of the Bengal and Madras Codes as concern the dismissal of Suits and Appeals for neglecting to proceed in the same.

I. It is hereby enacted, that if a Plaintiff or Appellant in any Court shall, at any time, neglect to proceed in his Suit or Appeal for six weeks, the Suit or Appeal shall be dismissed; and it shall not be necessary to give the Plaintiff or Appellant any notice previous to dismissing his Suit or Appeal. The Suit

or Appeal shall be dismissed as of course after the expiration of six weeks without any proceedings on the part of the Court, or of the Defendant, or otherwise, or assignment of any reasons, unless the Plaintiff or Appellant, or his representative in case of his death, upon special application, shall have previously satisfied the Court of the propriety of allowing further time. The Court shall record upon the proceedings the reasons at large for allowing further time in all cases in which further time may be allowed, but it shall not be necessary to specify the reasons for refusing any application for further time.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that in all cases in which a Suit or Appeal is dismissed under the preceding Section the Court shall award to the Defendant or Respondent the costs he may have incurred in the Suit or Appeal. But such dismissal shall be no impediment to the institution of a new Suit or Appeal, where the party is not precluded by lapse of time, or period of Appeal, or otherwise than by the mere circumstances of having instituted the Suit or Appeal dismissed and of such dismissal, and such dismissed Suit or Appeal shall not prevent lapse of time under the Law of Limitations being incurred.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that Clause 2, Section 27, Regulation XXIII of 1814, of the Bengal Code, and Clause 2, Section 26, Regulation VI. of 1816, of the Madras Code, are repealed, and no appeal shall lie against the decision passed in accordance with the provisions of the preceding Clauses of this Act, other than a summary appeal on the fact of default.

T. H. MADDOCK,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT,
THE 20TH DECEMBER, 1841.

The following Extract from the Proceedings of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council, in the Legislative Department, under date the 20th December 1841, is published for general information:

Read a second time the Draft of a proposed Act, dated the 19th of July 1841, and published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 21st of the same month, for amending the Rules of Special Appeals.

Resolution—The Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council resolves that the following Amended Draft on the subject be re-published for general information:

Act No. — of 1841.

An Act for amending the Rules of Special Appeals.

I. It is hereby enacted, that from and after the 1st of January 1842, a Special Appeal shall lie to the Courts of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut at Calcutta and Allahabad respectively, to the Court of Sudder Adawlut at Madras, and to the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut at Bombay, from all decisions passed on regular Appeals in the Civil Courts subordinate to them respectively, which shall appear to be inconsistent with some law, or usage having the force of law, or some practice of the Courts, or shall involve some question of law, usage, or practice, upon which there may be reasonable doubts.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that applications for Special Appeals shall not be admitted unless they are presented to the proper Court as aforesaid within the period limited for the presentation of regular Appeals.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that every application for a Special Appeal shall be accompanied by copies of the several decrees previously passed on the case.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that every application for a Special Appeal duly presented to the proper Court as aforesaid shall be heard by a single Judge of the Court in the presence of the Special Appellant, or his Vakeel, or Agent, and it shall be competent to the Judge at his discretion, to call for and peruse any document forming a part of the record of the cause, and to summon the opposite party to answer the application.

V. And it is hereby enacted, that if it shall appear to the Judge that a Special Appeal is admissible under this Act he shall pass an order accordingly, and shall at the same time reduce the point or points to be determined to writing in English in the form of a Certificate which shall be translated into the vernacular language in use in the Court and the Special Appeal shall then be brought on the file of the Court to be heard and determined in due course.

VI. And it is hereby enacted, that if it shall appear to the Judge that a Special Appeal is not admissible under this Act he shall reject the petition, and his order so rejecting a petition for a Special Appeal shall be final.

VII. And it is hereby enacted, that in every case of Special Appeal admitted as aforesaid the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut shall determine the point or points, certified as above enacted, and no other point or part of the case whatever.

VIII. Provided that when the special ground of Appeal may have been incorrectly or incompletely certified, it shall be competent to the Court to amend the Certificate.

IX. And it is hereby declared, that the existing Laws and Regulations of the Presidencies of Bengal, Madras and Bombay relating to Special Appeals, shall continue in force so far as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.

X. And it is hereby enacted, that nothing contained in this Act shall affect the hearing of second or Special Appeals which shall have been admitted and be pending in Appeal at the time of the passing of this Act, and that all such second or Special Appeals shall be heard and decided in the same manner as if this Act had not passed.

Ordered, that the said Draft be reconsidered at the first meeting of the Legislative Council of India after the 20th day of March next:

T. H. MADDOCK,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 168.

FORT WILLIAM,
GENERAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 15TH DECEMBER, 1841.

Notice is hereby given, that the Salaries and Allowances of the Civil and Marine Departments for December, Instant, will be discharged by the Sub-Treasurer and Marine Paymaster respectively, on or after Saturday, the 15th Proximo.

Published by Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council,

G. A. BUSHBY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT, 15TH DEC. 1841.

Notice is hereby given, that the Pay, Batta, and other Allowances for December 1841, of the Troops at the Presidency and at the other Stations of the Army, will be issued on or after Monday the 10th Proximo.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council,

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.
Secy. to the Govt. of India, Mil. Dept.

No. 1200.

AGRA,
ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 15TH DECEMBER, 1841.
APPOINTMENT.

The Reverend C. Garbett, B. A., to officiate as Chaplain of Meerut, until further orders.

R. N. C. HAMILTON,
Offg. Secy. to Govt. N. W. P.

(No. 30.)

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT,
NORTH WESTERN PROVINCES,
AGRA, 16TH DECEMBER, 1841.

Lieutenant E. J. Robinson is appointed Assistant to the Agent to the Lieutenant Governor at Delhi, and, with the sanction of the Government of India, Assistant to the Agents to the Governor General in Rajpootana and N. W. Frontier, in matters connected with the Bhutte Territory.

By order of the Hon'ble the Lieut. Governor,
R. N. C. HAMILTON,
Offg. Secy. to Govt. N. W. P.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 24th December, 1841.

No. 289 of 1841.—The following paragraphs of a Military Letter from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors to the Governor of Bengal, No. 91, dated 27th October 1841, are published for general information:

"Para. 1. We have much gratification in announcing to you that Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to promote the undermentioned Officers of our Service, by Special Brevet in the East Indies, for their services during the late operations near Canton, their Commissions bearing date the 26th May 1841, viz.

To be Lieutenant Colonels.

Major Roger Williamson Wilson, of the 65th Regiment of Bengal Native Infantry.

Major Francis Spencer Hawkins, of the 38th Regiment of Bengal Native Infantry.

To be Majors.

Captain Daniel Duff, of the 37th Regiment of Madras Native Infantry.

Captain George Augustus Mee, of the 58th Regiment of Bengal Native Infantry.

Captain Philip Anstruther, of the Madras Artillery.

Captain Henry Moore, of the 34th Regiment Bengal Native Infantry.

2. The conduct of Lieutenant and Brevet Captain Frederick Conyers Cotton, of the Madras Engineers, and of Lieutenant Hadfield, of the 37th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, is considered to have entitled them to a similar distinction; but the Regulations of Her Majesty's Army do not admit of the grant of Brevet Rank to Subaltern Officers for services in the field. The General Commanding in Chief has however announced his intention of recommending the grant of the Brevet Rank of Major to those two Officers on their attaining the Regimental Rank of Captain.

3. We have to express our entire approbation of the conduct of the whole of our Troops engaged on the above occasion.

4. In order to mark our sense of the gallantry and steadiness displayed by the 37th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, under most trying circumstances, we have resolved on constituting that Corps a Grenadier Regiment.

5. We further direct that the name of each European and Native Commissioned Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer and Sepoy who composed the Company of that Regiment detached under Lieutenant Hadfield, and who by their steady courage and discipline successfully defeated the repeated attacks of a large body of the Enemy and thus nobly sustained the credit of the Native Army, be entered in the Regimental Order Book of that Corps, with a record of the transaction to which it refers. We also desire that the Native Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Sepoys of that Company be granted an addition to their Pay and Pension on Retirement, either by admitting them to the advantages of the "Order of Merit," or in any other manner which you may consider desirable.

6. You will publish in General Orders our sentiments as expressed in this Despatch."

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.
Secy. to the Govt. of India, Mil. Dept.

FORT WILLIAM, 24th December, 1841.

No 290 of 1841.—The Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to make the following Promotion:

15th Regiment Native Infantry.

Ensign Henry John Edwards to be Lieutenant, from the 17th December 1841, vice Lieutenant John Inglis deceased.

Veterinary Surgeon John Phillips, of the 3d Regiment Light Cavalry, and 3d Troop 1st Brigade Horse Artillery, is appointed to act for Veterinary Surgeon Robert Burgess Parry, of the Central Stud, during his absence on Medical Certificate, or until further orders.

The following Appointment by the Right Hon'ble the Governor General, is published in General Orders:

Lieutenant James Alexander Duncan Ferguson, of the 4th Regiment Light Cavalry, and Adjutant of the Governor General's Body Guard, to be Aide-de-Camp on His Lordship's Personal Staff vice Brevet Captain G. M. Hill. This appointment, to have effect from the 24th November last.

Mr. John Smith is admitted to the Service in conformity with his appointment by the Hon'ble the Court of Directors, as a Cadet of Infantry on this Establishment and promoted to the rank of Ensign, from the date assigned to him in General Orders, No. 270, of the 1st instant—Date of arrival at Fort William, 18th December 1841.

The undermentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, on Medical Certificate:

Ensign Arthur Hill Trevor, of the 58th Regiment N. I.

Assistant Surgeon Henry John Thornton, attached to the Civil Station of Pubna,

Major Henry Carter, of the 73d Regiment N. I., is permitted to proceed to the Cape of Good Hope and New South Wales, on Medical Certificate, and to be absent from Bengal on that account for two years.

The unexpired portion of the leave of absence granted to Surgeon John Davidson, Principal Assistant to the Governor General's Agent, South West Frontier, in General Orders No. 18 of the 27th January 1840, is cancelled from the 17th instant.

Captain Thomas Hutton, of the 37th Regiment N. I., having been declared incapable of performing the active duties of his profession, is, at his own request, transferred to the Invalid Establishment.

The following Promotion and Alteration of Rank are made in the Subordinate Medical Department:

Hospital Apprentice Alexander Gibson to be Assistant Apothecary, vice Lennon deceased, with rank from the 22d October 1841, vice Smith discharged.

Alteration of Rank.

Assistant Apothecary James Stenson, promoted in General Orders No. 260 of the 17th ultimo, to rank from the 3d October 1841, vice Lennon deceased.

Serjeant Thomas Armstrong, of the Artillery, to be an Assistant Overseer in the Department of Public Works, and placed at the disposal of the Superintending Engineer, South East Provinces.

Kondrootollah is appointed a Sub-Assistant Overseer in the 10th Division Public Works, on a Salary of Rupees (35) Thirty-five per mensem.

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.

Secy. to the Govt. of India, Mily. Dept.

FORT WILLIAM, 24th December, 1841.

No. 231 of 1841.—The Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council having determined to raise a Corps of Volunteer Infantry of eight Companies, for service with the Eastern Expedition, is pleased, on the recommendation of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, to direct the following steps to be taken for giving effect to the measure:

- 3rd Regt. N. I. Mirzapore.
- 15th Regt. N. I. En route from Dinapore to Delhi.
- 17th Regt. N. I. Dinapore.
- 23d Regt. N. I. Jumalpoore.
- 82d Regt. N. I. Dinapore.
- 41st Regt. N. I. Goruckpoore.
- 56th Regt. N. I. Mullye.
- 52d Regt. N. I. Barrackpoore.

2. The Regiments named in the margin are to be called upon to furnish each a detail of 1 Jemadar for promotion to Subadar; 1 Havildar for promotion to Jemadar; 6 Naicks for promotion to Havildars; 2 Drummers and 106 Sepoys, including 6 for promotion to Naick.

3. One Captain and one Subaltern to be sent from each Regiment; and it is to be explained to the men that they will be kept together, and under their own Officers, as much as possible, and permitted, on their return to Bengal, to rejoin their old Corps; or to transfer their services to any Native Infantry Regiment on the Establishment.

4. The advantages enjoyed by Regiments raised for General Service, laid down in the Orders G. G. O., No. 96, 25th March, and No. 298, 28th Oct. 1825, quoted in the margin; and the existing Regulations as to the Pay of Native Soldiers going beyond Sea, will be extended to the men who may volunteer on the present occasion; and Regimental Commanders are required to explain these benefits to be fully explained.

5. The Regiments will be formed at Barrackpoore on the 1st of February 1842, from which day the Native Details will be struck off the strength of their respective Corps, having been previously settled with to the 31st proximo.

6. The Volunteers will leave with their Regiments their Arms, Accoutrements, and Clothing in wear, and they are to be sent by water to the rendezvous; those from the 41st being embarked at Ghazepore, and those of the 58th at Dinapore.

7. One Lieutenant Colonel and one Major will hereafter be appointed to this Corps.

8. At the close of the Volunteering in each Corps, Regimental Commanders will send to the Assistant Adjutant-General, in charge of the Adjutant General's Office at the Presidency, for submission to Government, Rolls of men designed for the Commissioned Grades, and will promote to the rank of Havildar and Naick to the extent above specified, or when the full number of 106 Privates may not have turned out, in the proportion of 1 Havildar and 1 Naick for every 16 Sepoys, the remainder of the Battalion to be completed by Volunteers from Corps at the Presidency, under instructions which will be communicated to the Major General Commanding the Division, for whose information Numerical Returns must be sent by Commandants of Corps direct, as soon as they have closed the Volunteering.

9. No man is to be permitted to Volunteer on the present occasion who is not a well trained Soldier, and is not in every respect fit for Service, and it is expected that Officers at the Head of Corps will be so far careful of the reputation of their own Regiments as not to permit exceptionable characters to be sent from them.

10. Indents for Bounty Clothing to be prepared by Quarter Masters of Corps supplying Volunteers, and forwarded direct to the Secretary to the Clothing Board, who will take immediate steps, under the orders of the Board, for their being complied with.

11. The Corps is to be armed with Percussion Muskets, and the Lieutenant-Colonel when appointed, will place himself in communication with the Secretary to the Military Board, with a view to facilitating the preparation and the passage of his Indents for Arms, Accoutrements, and Camp Equipage, corresponding with the strength of the Corps.

12. Breastplates are to be made up at Barrackpoore, of a pattern to be supplied by the Assistant Adjutant General at the Presidency, under the Superintendence of the Brigade Major at Barrackpoore, whose Contingent Bill for the Expense incurred, not exceeding 12 annas each plate, will, when presented accompanied by a Survey Report, be disbursed by the Presidency Pay Master.

13. Each Soldier is to be furnished, at the expense of the State, before embarkation, with a Cloth Great Coat, two Flannel Bannians, a Hammock, a Haversack, and a Canteen. Indents for the two former articles to be sent to the Secretary to the Clothing Board, and for the latter to the Secretary to the Military Board.

14. The Rolls for Regimental promotion, consequent on the Volunteering, are to be sent in on the departure from Corps of the different quotas.

J. STUART, Lt.-Col.

Secy. to the Govt of India, Mily Dept.

OVERLAND LETTERS AND POSTAGE.

It is hereby notified for general information—

First.—That all Letters and Newspapers, except Soldiers' and Sailors' Letters, intended for transmission by the Overland Mails, and except those specially marked "via Falmouth," will be sent through France, and thus be subject to the heavier rate of postage.

Second.—Letters and Newspapers addressed to France as well as those to other foreign countries, with which France is the channel of communication (if the latter are expressly directed to be so sent) will be made up in Packets and sent to the French Post Master at Marseilles; but Letters for Foreign Countries, other than France, if not specially directed to France, will be included in the Packets for England. Letters, &c., for places lying between Bombay and Marseilles, will be despatched in separate Packets.

Third.—Letters for the United Kingdom of Great Britain, weighing less than a quarter of an ounce, and passing through France, are charged single postage, which by that route amounts to 2s. 6d. By the Falmouth route, Letters of half an ounce in weight, are subject to single postage only, which by that route, has now been reduced to 1s.

Newspapers, if sent via Falmouth, are free of postage; but if transmitted by the way of Marseilles, they are charged 2d. each.

H. S. OLDFIELD,

Off. Post Master General.

Fort William, Genl. Post Office
the 27th May, 1842.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council having been pleased to direct that a double Express despatch (weight 400 Tolas) be allowed with each future Overland Mail for the accommodation of the Calcutta Mercantile Community and the Public in general, a double Express despatch will in future be forwarded with each Overland Mail.

J. J. HARVEY,

Offg. Post Master General.

Fort William, Genl. Post Office, }
the 6th September, 1841.

Packets for the reception of Letters by the following Ships are open at this Office.

Name of Vessel.	Agents.	Intended Departure.	To what Port.	Touching at.	Remarks.
Benares,	Eglinton, McClure and Co.,	26th Dec. 1841,	Liverpool.		
Seringapatam,	Allan, Paton and Co.,	27th Ditto,	London.		
Sir Robt. Peel,	Leach, Kettlewell and Co.,	28th Ditto,	China,	Singapore.	
Bucephalus,	Mackillop, Stewart and Co.,	2d Jan'y. 1842,	London.		
Madagascar,	Loyal. Matheson and Co.,	5th Ditto,	Ditto,	Cape of Good Hope.	

W. MOORE, Deputy Post Master.

Calcutta, General Post Office, the 24th December, 1841.

NOTICE.—The Public are hereby informed, that Excavations, surrounded with fences, and having lights at night, are in progress in the undermentioned Thoroughfares in the Town of Calcutta.

Lower North Division.

Old China Bazar Street from No. 182 to the Wall of Armenian Church Compound planking over the Drain, &c.

Upper S. and Lower North Division.

From Lall Bazar through Rada Bazar, and Old China Bazar to the Western extremity of Moorgyhatta Street, an Aqueduct to be built.

Khungrapetty Street, Westside, a portion of the Drain to be arched over.

R. M. J. ROSE,

Supt. Roads and Conservancy.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the matters of the Petition and Schedule (the same having been filed in the Court) of

DAVID BROWN,

of Tirhoot, Indigo Planter, and now a Prisoner for debt in the Gaol of Calcutta, will be heard on Saturday, the 5th day of February next, at the hour of 11 o'Clock in the forenoon.

"No Creditor will be allowed at the Hearing to oppose the discharge of a Prisoner, unless he shall have given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of Hearing."

Office of Examiner, 20th December, 1841.

Mr. R. Swinhoe, Atty.

কলিকাতার জোজহিন করজদারানের পরি
জাগাথে আদালত—

এতদ্বারা যৎ যৎ দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে এই আ
দালতের দাবিদাররা আরজী ও ফদের বিষয় নি
চের নামিত—

ডেবিট বোনের—

মিনি ডিক্রিট নিবাসী নিলকর একনে কলিকা
তার জেলে দেবার নিমিত্তে কর্তব্য আছে আ
গতের কিকুওয়ারি মাহার ৫ শনিবার তারিখে
বেলা ১১ ঘটীর সময় সুানি হইবেক—

"কোন মহাজন আপত্তা করিতে পারিবেন
নাই খাওয়ানিতে কোন কর্তব্যের জমাণি সুানির
নিয়মিত দিবসের পূর্ পূর্ তিন দিবস থাকিতে
চিক কেলাক সাহেবকে সংবাদ না দেন"—

একজামিনর সাহেবের আকিয়—

সন ১৮৪১ সাল ২০ ডিসেম্বর—

মেং য়ারঃ সুইনহো উকিল—

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Rajkissore Sein, Notice is hereby
of Nimtollah, in Calcutta, one of the Members of late Firm of
Mothoormohun Sein and Raj- count in detail of
kissore Sein, an Insolvent. the Receipts and
Disbursements of
the Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said
Insolvent, from the 2d day of January 1837 until the
30th day of July last, has been filed, and may be in-
spected at the Office of the Chief Clerk.

Office of Examiner, 23d December, 1841.

Mr. Alexander, Assignee.

কলিকাতার জোজহিন অনিদিগের পরি
জাগাথে আদালত—

অনি রাজকিসর স্যানের বিষয় এতদ্বারা
মিনি কলিকাতার নিমতলা নিবা যৎ যৎ দেওয়া
সি মধুরমোহন স্যান এবং রাজ যাইতেছে যে
কিসর স্যানের সাহেব কারবারের উক্ত অনির মা
এক বহরদার— ন ও জারদা

যেহ এসাইমি
অর্থাৎ মোজার তাহার দ্বারা এক আদায় এবং
যতদেব হিসাব ইং সন ১৮৩৭ সালের মেমোরিয়া
রি মাহার ২ তারিখ লাং গতের জুলাই মাহার ৩০
তারিখ দাবিদার হইয়াছে তাহা চিক কেলাক সাহে

বের দপ্তরখানায় আগমন করিলে দৃষ্টি করিতে
পাইবেন—

একজামিনর সাহেবের দপ্তরখানা—

সন ১৮৪১ সাল ২৩ ডিসেম্বর—

মেঃ আলিকজের মজিয়ার—

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Debnarain Sein, of Nimtollah, in Calcutta, one of the Members of the late Firm of Mothoormohun Sein and Raj-kissore Sein, an Insolvent. Notice is hereby given, that an Account in detail of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent, from the 9th day of January 1837 until the 30th day of July 1841, has been filed at the Office of the Chief Clerk.

Office of Examiner, 23d December, 1841.

Mr. Alexander, Assignee.

কলিকাতার জোত্রহিন খনিদিগের পরি

গাথ আদালত—

খনি দেবনারায়ন স্যানের এতদ্বারায় খবর
বিষয় জিনি কলিকাতার নিমত দেওয়া যাইতেছে
লানিবাসী মথুরমোহন স্যান যে উক্ত খনির মা
এবং রাজকিসোর স্যানের মা ল ও জায়দাদের
বেক কারবারের এক বখরা এসাইনি অর্থাৎ
দার— মোক্তার তাঁহার
দ্বারায় এক আদা

য় এবং এরূপের হিসাব ইং সন ১৮৩৭ সালের
জেনেওয়ারি মাহার ১ তারিখ লাং গতো জুলাই
মাহার ৩০ তারিখ দাখিল হইয়াছে তাহা চিপ
কেলাক সাহেবের দপ্তরখানায় আগমন করিলে
উক্ত হিসাব দৃষ্টি করিতে পাইবেন—

একজামিনর সাহেবের দপ্তরখানা—

সন ১৮৪১ সাল ২৩ ডিসেম্বর—

মেঃ আলিকজের মজিয়ার—

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Nubkissore Sein, of Nimtollah, in Calcutta, one of the Members of the late Firm of Mothoormohun Sein and Raj-kissore Sein, an Insolvent. Notice is hereby given, that an Account in detail of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent, from the 1st day of January 1837 until the 30th day of July 1841, has been filed, and may be inspected at the Office of the Chief Clerk.

Office of Examiner, 23d December, 1841.

Mr. Alexander, Assignee.

কলিকাতার জোত্রহিন খনিদিগের পরি

গাথ আদালত—

খনি নুবকিসর স্যানের বিষয় এতদ্বারায় খ
জিনি কলিকাতার নিমতলা নিবা বর দেওয়া জা
নি মথুরমোহন স্যান এবং রাজ ইতেছে জে
কিসর স্যানের সৎক কারবারে উক্ত খনির মা
এক বখরা দার— ল ও জায়দাদের
এসাইনি অ

র্থাৎ মোক্তার তাঁহার দ্বারায় এক আদায় এবং
এরূপের হিসাব ইং সন ১৮৩৭ সালের জেনেওয়ারি
মাহার ১ তারিখ লাং গতো জুলাই মাহার ৩০

তারিখ দাখিল হইয়াছে তাহা চিপ কেলাক সাহে
বের দপ্তরখানায় আগমন করিলে দৃষ্টি করিতে
পাইবেন—

একজামিনর সাহেবের দপ্তরখানা—

সন ১৮৪১ সাল ২৩ ডিসেম্বর—

মেঃ আলিকজের মজিয়ার—

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Sibnarain Sein, of Nimtollah, in Calcutta, one of the Members of the late Firm of Mothoormohun Sein and Raj-kissore Sein, an Insolvent. Notice is hereby given, that an Account in detail of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent, from the 13th day of August 1837 until the 30th day of July 1841, has been filed at the Office of the Chief Clerk.

Office of Examiner, 23d December, 1841.

Mr. Alexander, Assignee.

কলিকাতার জোত্রহিন খনিদিগের পরি

গাথ আদালত—

খনি সিবনারায়ন স্যানের বি এতদ্বারায় খ
যয় জিনি কলিকাতার নিমতলা বর দেওয়া জা
নিবাসি মথুরমোহন স্যান এবং ইতেছে যে উক্ত
রাজকিসর স্যানের সাহেব কার খনির মাল ও
বারের এক বখরা দার— জায়দাদের এসা
ইনি অর্থাৎ মো

ক্তার তাঁহার দ্বারায় এক আদায় এবং এরূপের
হিসাব ইং সন ১৮৩৭ সালের আগষ্ট মাহার ১৩
তারিখ লাং গতো জুলাই মাহার ৩০ তারিখ দা
খিল হইয়াছে তাহা চিপ কেলাক সাহেবের দপ্তর
খানায় আগমন করিলে দৃষ্টি করিতে পাইবেন—

একজামিনর সাহেবের দপ্তরখানা—

সন ১৮৪১ সাল ২৩ ডিসেম্বর—

মেঃ আলিকজের মজিয়ার—

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of James Colquhoun and James Church, of Calcutta, Merchants and Agents, now seeking the benefit of the Act 9 Geo. IV., entitled an Act to provide for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in the East Indies. On Friday, the 24th day of December, instant, It was Ordered, that the further Hearing in this matter be adjourned until Tuesday next, the 28th day of December, instant, at the hour of 10 o'Clock in the forenoon.

Notice whereof is hereby given.

Office of Examiner, 24th December, 1841.

Messrs. Waddington and Sandes, Atties.

কলিকাতার জোত্রহিন করজদারদেরদিগের

পরিজাগাথে আদালত—

নাভয়ান জেমস কোলিন এবং বক্তমান ডি
জেমস চর্চ সাহেবানের বিষয় জের মাহার
জাহার কলিকাতা নিবাসি সওদা ২৪ সুক্কার
কর এবং গম্ভী এবং একনে, তারিখে হকুম
প্রাপ্ত হইলেন লর্ড জাজ খোদ হইলেন এই
বাদসাহের বাহাদুর ২৯ নং সেরে বিজ্ঞপ্তি মত
র প্রজাসিদ্ধ আইনের ৭৩ ধারায় নির্দিষ্ট পন
জাহার নাম বিজ্ঞানের অক্ষয় দ্বার সুনারি

মুনিবিগের পরিজানি আইন—

মিঃ এম
মাহার ২৮

মঙ্গলবার তারিখে বেলা ১০ ঘটীর সময়—

উহার ধর এতদারায় দেওয়া আইতেছে—

একজামিনর সাহেবের আফিস—

সন ১৮৪১ সাল ২৩ ডিসেম্বর

মেশে ওয়াডি-টান এবং স্যানডেস উকিল—

WHEREAS by the Depositions of Bydynath Sircar, Mohadeb Pramanek, inhabitants of Santipore, and Byccoont Doss, Joychund Doss, Surroop Doss and Collee Doss, inhabitants of Ch'hoto Ranaghat, a charge of assault and false imprisonment, has been fully proved against Oomesh Chunder Raie, inhabitant of Santipore; and whereas the Sureties of the said Oomesh Chunder Raie have failed to produce him within the period allowed for that purpose—and whereas the said Oomesh Chunder has evaded the processes of this Court issued for his apprehension—Notice is hereby given, that unless the said Oomesh Chunder Raie of Santipore, more commonly known as Mottee Baboo, appears before this Court within the period of ten days, the amount of recognizances entered into by his Sureties, will be duly levied from aforesaid Sureties

JAS. ALEXANDER,

Magistrate.

এন্তেহর নামা আদালতে ফৌজদারি জেলা নদিয়া যে হেতু সান্তিপূর নিবাসি বৈদ্যানাথ সরকার ও মহানবর প্রামানিক ও ছোট রানাঘাট নিবাসি বৈকটনাথ ও জয়চন্দ দা ও সুরূপ দা ও কালি দায়ের অবানবন্দী দ্বারা সান্তিপূর নিবাসি উমেশ চন্দ্র রায় ওরফে মতি বাবুর প্রতি মারপিট করা ও নাক কয়েদ রাখনের অপরাধ সন্মুখ প্রমান হইয়াছে এমতে উক্ত উমেশচন্দ্র রায় ওরফে মতি বাবুকে উহার ফেয়াল জামিনদারানের দ্বারা ৭ রোজ নিয়মে তলব করাতে ফেয়াল জামিনদারান উক্ত উমেশচন্দ্র রায়কে হাজির করিলেক না অতএব উক্ত উমেশচন্দ্র অত্রাণালতের প্রকাশিত উহার তলবের হুকুম অমান্যকরা বিধায় অত্র এন্তেহর দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে অপি প্রস্তাবিত উমেশচন্দ্র রায় ওরফে মতি বাবু অদ্যকার তারিখ অবধি ১০ দিবস নিয়ম মতে অত্রাদালতে হাজির না হয় তবে উহার ফেয়াল জামিনর নিখিত সত্তে উহার জামিনদারানের স্থানে লওয়া যাইবেক ইতি সন ১৮৪১ সাল ২১ ডিসেম্বর বাঙ্গলা সন ১২৮৮ সাল ৮ পৌষ—

(True translation,)

JAS. ALEXANDER,

Magistrate.

NOTICE.

NEARLY ready for publication "A Guide to the Civil Judicial Regulations for Bengal," being an Abstract of the Civil Regulations and Constructions, Circular Orders and Reported Cases of the Sudder Dewanee Adawlut to the end of the year 1841.

By E. SKIPWITH, B. C. S.

THE Public are hereby informed, that the Sub-Treasurer will negotiate Bills upon the undermentioned Provincial Treasuries, at the rate cited, to the extent of the surplus that is available at each Treasury:

LOWER PROVINCES.

Bancoorah,
Backergunge,
Beerbhoom,
Burdwan,
Cuttack, Sn. Dn.
Pooree,
Dacca,
Furcedpore,
Jessore,
Middnapore,
Mymensing,
Nuldea,
Pubnah,
Purneah,
Tipperah,
}

At par and three days' sight.

C. MORLEY, Acct. General.

Fort William,
Accountant General's Office,
The 25th December, 1841.

BANK OF BENGAL,

15TH DECEMBER, 1841.

A Meeting of the Proprietors is requested at the Bank on Thursday, the 30th instant, at Ten A. M., for the election of a Director in the room of James Church, Esquire, resigned.

The Poll will close at 3 P. M.

Published by order of the Directors,

T. BRACKEN,

Secretary to the Bank.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that Sealed Tenders of Contract, superscribed on the Envelope "Tenders for the supply of Rum," will be received by the Commissary General, Calcutta, on or before the 1st day of January next, for the annual supply at the Presidency, of from Sixty to Eighty Thousand Gallons of Rum, as may be required by the Commissariat during the terms of three or five years, as may be accepted from the 1st day of May 1842.

to be manufactured after the European tamed, and to be delivered on the Terms of the Contract, at the Commissariat Stores in Fort William, free of all other charges whatever, in quantities of 15,000 to 20,000 Gallons at a time, in the months of February, May, August and November of each year: the first delivery to be made in May 1842.—Casks will be found by the Commissariat.

The Rum to be pure and merchantable, made from Sugar Cane Molasses only, and at the time of delivery, of the age at the least, of three months, to be equal in quality, strength and proof, to what is commonly called London proof, such quality, proof, or strength to be ascertained, and decided upon, by the Commissary General, the Commissariat Officer in charge at Fort William, or by such other person, as may be duly authorized, in manner to be hereafter agreed upon.

The Tenders to be accompanied by a written Document signed by two persons of credibility, and competency, acknowledging themselves, if the Terms be accepted, willing to become responsible by Deed, for the due performance of the Contractor's engagements.

WILL. BURLTON,

Commissary General.

Commissary General's Office,
Fort William,
25th November, 1841.

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF PILOT STATION FOR THE RIVER
HOOGHLY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that referring to the impracticability during the last S. W. Monsoon, owing to the encreasing resort of Shipping to the Port of Calcutta, to supply Pilots at the distant Station off Point Palmyras, the arrangements as noted in the following Memorandum from the Master Attendant, will be adopted for the next S. W. Monsoon.

MEMO.

1st.—A Pilot Vessel will be stationed off False Point during the next South West Monsoon, say from the 15th of March to the 15th of September 1842, bearing, according to circumstances, E. by N. a S. E. by S. from the Light House, and in from 10 to 15 fathoms depth of water.

2d.—This Vessel will exhibit by day, when any others are in sight, besides the usual Company's Ensign at her Peak, a *large Danish Jack* (red with white cross) at her Main Top Gallant Mast Head, and at night a *good Light* in the same situation, besides burning a *Blue Light* every hour, and beating a *Gong* frequently in calm thick weather, to warn Vessels coming from the Southward of her near neighbourhood. She will *not* however have any Pilots on board, the main object of her intended Station off False Point being to guard all inward bound Vessels from proceeding to the old Station off Point Palmyras during next season, and directing them to a new one in the South Channel between the Tails of the Eastern and Western Reefs, where Pilot Vessels will then be found in from 16 to 20 fathoms water, and from 6 to 8 Miles South West of the present South Channel Buoy, that Buoy laying in Lat. $20^{\circ} 58' 30''$ N. Long. $88^{\circ} 4'$ East of Greenwich, and in 12 fathoms water.

3d.—For the purpose of more distinctly marking the new Station, the Commanding Officer's Vessel there will always wear by day, when other Vessels are in sight, a *large St. George's Jack* (white with red cross) at her Main Top Gallant Mast Head, besides the usual Company's Colours at her Peak, and at night be distinguished by a constant *good Mast Head Light*, by *Blue Lights* and *Maroons* used alternately every half hour and also by *Guns* fired every four hours, say at 8 P. M., Midnight, and 4 A. M. with *good Rockets* discharged at the same time.

4th.—All Vessels are recommended to be most careful in coming over from False Point to the New Station by constant attention to that safe old Guide the Lead, and thereby correcting their Steerage as Tides or Currents may or may not set them out of their proper course, and they are also advised not to come under 16 fathoms, at night especially, till they reach the Pilot's Station and get their proper Pilots on board.

5th.—Lastly—All Vessels are directed not to approach the Pilot's Station at night without giving due warning, and not only by the exhibition of Lights, say 2 *Vertical* where best seen, but also by the discharge of a Gun, if they have any on board, as soon as they decry the first Pilot Vessel near them. They are further recommended to be most careful not to come into collision with any of the Pilot Vessels at the Station on their own accounts no less than that of the Public as they will be held responsible for all Damages, and called upon afterwards to pay for all that may have arisen from bad Look-out, Inattention to Duty, or Carelessness of any kind whatever.

(Signed) T. T. HARRINGTON,

Master Attendant.

By order of the Marine Board,

C. B. GREENLAW, Secretary.

Fort William, the 18th October, 1841.

No. 1745.

NOTICE.

REFERRING to the Notification indicating the proposed change of the Pilot Station during the approaching S. W. Monsoon, the Marine Board hereby give Notice, that with the sanction of Government, a Chart of Captain Lloyd's late Survey of the Ground between Lucam's Channel and False Point is being lithographed for public Sale, and the following is copy of Instructions proposed by Captain Lloyd with a view to the more ready Guide of Vessels from False Point to the New Station.

"It has been proposed by the Master Attendant, and approved of by the Marine Board, to change the Cruizing Ground of the Pilot Vessels during the S. W. Monsoon, or between the 15th of March and 15th of September from their present Station off Point Palmyras, to a position 6 or 8 miles S. W. from the South Channel Buoy in from 16 to 20 fathoms, and the following directions are offered as a guide to direct Vessels from False Point Light House to the New Cruizing Station."

"False Point Light House is in Latitude $20^{\circ} 19\frac{1}{2}'$ N. and Longitude $86^{\circ} 47'$ E., and that of the South Channel Buoy in Latitude $20^{\circ} 59'$ N. and Longitude $88^{\circ} 4'$ E., and bears from the former N. 61 E. true or N. E. by E. $\frac{1}{4}$ E. by Compass, distant 83 miles, and is laid in 12 fathoms."

"By an inspection of the Chart it will be seen that the Bank of Soundings off Point Palmyras extend in a direction towards the tail of the Western Sea Reef, and the nature of the bottom (as distinguished from that of the Hoogley deposit which is Sand and Mud with shining specks) is a gravelly substance composed of Sand Shells and small Pebbles discharged from the "Kunka" and other Rivers near Point Palmyras, the lighter materials of which being carried further out, is deposited and forms what is called the Pilot's Ridge, which in crossing to the N. W. shews a little less water than on either side, and in coming from Seaward you Shoal rather suddenly from 28 to 23 fathoms upon its Eastern edge. It is composed of a shelly Sand or Minute Gravel, of a reddish or rusty brown colour."

"The best Guide therefore to enable a Vessel to direct her course from False Point to the Vessels at the New Station will be to run down the edge of the Pilot's Ridge, and having made the Light House and brought it to bear about W. S. W. or S. W. by W. and distant by computation from 10 to 15 miles, should steer to the E. N. E., and having gradually encreased her depth of water to 23 fathoms upon the Eastern edge of the Ridge, she should regulate her course to keep between it and 27 fathoms, when, by attention to the lead and nature of the Soundings, course and distance run from the Light House, it is almost impossible to miss the Pilot Vessels (if the above limits are kept within) either by getting too far to Windward or falling to Leeward, for the Soundings encrease so rapidly to Seaward from the proposed New Station, that 28 fathoms will not be more than 3 or 4 miles to the Southward of it, and 23 fathoms the same distance to the Westward of it."

"The Soundings to Seaward of the Ridge are in general a greenish or olive coloured mud, with occasionally a few bits of broken Shells mixed with it."

(Sd.) RD. LLOYD, Capt. I. N.,

Offg. M. S. Genl.

The price of the Chart will be Rupees 2 each, and parties desirous of being supplied are requested to send their names for registry at this Office.

By Order of the Marine Board,

C. B. GREENLAW, Secy.

Fort William,

The 9th December, 1841.

NOTICE of Public Sale for Arrears of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, Zillah Moorshedabad, on Monday, the 27th December, 1841, or 14th Pous 1248 B. S.

Names of Mehals to be sold, and of the Pergunnah in which they are situated, and No. of Lot in the Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietors.	Annual Sudder Jumma.	Arrears of Revenue, including Interest up to the Kist of September 1841.	Remarks.
1. Pergh. Coonwarpertaub, &c.,.....	Rajah Kishen Chunder Sing, and Rane Unno-poorah,	182647 9 6	24276 1 4	These Lands produce Indigo, Paddy, Mulberry and Sugar Cane, &c. &c. &c.
2. Hooda Ecoores, &c., ...	Rajah Kishen ChundKoor, Ram Chund and Rane Jura Koonwur, Kashee Nath, Bhola Nauth, Kishen Nauth, Sib Soondry, Bejoy Kishen Bhobhonesurree, Raj Kishore, Radha Benode Dass, Sonbhuddra, and Nitto Callee Dehya,	105428 8 8	14057 9 1	
8. Kist. Pergh. Kasheepore,		8076 12 5	1158 15 0	

The abovementioned Estates are under Butwarra.

1. Kist. Ph Rokhunpore, ...	Judoo Nath Sandyal,.....	69762 12 11	6766 10 3	Ditto.
2. " " Futteh Sing,...	Rajah Kishen Chund, &c.,...	46326 4 9	11126 0 11	
6 Hooda Shekhalleepore, ...	Doolah Dehya, &c,	9848 11 4	1334 13 2	
10. " Poorattumbhattee,	Shibnarain Ghose,.....	8356 8 2	1174 15 1	
28. Dihee Gunkur Churkha,	Bejoy Gobind, &c.,.....	14886 12 10	2400 1 4	
56 Kist. Ph Dyanuggur,.....	Fuqueer Oolla, &c,	9590 12 8	1216 10 9	
300. Turf Mooneeah Dihee,...	Mohesh Chunder, &c.,	12916 4 3	2018 14 0	

Mourshedabad Collector's Office, the 16th December, 1841.

PIERCE TAYLOR, Collector.

NOTICE of Public Sale for Arrears of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, Zillah Hooghly, on Tuesday, the 28th December 1841, corresponding with 15th Poose 1248 B. S.

Names of the Mehals to be sold, and of the Pergunnah in which it is situated, and No. of Lot in Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietor.	Amount Sudder Jumma.	Arrears of Revenue, including Interest for the Kist of September 1841.	Remarks.
No. 28, Sankkholly, Pergh. } Bauliah,..... }	Prannath Chowdry, &c.,.....	10148 0 8	642 5 1	{ Produces Paddy, Sugarcane, &c.
" 29, Belly Do. Balgore, ... }	Golluckchunder Moker-jea, &c.,	10134 1 7	687 8 11	{ Ditto ditto ditto.
" 30, Nakerbaug Do. } Chunderoonah,	Ramechunder Gungopadhia, &c., including Chackeran,	11239 7 2	692 15 10	{ Ditto ditto ditto.

Hooghly Collector's Office, the 8th December, 1841.

W. H. BELLI, Collector.

NOTICE of Public Sale for Arrears of Revenue, unless intermediately liquidated, at the Collector's Office, Zillah Hooghly, on Tuesday the 28th December 1841, corresponding with 15th Poose 1248 B. S.

Name of Mehals to be sold, and of the Pergunnah in which it is situated, and Number of Lot in Collector's Sale Advertisement.	Recorded Proprietors.	Amount Sudder Jumma.	Arrears of Revenue, including Interest for the Kist of September 1841.	Remarks.
No. 103, Mancoondah, Pergh. } Beros,	Dowarkanath Taccor, &c.,...	2531 8 7	365 8 8	{ Produces Paddy, Sugarcane, &c.

Hooghly Collector's Office, the 8th December, 1841.

W. H. BELLI, Collector.

CUSTOMS.

List of Packages lying unclaimed at this Office.

- 1 Parcel, J. Poate, care Mr. Bastard, per Reliance.
- 1 Box, Condr. J. Baldock, Ordnance Department, per Carnatic.
- 1 Parcel, Mr. Gilbert, Clerk H. M. S. Nimrod, per India.
- 6 Casks, marked G. Muller, per Walmer Castle.
- 1 Case, ditto, C. W. H., per ditto.
- 2 Hhds. and 2 Butts, ditto C B S, 25, 26, & 6, per ditto.
- 1 Case, Colin Mackenzie, W in diamond, per Mountaineer.
- 1 Trunk, marked J C, per Indian Queen.
- 1 Chest, no mark, per ditto.
- 1 Case, Mr. Fagan, per Colombo.
- 1 Ditto, marked P L, per Earl of Hardwick.
- 1 Trunk, 1 Box, 1 Case, L in diamond, 1 to 3, per ditto.
- 1 Case, Lieut. Col. Booth, care Griffiths and Co., Madras, per Eliza.
- 1 Qr. Case, Capt. Larkins, Passenger per Asia.
- 1 Parcel, Lt. G. Crispin, care Colvin and Co., per Hindostan.
- 1 Ditto, A. Nicholson, Cadet, per ditto.
- 1 Package, J. Allport, Hobart Town, per Drogan.
- 1 Case, marked L and Co. in diamond, per Renown.
- 1 Box, Major Moore, per Roberts.
- 1 Ditto, marked E H, per ditto.
- 2 Ditto, Lieut. W. Carter, per Kilblain.
- 1 Parcel, marked R in diamond, 1 to 74, per Mary Ray.
- 1 Ditto, C. Morgan, per Essex.
- 1 Ditto, 2 Troop 1 Brigade B. H. Artillery, per ditto.
- 1 Ditto, S. D. Birch, Cashier Bank of Bengal, per ditto.
- 1 Case, Janet Hunter, per Mary Sharp.
- 1 Box, the Comdg. Officer, 55th Regt., Madras, per Wm. Barras.
- 1 Ditto, ditto 18th Regt. Bombay, per ditto.
- 1 Box, H. Cooper, per ditto.
- 1 Parcel, Mrs. Sutherland, care Gillanders and Co., per Owen Glendower.
- 1 Case, marked G in diamond, per Northumberland.
- 1 Ditto, Dr. N. Ward, per Concordia.
- 1 Ditto, Revd. A. Sutton, care Revd. J. Thomas, per ditto.
- 1 Ditto, Revd. R. O. Dwight, care Revd. M. Winslow, per ditto.
- 1 Ditto, Mrs. T. H. Simmonds, per Bucephalus.
- 1 Ditto, W. P. Grant, per Southampton.
- 1 Ditto, P. Young, per ditto.
- 1 Ditto, Captain A. Broom, per ditto.
- 1 Parcel, J. C. Palmer, per Plantagenet.
- 1 Ditto, Captain Bunce, care G. Colquhoun, per ditto.
- 1 Ditto, Major J. L. Earle, 9th Regt. N. I., per Maidstone.
- 1 Ditto, Revd. J. Innes, per ditto.
- 1 Ditto, H. Wickham, care F. A. Cornabe, per ditto.
- 1 Ditto, His Danish Majesty's Government, Serampore, per ditto.
- 1 Case W. B. O'Shaughnessy, per City of Palaces.
- 5 Ditto, F. J. Morris, care Surroop Dher, per Madagascar.
- 1 Parcel, Lieut. Shakespear, B. Artillery, per Calcutta.
- 6 Casks and 1 Keg, E. I. C., per Bland.
- 1 Box, E. I. C., Captain Bayles, per ditto.

W. BRACKEN,

Offg. Collector of Govt. Customs

Calcutta, 24th December, 1841.

The Collector has no objection to pass Packages, which are intended for private use, and not for Sale, unopened—provided that at the time they are applied for, satisfactory proof of their contents in the shape of Invoices, Bills, or Letters of Advice are produced. In the absence of these documents, owners should depute a person to be present at the opening of their Packages.

The Collector has nothing to do with the landing of Packages from Ships, nor with forwarding them to their owners or destinations.

NOTICE.

THE undermentioned pieces of Cloth, supposed to have been stolen, having been forwarded to this Court, it is requested that any persons claiming the same, will make their application to this Court (accompanied with proof) within 30 days from this date.

8 Pieces of Calico measuring 99½ yards each, of rather coarse quality, marked "Alexander Turner and Co., Manchester" and T. R. in red thread.

24 Pieces of twilled Calico, of different patterns and lengths, without any mark.

C. WHITMORE, Magistrate.

Zillah Beerbhoom, Fy. Adt. }

The 18th December, 1841. }

WANTED.

A N Head Assistant for the Government Savings' Bank: Qualifications—good Accountant and general intelligence. Salary 100 Rs. per month—a Deposit of 2,500 Rs. Company's Paper required.

G. F. MCCLINTOCK,

Secy Govt. S. B.

NOTICE.

A REWARD of 200 Rupees will be given to any person procuring the apprehension of Issur-chunder Banerjee, an inhabitant of Jorasanko, in Calcutta, and late a Darogah of Ghaut Monohurgunge, in the Salt Agency of 24-Pergunnahs.

STEAM NOTICE.



The MATABANGA, in tow of the BERHAMPOOTER, Steam Vessel, for Allahabad, will leave Calcutta on the 30th December, and will probably leave Allahabad on the 29th January on her return to Calcutta.

By Order of the Marine Board,

(Signed) J. H. JOHNSTON,

Controller of Govt. Steam Vessels.

Steam Department, the 22d December, 1841.

STEAM NOTICE.



The SOORMA, in tow of the MEGNA, Steam Vessel, for Allahabad, left Calcutta on the 21st instant, and will probably leave Allahabad on the 19th January on her return to Calcutta.

By Order of the Marine Board,

(Signed) J. H. JOHNSTON,

Controller of Govt. Steam Vessels.

Steam Department, the 22d December, 1841.

Former Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Thursday, the Sixth day of January next, precisely at the hour of 12 o'clock at noon, Thomas Bracken, Esquire, former Sheriff of Calcutta, will put up to Public Sale at the Lower Verandah of the Court House, near the entrance into the Sheriff's Office, by Virtue of two several Writs of Venditioni Exponas in his hands, viz. a Writ of Venditioni Exponas issued in a cause wherein Sree Mutty Joymoney Dossce Bahoo Rance and Sree Mutty Seehoocondery Dossce Bahoo Rance, Widows and legal personal representatives of Rajah Sitabunder Roy deceased, are the Plaintiffs, and Rajnarain Bysack and Joymoney Bysack are the Defendants, and the other issued in a cause wherein Sree Mutty Joymoney Dossce Bahoo Rance and Sree Mutty Seehoocondery Dossce Bahoo Rance, Heiresses and legal

personal representatives of Cowr Sibchunder Roy Bahadoor deceased, are the Defendants, and Rajnarain Bysack, who hath survived Rajkistno Bysack deceased, is the Defendant,—

1st.—The Right, Title, and Interest of the said Rajnarain Bysack, of, in, and to all that piece or parcel of Tenanted Land or Ground, containing, by estimation, Four Cottahs and Eight Chittacks, more or less, situate, lying, and being in Monsatillah Street, in Burrabazar, in Calcutta aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows: (that is to say), on the North by the House and Premises of Juggasur Bysack, on the South by the House and Premises of Chundychurn Seat, on the West by the House and Premises of Ramgopal Bysack, and on the East by the House and Premises of Ramnauth Bysack.

2d.—Also, the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Rajnarain Bysack, of, in, and to all that Upper-roomed Brick-built Messuage, Tenement or Dwelling House, with a piece or parcel of Land or Ground thereunto belonging, containing, by estimation, Thirteen Cottahs, be the same a little more or less, situate, lying, and being in Burtallah Street, in the Town of Calcutta, and butted and bounded in manner and form following: (that is to say), on the North by the House and Premises the Property of and belonging to Gourang Day, on the South by the Company's Public Road, on the West by the House and Premises the Property of and belonging to Cossinauth Mullick, and on the East by the House and Premises the Property of and belong to Juggomohun Roy.

3d.—Also, the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Rajnarain Bysack, of, in, and to all that Upper-roomed Brick-built, Messuage, Tenement or Dwelling House, with a piece or parcel of Land or Ground thereunto belonging, containing, by estimation, Eighteen Cottahs, be the same a little more or less, situate, lying, and being at Rutton Sircar's Street, in Burrabazar, in the Town of Calcutta aforesaid, and butted and bounded in manner and form following: (that is to say), on the North by the Rented Ground and Premises the Property of and belonging to Bostomchurn Mullick, on the South by the Company's Road, on the West by the House and Premises commonly called Mooktoo-wallibaggy, and on the East by Tenanted Ground and Premises the property of and belonging to Mussaydul Rajah.

4th.—Also, the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Rajnarain Bysack, of, in, and to all that Upper-roomed Brick-built, Messuage, Tenement or Dwelling House, with a piece or parcel of Land or Ground thereunto belonging, containing, by estimation, Two Cottahs, be the same a little more or less, situate, lying, and being at Chitpore Road, in the Town of Calcutta, and butted and bounded in manner and form following: (that is to say), on the North by the House and Premises the property of and belonging to Gungadthur Holder, on the South by the House and Premises the property of and belonging to Gourang Doss Seat, on the West by the Company's Public Road, and on the East by the House and Premises the property of and belonging to Sree Mutty Thaukooraney Dossee.

5th.—Also, the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Rajnarain Bysack, of, in, and to all that Lower-roomed Brick-built Godown, with a piece or parcel of Land or Ground thereunto belonging, containing, by estimation, One Cottah, Four Chittacks and Sixteen Gundahs, be the same a little more or less, situate, lying, and being at China Bazar, in the Town of Calcutta, and butted and bounded in manner following: (that is to say), on the North by the House and Premises of and belonging to Kishubchunder Collis, on the South by the House and Premises of and belonging to Cossynauth Bysack, on the West by Company's Public Road, and on the East by the House and Premises of and belonging to Mr. Lean.

6th.—Also, the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Rajnarain Bysack, of, in, and to all that Upper-roomed Brick-built Messuage, Tenanted or Dwelling House, with a piece or parcel of Land thereunto belonging, containing, by estimation, One Cottah, more or less, situate, lying, and being at Rutton Sircar's Street, in Calcutta aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows: (that is to say), on the North by the Tenanted Ground and Premises of Bustomechurn Mullick, on the West by the House and Premises of Hurry Mohun Seal, on the South by the Company's Public Road, and on the East by the House of Bustomechurn Mullick, commonly called Gollah Battee.

7th.—Also, the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Rajnarain Bysack, of, in, and to all that Lower-roomed Brick-built Messuage, Tenement or Dwelling House, with piece or parcel of Land thereunto belonging, containing, by estimation, One Cottah, more or less, situate, lying, and being at Rutton Sircar's Street aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows: (that is to say), on the North by the Company's Public Road, on South and West by the House and Premises of and belonging to Odditchurn Baboo, and on the East by the House and Premises the property of and belonging to Rammo-hun Addy.

8th.—Also, the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Rajnarain Bysack, of, in, and to all that piece or parcel of Garden Ground and Premises, a Tank and several Trees thereon, containing, by estimation, Twenty-seven Biggahs, more or less, situate, lying, and being at Soorah, in the District of Hawally, and butted and bounded as follows: (that is to say), on the North by the Garden and Premises of Mothoor Mohun Sain, on the South by the Company's Public Road, on the West by the Garden Ground and Premises of Tickaram Ghose, and on the East by the Garden Ground and Premises of Ramtonoo Bysack.

9th.—Also, the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Rajnarain Bysack, of, in, and to all that Tank or Pond of Water, and Premises thereto attached containing, by estimation, Seventy Biggahs, more or less, situate, lying, and being at Aurpools, in Calcutta aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows: (that is to say), on the North by the Garden Ground and Premises of Mooktaram Baboo, on the South by the Company's Road there, on the West by the Tenanted Ground and Premises of Gourang Doss Seat, and on the East by the Tenanted Ground and Premises of Radukissen Bysack and Cossinauth Bysack.

10th.—Also, the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Rajnarain Bysack, of, in, and to all that piece or parcel of Tenanted Land, containing, by estimation, Thirty-three Biggahs and Ten Cottahs, more or less, situate, lying, and being at Aurpools aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows: (that is to say), on the North by the Company's Public Road there, on the South by the Garden Ground and Premises of Bhowanychurn Dutt, on the West by a House commonly called Easumharry, and on the East by the Tenanted Ground and Premises of Groodoss Bysack and Hullothur Bysack.

11th.—And also, the Right, Title, and Interest of the said Rajnarain Bysack, of, in, and to all that piece or parcel of Land or Ground, containing, by estimation, Eleven Biggahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at a place called Kallah-bagan, Matchowabazar, in Calcutta, occupied by Tenants, and butted and bounded as follows: (that is to say), on the North by the Company's Road, on the South by the Company's Ditch there, on the East by the Land of one Sreekistno Bysack, and on the West by the Temple of Poor's Durga, belonging to one Shajkh Fyder Ally.

The Conditions of Sale may be known by applying at the Sheriff's Office.

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The Calcutta Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1841.

NOTIFICATION.

FORT WILLIAM, SECRET DEPARTMENT,

THE 24TH DECEMBER, 1841.

The Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council has great satisfaction in publishing for general information the following Copies of Despatches from Major General Sir Robert Sale, K. C. B., the first dated the 18th ultimo, detailing the circumstances attending the march of the force under his command from Gundamuck to Jellalabad, and of a most successful attack made upon the rebels before the latter place on the 14th ultimo; the second dated the 2d instant reporting the brilliant success of a detachment from the force collected at Jellalabad in routing on the preceding day a large body of the insurgents at that place.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council,

T. H. MADDOCK,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.

FROM MAJOR GENERAL SIR R. SALE, K. C. B.,

Commanding at Jellalabad,

TO MAJOR P. CRAIGIE,

Acting Adjutant General of the Army,

Dated Jellalabad, 18th Nov., 1841.

SIR,—The Troops under my command reached this City on the 12th instant. It illustrates in a painful manner the excitement of the minds of the people against us at this period to relate that my decamping from Gundamuck on the 11th was the signal for the commencement of a scene of shameful defection amongst the irregular troops, and a general insurrection of the surrounding Kheils, which had before remained quiescent. Brevet Captain Gerrard, of Captain Ferris' Corps of Jezailchees, had been intrusted with the duty of holding the Fort of the Urz Begee. The Engineers blew up under my instructions two of its bastions, and though an accidental fire prevented the demolition of the other two, the ruin of the place was nearly effected by the conflagration. But as the Irregulars retired towards the Cantonment of Gundamuck they were attacked by the Ooloose of the Mamoo Kheil, who had before been so submissive. In this moment of need the Jezailchees behaved admirably, but Captain Gerrard found himself deserted by the whole of the Janbazes, who, seduced by their Native Commandant Noorooddeen, a traitor fostered

in the Shah's family at Loodianah, went over to the enemy almost at the same moment. Captain Burns' Corps of Khyberees showed symptoms of disaffection, and though a portion of them were kept around their colors, it was soon seen that a retreat from Gundamuck, which the Ooloose of the whole country were attacking had become inevitable. The Cantonment was plundered by the mutineers, who, in their breathless haste to destroy it, blew up its Magazine and many of themselves with it. Captain Burns' two field pieces were spiked and abandoned near Alce Moudan Khan's bridge, and three hours after nightfall the debris of the irregulars came in full and disorderly retreat into my Camp at Futtihabad.

My own line of march on the 11th was no otherwise interrupted than by the attacks of bodies of plunderers on the baggage, who received signal punishment from our precautionary parties; but as the Camp broke up on the 12th, from two to three thousand armed men began to close round our troops and loaded animals, and these were joined by the whole population successively on the line of march. Lieut. Colonel Dennie commanded the rear guard. He retired slowly before the enemy, repelling him by skirmishers and cannon as long as the ground continued abrupt and rugged. But on approaching the plains he commenced to manœuvre, with the view of drawing them into an action on the level; their boldness favored his stratagem, and foreseeing this result, I had dispatched the Rissalah of Shah's Horse to reinforce him. At length the desired moment arrived, and the Lieut. Colonel directed Captain Oldfield of the 5th Light Cavalry, and Lieut. Mayne of the Shah's 2d, to make a combined charge against the Ooloose. This was executed with great rapidity and resolution, and in very compact order, and in a few minutes upwards of one hundred of the Afghan matchlockmen were sabred and shot, and the rest driven in irremediable confusion to the heights. It was ascertained on the spot that the Ooloose had left in the course of the whole affair one hundred and fifty dead on the field, and the proportion of their wounded must have been heavy. After this salutary lesson their efforts to annoy our columns on their route up to the walls of this place were cautious and feeble.

The defences of Jellalabad consist of a Mud enceinte of upwards of 2000 yards of weak curtains and round towers which have a narrow rampart, but no sufficient parapet. On the northern face the profile is less bold than elsewhere, and there was excellent cover for an enemy within pistol shot. On the evening of the 12th our Infantry occupied the gates and the ill-constructed Citadel, whilst the Artillery and Cavalry were dispersed in the enclosures adjacent to the residences of the King, and Envoy, and Minister without title

walls. On the morning of the 13th, some regular occupation was taken of the place. Troops were posted in the whole of its bastions. The two Infantry Corps were established in the Citadel, the Artillery on an open space in front of it, and the Cavalry in the Shah's garden. About two hundred and fifty of the Khyberes had returned steadily to their allegiance, the Jezzilechees were emulating the regular battalions in zeal and courage, and unremitting efforts were made by plying our entrenching tools, and the substitution of Camel saddles for sand bags, to put the town into a state of decent defence. In the mean time the enemy in great force had assembled under the walls to the Southward and Westward, whilst other masses came down from the direction of Sughman, crossed the river, and invested us closely to the Northward, detaching parties to set fire to the Cantonment raised at so great an expense in 1840. It had been in part burnt down the night before, and was now involved in a general conflagration. The enemy, masked by trees and old buildings, kept up an incessant fire of musquetry against the walls, at a very short range for upwards of twenty-four hours, by which our men sustained some loss behind their growing defences, and as it was desirable to diminish the consumption of provisions within the city, and there was reason to apprehend that the armed inhabitants would join in any attack made on us from without, I adopted the measures, first of permitting the women and children to withdraw, next of excluding all strangers and suspicious persons, and finally of getting rid, as far as it was practicable, of the whole male population, excepting the shop-keepers, whose stay was valuable to us.

On the morning of Sunday the 14th, I determined to attempt to dislodge the enemy from a part of their position. I placed for this purpose a force consisting of three hundred men of the 13th, three hundred of the 35th, one hundred Sappers, three guns of Captain Abbott's battery, the whole of the Cavalry, and two hundred Khyberes, at the disposal of Lieutenant Colonel Monteath, C. B., and directed him to sally from the town and assail that part of the enemy's line from which I was most desirous of expelling them. I beg to forward his report of the very gallant affair which followed, and which I had the satisfaction of witnessing from the walls. This spirited attack upon not fewer than five thousand men has wholly broken up the enemy's investment, and we have from that hour scarcely seen an armed Affghan in our neighbourhood. We have availed ourselves of this pause to put the walls into a state of defence, which will I trust enable us to defy the efforts of any Asiatic force unaided by Siege Artillery, and are using every exertion to store our Magazines with grain from the adjacent villages. I enclose reports from Lieutenant Colonel Dennie and Captain Oldfield, and Casualty Returns from the 11th to the 14th instant inclusive.

I have, &c.,

(Signed.) R. SALE, *Major General,*
Commanding at Jellalabad.

(True copy.)

P. CRAIGIE, *Major, D. A. G.*

FROM LIEUTENANT COLONEL T. MONTEATH,
Commanding the Sallying Party,
TO CAPTAIN WADE,
Major of Brigade,

Dated Jellalabad, 14th November, 1841.

SIR,—Having been entrusted with the command of the Troops named in the margin, by Major General Sir R. Sale, K. C. B., for the purpose of making a Sortie to dislodge the Enemy from the several positions of investment taken up by them around Jellalabad, I have now the honor of

300 H. M.'s 13th Lt. Infantry.
300 35th Regiment.
100 Sappers and Miners, S. S. F.
200 Kyber Corps.
3 Guns, Abbott's Battery
1 Squadron 5th Lt. Cavalry.
1 Hussulsh, Anderson's Horse.
4 Duffadar and 12 Men, Skinner's Horse.

addressing you, to report, for the Major General's information, the arrangements made by me towards the fulfilment of his views.

Having made a reconnoissance of the Enemy's posts, as far as the sharp fire upon the Ramparts would admit, I determined, as a preliminary measure, to carry the walled Garden immediately in front of the Southern Gate—the walled enclosure and Mosque to the South West of that gate, from whence the flank of the Sallying Column could be assailed in its advance—and the Garden immediately in front of the Cabool Gate.

The first of these posts was taken by a party of One Hundred Men of the Kyber Corps, under Lieutenant Hillersdon; the second, by a party of Fifty Men of H. M.'s 13th Lt. Infantry, under Lieutenant Cox; and the third, by a similar party of H. M.'s 13th Lt. Infantry, under Captain Fenwick.

Having seen the Troops established in these three posts, a Sortie was immediately made with the remainder of the Force from the Southern Gate, for the purpose of storming the Heights, in front of that face of the Town on which the Enemy had collected in masses, and which seemed to be considered the Head Quarters, from their Standard having been planted there; but on the approach of the Column of Infantry and Guns, they immediately fled from thence with the utmost precipitancy.

Captain Oldfield, Commanding the Cavalry stationed in the Shah Bhag, at the South East angle of the Town, had received my instructions, that as soon as he saw the Infantry debouche upon the plain, he was to move forward as expeditiously as possible, gain the rear of the Heights, there form line out of reach of the Enemy's fire, and remain prepared to charge, and cut them up on their being driven down by the Infantry.

In order that he might not be impeded by fire from behind walls during his advance, a party of One Hundred of the Khyber Corps, under Captain Bruce, was placed under his command, to enable him to dislodge any small parties of the Enemy so posted; circumstances however occurred which completely prevented Captain Oldfield from acting in the manner prescribed by me, and which in the end proved of no consequence whatever. A report of the occurrences which took place in that Officer's quarter is herewith enclosed.

Having occupied the Heights, from which the Enemy had fled, by One Hundred Men of H. M.'s 13th Lt. Infantry, and the same number of the 35th Regiment, and placed the Cavalry with one nine-pounder Gun under Captain Backhouse, Commanding the Mountain Train (but who was present as a volunteer) on the plain at a short distance in their front to watch the movements of the Enemy, who, both Horse and Foot, had again collected on a distant Height, I moved the rest of the Troops and Guns round to the right, for the purpose of driving the remainder of the Enemy from the Western and Northern faces of the Town, and on a well directed fire being opened by Lieutenant Dawes from the Guns, on one of their positions, they broke in every quarter, and fled with the greatest consternation, when, I am given to understand, the Jezzilechiees stationed on the Northern face, sallied in a very gallant manner, and cut up a number of them.

On seeing the hopeless state of affairs in every direction, the Chiefs, with about three hundred of the Jan Baz, who had deserted our cause at Gundumuck, descended from the height on which they had, in the first instance rallied, and made off in the direction of Cabool; but having come within range of Captain Backhouse's Gun, that Officer had the opportunity afforded him of firing some admirably directed round-shot amongst them, which seemed to create an instant feeling to remove themselves as speedily and as far from our vicinity as possible.

Having now detailed the operations of the day, it is a most gratifying reflection to think how much has been gained, at so trifling a loss to ourselves, and so

considerable a one to the Enemy, Five Thousand of whom must have been present on the occasion.

As after sallying from the Town, I had the opportunity of witnessing the conduct of the Cavalry, I have no hesitation in saying they acquitted themselves entirely to my satisfaction; my thanks are therefore justly due to them, and to that gallant and meritorious Officer Captain Oldfield, for the able manner in which he extricated himself from a very critical situation in the first instance, and for the brilliant manner in which he afterwards led his men to the charge, placing himself in that situation that he was attacked by two Affghan Horsemen at the same moment, against whom he had to defend himself until they were sabred by two of his men.

Lieutenant Mayne, commanding the Ressallah of Anderson's Horse, than whom I know not a more gallant or zealous Officer, has also well deserved my thanks, for his conspicuous conduct; and that of Lieutenant Plowden, 5th Light Cavalry, has been mentioned to me by his Commanding Officer, Captain Oldfield, in terms of the highest commendation.

In regard to the remainder of the Troops, viz. The Artillery, H. M.'s 13th Light Infantry, 35th Regiment, Sappers and Miners Shah Sojah's Force, and Detachment Kyber Corps under Lieutenant Hillersdon, nothing could exceed the gallant spirit manifested by them; and I have to return my thanks to Captain Haylock, H. M.'s 13th Light Infantry, who volunteered to accompany me as Staff, for the very ready and zealous assistance he was always prepared to render me. To Captain Backhouse, who volunteered to take charge of a Nine Pounder left with the Cavalry; Lieutenant Dawes, Commanding the Artillery with the Detachment; Captain Fenwick, H. M.'s 13th Light Infantry, who took the walled Enclosure and Mosque; Lieutenant Cox, who took possession of the Garden in front of the Cabool Gate; and Lieutenant Hillersdon, who took possession of the Walled Garden in front of the Southern Gate.

Herewith I beg to enclose a Return of Killed and Wounded.

FROM CAPTAIN C. E. T. OLDFIELD,

Commanding Detachment of Cavalry,

TO LIEUTENANT COLONEL MONTEATH, C. B.,

Commanding Sallying Party.

Dated Jelalabad, 14th November, 1841.

SIR,—I have the honor to report, that in obedience to orders, I formed the Cavalry at mid day of the 14th instant, consisting of 1st Squadron, 5th Cavalry and part of 3d Squadron of Shah's 2d Cavalry, under the East wall of this Town, and facing to the East, ready for a Sally.

As the Khyburees would not act in our front, I was compelled to give up the line of march pointed out, particularly after the occupation by the Enemy of the Mission Grounds and House. The fire on us was very heavy from our front and right; to check this, I ordered Lieutenant Plowden to the front with the Skirmishers, and sounded the charge; this frightened the Enemy, who soon disappeared from the points above mentioned: Lieutenant Plowden led the Skirmishers gallantly, and rendered me most essential service.

As I advanced, I directed Lieutenant Mayne to clear the ground from left to right, and join me at the South Mission Gate; here we were again exposed to a very heavy fire, but a charge drove the Enemy away, and we soon were in the midst of their Foot, whom we cut up right and left. The Enemy's Horse, being in force on my right, towards the Southern Gate of the Town, I halted to form my Troops; the Jan Baz, fancying they had an easy prey, actually charged me, and two of their number were killed in my ranks; this was their last effort; I dashed at, and drove them to the Hills, then withdrew out of shot, covered by Skirmishers, and formed in parade order ready for work, but the Enemy had had enough.

I deem it but justice to mention, that the moment I advanced the Khyburees supported me.

The whole of the Troops under my Command behaved most gallantly, and I received the greatest assistance from Lieutenants Mayne and Plowden, and Subadar Sheik Ally Khan, of the 2nd Troop 5th Light Cavalry.

FROM LT.-COLONEL W. H. DENNIE, C. B.,

H. M.'s 13th Light Infantry

TO THE BRIGADE MAJOR,

Dated Jelalabad, 14th November, 1841.

SIR,—As commanding the Rear Guard on the 12th instant, I have the honor to report, for the Major General's information, that previously to the Troops leaving their Bivouac, a sharp fire was opened upon the loading Baggage from the Hills on our right, which afterwards was taken up along our rear. The Picquets at either point, kept the Enemy for some time in check; but as his numbers and confidence increased, I deemed it advisable to reinforce them.

Captain Oldfield, with his Troops, also pushed those who had descended into the plain back to the Heights. Covered by our Skirmishers (under Lieut. Wade, 13th, and Ensign Norton, 35th,) extended across the Valley, and those crowning the Hills, the Baggage safely debouched through the Gorge in which the village is situated, and in about an hour afterwards I gradually retired in the same order. On clearing its narrow outlet at the other extremity, the Enemy again pressed upon us, and were very numerous, completely enveloping our front and rear. As the country, however, soon opened in our front, and as the Troops were perfectly steady, and could be fully relied upon, and as I was desirous to disengage them from the broken and close ground, and the fire of the Village, and that of a large Fort, I continued to retire, and permitted the confident pursuit of the Ooloose, until I had drawn them to the point which I had fixed upon in my mind. Here, whilst the Squadron of the 5th Light Cavalry, under Captain Oldfield, was drawn up in a line, I was joined by a Ressallah of Anderson's Horse, under Lieutenant Mayne, sent back by the Major General, who had witnessed the heavy firing, and judged that the ground was favorable to the movements of Cavalry. I now directed a combined charge, which was instantaneous and overpowering: bringing their right shoulders forward they swept the plain, and bore down all opposition; not fewer than One Hundred fell under their Sabres; and the wounded were in proportion. The Cavalry was ably supported by Captain Broadfoot, with his Detachment of Sappers, who carried all before them to the right, and cleared the Hills which had been covered by our assailants: the route was now general and complete. After the halt necessary for the recal of the Cavalry, and reforming my party, I resumed my march, which, for at least ten miles, was not interrupted by a shot. On the road then becoming difficult and contracted, a body of the Enemy, encouraged by some Jan Bazes, who had deserted at Gundumuck, again made their appearance, but they preserved a distance at which their fire was harmless. On extricating the column from this ground, I once more waited their approach, but, instructed by the recent lesson, they could not be induced to cross the Ravines, and from thence until we marched into Jelalabad, we saw no more of an Enemy.

Though the conduct of every Officer and Soldier in this affair, was excellent, I must be permitted particularly to remark the gallant manner in which Captain Oldfield led the charge of Cavalry; in which he was emulated by Lieutenant Mayne at the head of his Ressallah, and Lieutenant Plowden in Command of a Troop of the 5th Cavalry; Captain Broadfoot's support of them was most soldierlike and intrepid. The services of Captain Backhouse, in Command of the Artillery, were very valuable to me; and I have to thank Captain Seaton, 35th, Senior Officer of the Infantry, for his able assistance.

(True Copy.)

P. CRAIGIE, Major, D. A. G.

RETURN of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, of the Force under the Command of Major General Sir Robert Sale, K. C. B., from the 11th to the 14th of November, 1841.

CORPS.	Killed.					Wounded.										Missing.			Name of the Officer Wounded.				
	Havildar.	Naicks.	Sepoys.	Camp Followers.	Horses.	Captain.	Jemadar.	Staff Sergeants and Havildars.	Dutadars.	Naicks.	Troopers, Privates, and Sepoys.	Syces.	Gun Cutters.	Camp Followers.	Horses.	Havildars.	Sepoys.	Horses.					
Squadron 5th Light Cavalry.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	7	0	0	1	Captain Gerrard, 2d in Command, Juzzailchee Regiment.				
Ressallah 2d Regiment Cavalry, S. S. F.	0	0	7	0	11	0	0	0	1	0	10	0	0	0	4	0	0	0					
Sappers and Miners.....	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
H. M.'s 13th Light Infantry,	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
35th Regiment N. I.	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	2	0	0	0	0					
Detachment Juzzailchee Regiment.....	1	2	19	1	0	1	1	2	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	1	8	0					
Total.....	1	3	28	2	12	1	1	3	1	0	44	1	0	2	11	1	8	1					
Grand Total,	33										53					11					9		1

(Signed) H. WADE, Captain, Major of Brigade.

RETURN of Killed, Wounded, and Missing in the Sally made on the Enemy's Positions on the 14th November, 1841.

Jellalabad, 14th November, 1841.

	Killed.		Wounded.		
		Horses.			
Artillery—Abbott's Battery,	0	0	0	0	0
1 Squadron 5th Light Cavalry.....	0	0	1	1	1
Ressallah Anderson's Horse,	0	4	1	3	10
Detachment of Skinner's Horse,	0	0	0	0	0
H. M.'s 13th Light Infantry,	0	0	0	3	0
Sappers and Miners, S. S. F.	0	0	0	0	0
35th Regiment N. I.	0	0	0	0	0
Detachment of Kyberces,	0	0	0	0	0
Total, ..	0	4	2	7	11

(Signed) T. MONTEATH, Lieutenant Colonel,
Commanding the Sallying Party.

True copies,
P. CRAIGIE, Major, D. A. G.

FROM MAJOR GENERAL SIR R. SALE, K. C. B.,
Commanding at Jellalabad,
TO MAJOR P. CRAIGIE,
Acting Adjutant General of the Army,
Dated Jellalabad, 2d December, 1841.

SIR,—I have to request the favor of your informing the Commander in Chief that the enemy who had for some days annoyed my garrison by sending forward parties to open a desultory fire on our soldiers laboring on the works, appeared in force yesterday morning, closely environed the northern and western faces, and partially surrounded the whole place. A desire under present circumstances to reserve our ammunition would perhaps have induced me to tolerate this audacity somewhat longer, but as these continued attacks had at length the effect of compelling our people to suspend their exertions to complete the parapets, and as the reports of our spies indicated an intention on the part of the rebels to establish mines under the scarp of our defences, (a species of operation in which some Kheils in this country are exceedingly skilful) I determined to remove them by a sally to a more convenient distance. I therefore formed a column within the Cabool gate, consisting of three hundred of the 13th, three hundred of the 35th, a detachment of Sappers and Jezailchees, two guns of No. 6, Light Field Battery, and the whole of the Cavalry. I placed this force under the immediate command of Lieutenant Colonel Dennie, purposing to

superintend the operations myself from the ramparts. On the gate being thrown open, the column advanced at a rapid pace, and then, according to my previous instructions, the Sappers diverging to the left, swept the whole space in front of the walls in that direction and round towards the rocky mounds on the right of the main road from Cabool. The security of the other flank was in like manner provided for by a Company of the 35th being extended facing towards the river, whilst the Cavalry had been ordered to follow the track of the main column, then forming and wheeling to their left to intercept all fugitives on the plain in that quarter. These movements were made in uninterrupted succession and with great spirit, and an animating cheer burst from our Soldiers the moment they found themselves beyond the walls. The Enemy poured their fire upon Colonel Dennie's column as soon as it debouched, but dismayed by the unchecked speed of its advance, broke, and leaving the ruined Forts in their rear, fled across the plain obliquely towards the river, they were promptly and hotly pursued up to its bank by the Jezailchees and the Sappers of the 13th, and Captain Abbott pushing his guns at a gallop, up to a point which commanded the stream, formed battery and completed the *deroute*—his practice here was excellent, and the Enemy suffered visibly and severely from his round shot and shrapnell. Many of them fell under his fire, and that of the Infantry and Irregulars, and many rushing into the river, and, missing the ford in their consternation, got into

deep water, and were swept away and drowned. The Cavalry also successfully sought an opportunity of charging on the level, and once more found ample employment for their sabres. The Sappers too surprised, by a sudden onset, a mass of Oodose, which was moving on apparently with the intention of operating against the southern front of the walls, and dispersed them with slaughter. The Enemy were now in panic flight on every side, and the reserve having been steadily reformed, the work of demolishing the walls of old Forts, which had afforded cover to petty assailants, was commenced.

The effect of this sudden and unexpected blow has been electrical. The insurgents have not only fled from the nearer holds of the Killa Urbah, and two others in which the Ghulzee Chiefs Uzeez Khan and Ghoolam Jan, son of the re-

volted Urz Begee, had taken up their quarters but retired from the whole line of the Char Bagh Forts, and only rallied at Umr Khail, at the cautious distance of 12 miles from our ramparts. The latest information is to the effect that the rebel Commander has demanded a strong re-inforcement of Horse from Cabool as an indispensable condition of his making any further attempts against us. Our loss has been trifling, beyond calculation, in life.

(True Copy,)

P. CRAIGIE, Major,

Dy. Adj. General of the Army.

(True Copies,)

T. H. MADDOCK,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

Published by Authority.

It is requested that Government Notifications for the Calcutta Gazette, of any length, may be sent to the Press before Noon of Tuesday, and those of a few lines only before 5 P. M. of that day.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1841.

FORT WILLIAM,
GENERAL DEPARTMENT, 26TH JUNE, 1832.

All Public Officers of Government sending Advertisements to the *Calcutta Gazette* for Publication, are hereby directed to make them as short as possible, and to specify always how many times the Advertisement shall be repeated.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Vice President in Council,

H. T. PRINSEP, Secy. to the Govt.

FORT WILLIAM,
FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 19TH NOVEMBER, 1838.

The following revised Terms and Conditions for making Advances in India and China upon Goods and Merchandize consigned to England are published for general information, also the following paragraphs 5 and 6 of the despatch of the Hon'ble Court of Directors, dated 17th August, prescribing the same for future observance:

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

FOR

MAKING ADVANCES IN INDIA AND CHINA,
UPON

The Goods and Merchandize of Individuals intended for Consignment to England, re-payable to the Court of Directors of the East India Company.

1st.—The parties to whom Advances may be made shall agree that the respective Consignments be delivered into such Warehouses as the Court of Directors may approve: and that they be subject to the control of the Court of Directors until the lien of the Company upon the Consignment shall have been satisfied.

2d.—Upon each Consignment, the value of which is to be ascertained by the Officers of the Indian Government, or Authorized Agents of the East India Company, an Advance not exceeding three-fifths of such ascertained value will be made.

The rate of Exchange to be determined from time to time at the place where the Advance is made under the Court's orders.

s. d.

Per Company's Rupee for Advances made at.....	Bengal.
Ditto..... Ditto.....	Madras.
Ditto..... Ditto.....	Bombay.
Per Spanish Dollar Ditto.....	China.

4th.—The Parties will be required to place in the hands of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, Bills of Lading of the Consignment and Policies of Insurance effected thereon, both in triplicate. The Bills of Lading must be drawn

deliverable to the East India Company, or endorsed to the order of the East India Company. The Policies of Insurance must be effected in the name and on behalf of the East India Company, as the Parties interested, or endorsed to their order; but persons desirous of effecting the necessary Insurance in this Country, and of depositing the Policies in the Company's Treasury, will be allowed to do so.

5th.—In case of default being made either in acceptance, or payment of the Bills, the Court of Directors to be authorized, in such manner and at such times as they may see fit to sell the Goods, for the purpose of repaying the Company the amount of the Advances made thereon, including Freight and any other charges or expenses which the Company may have incurred on account of the Consignment, together with interest, should any have accrued; the Company, on the other hand, allowing discount, where any part of the proceeds shall be realized before the Bills fall due, and the settlement of either surplus or deficiency shall be made with the Consignor; and if in India or China by the Government or Agents from whom he received the Advance, at the rate of exchange at which the Company may at the time be drawing Bills upon such Government or Agents.

6th.—An Agent in England shall be appointed for each Consignment, to whom the Court of Directors shall be empowered to make over the Goods, subject to all the conditions agreed upon with the Company, on payment of the Bills; and with whom they shall be authorized to transact generally all business relating to such Goods. The Consignor shall be at liberty to make provision, in case of the Party upon whom the Bill is drawn, (being also the Agent) having failed to accept the Bill, for the substitution of another Agent.

7th.—After the arrival of the Goods in England and when they shall have been placed in such deposit as may have been agreed upon, the Agent may be put into possession of them before the Bills become due, upon the amount of such Bills (less discount) being paid, together with the Freight and any other charges and expenses which the Company have paid or may be subject to on account of the Goods.

8th.—The rate of Discount to be allowed by the Company shall be the same as that charged by the Bank of England; and in cases where interest shall have accrued, such interest shall be computed at the rate or rates per cent. at which the Company have allowed Discount during the period for which such interest is chargeable.

9th.—Parties or their Agents will be required to insure the Goods from fire, and deposit the Policies with the East India Company; such Insurance to take effect from the date of the termination of the Sea risk. Should however the Parties or their Agents fail to effect such Insurance, the East India Company shall be at liberty to insure the Goods, the expense of which shall be reimbursed to them previously to their making over the Goods to those Parties or their Agents.

10th.—Parties receiving Advances, to address in each instance a Letter in quadruplicate to the Court of Directors, according to a form which will be furnished by the Officers of Government (or authorized Agents of the East India Company), signifying their assent to all the foregoing conditions, but more particularly for the purpose of expressly authorizing the sale of the Goods by the Company (without either notice to or concurrence of any person whomsoever) at any period after default shall be made either in acceptance or payments of the Bills; also authorizing, in such cases, the re-paying to the Company the Advances made, either principal or interest, together with any other charges & expenses which the Company may have incurred in respect of the Goods, and appointing the Agent in England for each transaction.

Extract of a Despatch from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors in the Financial Department, dated the 17th August, No. 18 of 1838.

5.—In future we desire that you will restrict your Advances to the great staple Articles of Indian Produce, Cotton, Silk, Sugar, Coffee, Indigo, Salt Peter and Piece Goods—and further that no Advance be made upon any Consignment the ascertained value of which shall be less than 5,000 Rupees.

6.—Several Packages of Tobacco upon which you have made Advances have been seized by the Officers of Customs, in consequence of their having been imported in illegal Packages.—Extracts from the Acts 3 and 4, Will. 4, Cap. 52, Sec. 58, and 6th and 7th Will. 4, Cap. 60, Sec. 4, relating to the Article of Tobacco, are transmitted in the Packet.

Published by Order of the Hon'ble the President of the Council of India in Council,

H. T. PRINSEP,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,
FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT,

THE 3D JUNE, 1841.

Notice is hereby given, that the Board of Customs Salt and Opium have been authorized to make Advances of Cash to Merchants on Bills of Exchange, secured by consignment of Goods at the rate of 2s. 1d. per Company's Rupee, until further Orders. In all other respects the Terms and Conditions of these Advances will be the same as advertised under dates the 2d May 1838 and 27th November 1839.

Published by order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor of Bengal,

G. A. BUSHBY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 298.

FORT WILLIAM,
GENERAL DEPARTMENT,

The Right Honorable the Governor having had before him Specimens of Book Printing executed at the Military Orphan Press and two other Presses at this Presidency, with the rates of charge which obtain at the three Establishments, is pleased, on the present occasion of renewing the Government Contract with the Orphan Press, to interdict all Government Officers from employing, without the previous sanction of the Government, other than the Contract Press for the execution of Public Works.

By order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor of Bengal,

G. A. BUSHBY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM,
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT,

THE 18TH DECEMBER, 1841.

The following Act passed by the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council on the 13th December 1841, is hereby promulgated for general information:

ACT No. XXIX. OF 1841.

An Act for amending such parts of the Bengal and Madras Codes as concern the dismissal of Suits and Appeals for neglecting to proceed in the same.

I. It is hereby enacted, that if a Plaintiff or Appellant in any Court shall, at any time, neglect to proceed in his Suit or Appeal for six weeks, the Suit or Appeal shall be dismissed; and it shall not be necessary to give the Plaintiff or Appellant any notice previous to dismissing his Suit or Appeal. The Suit

or Appeal shall be dismissed as of course after the expiration of six weeks without any proceeding on the part of the Court, or of the Defendant, or otherwise, or assignment of any reasons, unless the Plaintiff or Appellant, or his representative in case of his death, upon special application, shall have previously satisfied the Court of the propriety of allowing further time. The Court shall record upon the proceedings the reasons at large for allowing further time in all cases in which further time may be allowed, but it shall not be necessary to specify the reasons for refusing any application for further time.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that in all cases in which a Suit or Appeal is dismissed under the preceding Section the Court shall award to the Defendant or Respondent the costs he may have incurred in the Suit or Appeal. But such dismissal shall be no impediment to the institution of a new Suit or Appeal, where the party is not precluded by lapse of time, or period of Appeal, or otherwise than by the mere circumstances of having instituted the Suit or Appeal dismissed and of such dismissal, and such dismissed Suit or Appeal shall not prevent lapse of time under the Law of Limitations being incurred.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that Clause 2, Section 27, Regulation XXIII of 1814, of the Bengal Code, and Clause 2, Section 26, Regulation VI. of 1816, of the Madras Code, are repealed, and no appeal shall lie against the decision passed in accordance with the provisions of the preceding Clauses of this Act, other than a summary appeal on the fact of default.

T. H. MADDOCK,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT,

THE 20TH DECEMBER, 1841.

The following Extract from the Proceedings of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council, in the Legislative Department, under date the 20th December 1841, is published for general information:

Read a second time the Draft of a proposed Act, dated the 19th of July 1841, and published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 21st of the same month, for amending the Rules of Special Appeals.

Resolution.—The Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council resolves that the following Amended Draft on the subject be re-published for general information:

ACT No. — OF 1841.

An Act for amending the Rules of Special Appeals.

I. It is hereby enacted, that from and after the a Special Appeal shall lie to the Courts, of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut at Calcutta and Allahabad respectively, to the Court of Sudder Adawlut at Madras, and to the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut at Bombay, from all decisions passed on regular Appeals in the Civil Courts subordinate to them respectively, which shall appear to be inconsistent with some law, or usage having the force of law, or some practice of the Courts, or shall involve some question of law, usage, or practice, upon which there may be reasonable doubts.

II. And it is hereby enacted, that applications for Special Appeals shall not be admitted unless they are presented to the proper Court as aforesaid within the period limited for the presentation of regular Appeals.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that every application for a Special Appeal shall be accompanied by copies of the several decrees previously passed on the case.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, that every application for a Special Appeal duly presented to the proper Court as aforesaid shall be heard by a single Judge of the Court in the presence of the Special Appellant, or his Vakeel, or Agent, and it shall be competent to the Judge at his discretion, to call for and peruse any document forming a part of the record of the cause, and to summon the opposite party to answer the application.

V. And it is hereby enacted, that if it shall appear to the Judge that a Special Appeal is admissible under this Act he shall pass an order accordingly, and shall at the same time reduce the point or points to be determined to writing in English in the form of a Certificate which shall be translated into the vernacular language in use in the Court and the Special Appeal shall then be brought on the file of the Court to be heard and determined in due course.

VI. And it is hereby enacted, that if it shall appear to the Judge that a Special Appeal is not admissible under this Act he shall reject the petition, and his order so rejecting a petition for a Special Appeal shall be final.

VII. And it is hereby enacted, that in every case of Special Appeal admitted as aforesaid the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut shall determine the point or points, certified as above enacted, and no other point or part of the case whatever.

VIII. Provided that when the special ground of Appeal may have been incorrectly or incompletely certified, it shall be competent to the Court to amend the Certificate.

IX. And it is hereby declared, that the existing Laws and Regulations of the Presidencies of Bengal, Madras and Bombay relating to Special Appeals, shall continue in force so far as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.

X. And it is hereby enacted, that nothing contained in this Act shall affect the hearing of second or Special Appeals which shall have been admitted and be pending in Appeal at the time of the passing of this Act, and that all such second or Special Appeals shall be heard and decided in the same manner as if this Act had not passed.

Ordered, that the said Draft be reconsidered at the first meeting of the Legislative Council of India after the 20th day of March next.

T. H. MADDOCK,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM,
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT,

THE 20TH DECEMBER, 1841.

The following Act passed by the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council on the 20th of December 1841, is hereby promulgated for general information :

ACT No. XXX. of 1841.

An Act for repressing obstructions to Justice in certain Courts of the East India Company

I. Whereas sufficient provision is not made for repressing obstructions to Justice committed in the Courts of the East India Company;—It is hereby enacted that all persons whatsoever, whether generally amenable to the Courts of the East India Company or otherwise, using menacing gestures or expressions, or otherwise obstructing Justice in the presence of any Zillah or City Magistrate, Joint Magistrate, or other Officer under a Magistrate empowered to try Criminal cases, or any superior or inferior Court, Civil or Criminal, of the East India Company, shall be liable to be fined by the Authority whose proceedings are obstructed to any amount not exceeding 200 Rupees, or in case such fine be not paid to be imprisoned for any period not exceeding one month. Provided that from the award of punishment in such cases an appeal shall lie, if preferred within one month, to the Authority, Civil or Criminal, appointed by Law to hear appeals in all other cases from the decisions of the Officer by whom the fine was imposed; and provided also that notwithstanding any thing in this Act it shall be lawful to indict any person amenable to Her Majesty's Supreme Courts as for a misdemeanor in any of the cases aforesaid sustainable before this Act, if no proceeding shall have been had against the offender in the Court where the offence was committed, but not otherwise.

II. And it is hereby further enacted, that the Sudder Board of Revenue, the local Commissioners, or other Officers exercising the powers of either of those authorities, the Collectors, or other Officers exercising the powers of Collector, shall be competent to punish any obstruction of the nature aforesaid, by fine to an extent not exceeding 200 Rupees, and in case such fine be not paid by imprisonment in the Civil Jail for a period not exceeding one month. Provided that the orders passed in such cases shall be subject on appeal to the revision and controul of the superior Revenue Authorities, as in all others, and shall, as well as the sentences passed under Section I. of this Act, be carried into effect by the Magistrate, on application being made to that Officer, in the usual mode.

III. And it is hereby enacted, that Section XLII., the further proviso contained in Section LXXIV., Regulation XXIII. 1814; Clauses second and third, Section V., and Section VI. Regulation XII. of 1825 of the Bengal Code, are repealed.

T. H. MADDOCK,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

•No. 171.

FORT WILLIAM, •
GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

THE 24TH DECEMBER, 1844.

The Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council directs, that the following Rules for the Regulation of Passages and Passengers in the Government Steam Packets from Bombay to Suez, to come into operation from the 1st of January next in supercession of those at present in force at the Bombay Presidency, be published for general information:

No. 1.

Rules for the engagement of Passages and Accommodation of Passengers in the Government Steam Packets, between Bombay and Suez.

1. Application for Passage is to be made at the Office of the Master Attendant in Bombay, and at other ports to the Commander.

2. The vessel which conveys the mail intended to reach Suez on the 19th of any month is to be designated the Steamer of that month; for instance, the January Steamer is the one which is destined to reach Suez on the 19th January, although leaving Bombay possibly before the end of December.

3. Passengers are to be divided into two classes, viz

First class, who sit at the Commander's table and are entitled to all the privileges of the quarter deck;

Second class, who are not entitled to walk aft of the paddle boxes, who berth forward, and either arrange for their own provision, or mess with the Warrant Officers or Engineers.

4. Every Passenger of the 1st Class shall pay the following sum, as Table Money, for the voyage from Bombay to Suez, or from Suez to Bombay, viz.

A Lady or Gentleman,	Rupees	200
A Child ten years of age, and above five years,	"	100
A Child five years and above 1,	"	80
A Child one year and under,	"	50
A Child under one year, and with the Mother,	Free.

These rates apply to the Steamers of every month throughout the year, with the exception of those of July and August, in which the Table Money from Bombay to Suez will be as follows; viz.

A Lady or Gentleman,	Rupees	300
A Child under 10	"	150
A Child under 5	"	120
A Child under 1	"	75
Ditto with the mother,	Free.

But the rate from Suez to Bombay will be the same in all months. It is to be understood that for the above sum, the passengers are to be provided with a plain substantial table; but no person is entitled to more than one pint of wine, and one bottle of beer per diem. Cabin passengers have the first choice of seats at the table, and after them the Saloon passengers. In preference to those on the deck, whose priority will be arranged according to their standing on the passage list. The seats will be arranged by the Commander, and once taken, they cannot be changed without his permission during the voyage.

5. In addition to the Table Money the following sums will be charged for the accommodation engaged by first class passengers, viz.

A Treble Cabin,	Rupees	1,000
A Double Cabin,	"	800
A Single Cabin,	"	500
A Saloon Berth,	"	350
A Deck Passage,	"	300

6. Every second class passengers } shall pay 150

7. For each European Servant 50 Rupees must be paid as subsistence money, and 50 Rupees as passage money; for Native Servants the charge will be one half the rate for an European, but none are to be considered and taken as Servants unless they actually accompany (their Masters or Mistresses.)

8. Three lists for each month's Steamer will be kept at the Master Attendant's Office, viz one for cabin passengers, one for saloon and one for deck passengers. A statement of the number of each class, which each packet is calculated to accommodate, will be open at the same place, to the inspection of the public.

9. Every applicant may register his name in whichever of the lists he pleases, but the name of the packet will not be declared until 10 days prior to the appointed day of sailing, when choice of accommo-

dation will be given, according to priority of standing on the lists, ladies having the preference for the first three cabins.

10. In the event of a greater number of names having been registered than the Steamer when declared, is calculated to accommodate, the super-numerary names on the cabin list may be transferred to that of the saloon or the deck, and those of the saloon list to that of the deck, or they may be withdrawn and the deposit repaid, at the option of the parties. In the case of a transfer under this rule, the name will be placed in the same position in which it would have stood by date of registry had the original application been for a saloon or a deck passage instead of for a cabin, or for a deck instead of for a saloon. Should any of the cabin or saloon berths remain open after the vessel has left the harbour, the saloon or deck passengers may be allowed to take them on paying into the hands of the Commander the regulated difference of price.

11. Ladies and Children can take passages in cabins only, and female servants cannot be accommodated otherwise than in the cabins engaged for the family they accompany.

12. A Passenger who has engaged a cabin may make what arrangement he likes for its occupation; he may either keep it entirely to himself, or admit to share it any one that he pleases, provided only that the name of the person so admitted (if an adult) must have been previously on one of the lists, and subject to the following restrictions, viz.

A treble cabin cannot be appropriated to the accommodation of more than

Four Ladies.
Three Gentlemen.
Six Children.
One Lady and four Children.
Two Ladies and three Children.
Three Ladies and two Children.
One Gentleman and three Children.
Two Gentlemen and two Children.
A Lady and her husband with two Children.

A double cabin cannot be appropriated to more than

Three Ladies.
Two Gentlemen.
Four Children.
A Lady and three Children.
Two Ladies and two Children.
A Gentleman with two Children.
A Lady and her husband with one Child.

A single cabin cannot be appropriated to more than

Two Ladies.
One Gentleman.
Three Children.
One Lady and two Children.

Children under 5 years of age may be taken extra to the complement of a cabin, on payment of 50 Rupees for each additional.

13. Passages for intermediate places can be engaged only when there is accommodation not taken up for the entire voyage, unless the parties are willing to pay the price of the whole voyage, in which case they may register their names in the same manner as all other passengers; the vacant accommodation will be declared three days before the sailing of the vessel. The passage between Aden and Mocha, and Bombay and Suez respectively, will be counted as one-half of the whole passage between Bombay and Suez; between Judda and Suez, will be counted as one-third, and between Judda and Bombay as two-thirds; Cosnier and Suez are considered to be alike.

14. The engagement of a passage will not be considered valid unless a deposit of the following sums be made at the time of application, viz.

For a Cabin passage,	Rupees	300
For a Saloon,	"	150
For a Deck,	"	125

This deposit, should the party not proceed, will invariably be forfeited, except under the provisions of Art. 10, and in cases where, by the production of a Medical Certificate, it is satisfactorily shown that the person was compelled by sickness to abandon the passage. A deposit is not required on the registry of the names of children, except when the children are to occupy a cabin by themselves, in which case the same deposit must be made as for the cabin passage of a lady or gentleman, viz. 300 Rupees.

15. To prevent unnecessary trouble, the Master Attendant is authorized to receive and pass receipts for the deposit money.

16. Ten days prior to the appointed day of sailing, each passenger must pay to the Master Attendant the remaining portion of the passage money, in default of which the deposit will be considered forfeited, and any claim to passage invalid. When the cabins are finally allotted, an adjustment will be made with the party or parties to whom they are appropriated, the difference between the value of the place occupied by each individual and the deposit made under Article 14 being paid up or returned, as the case may be. When the passage money has been paid up, no portion of it can, on any plea be returned, except under the provisions specified in Article 14.

17. Persons who from non-arrival at Bombay, may have omitted to pay the balance of the passage money may be re-admitted as passengers, if before the period of departure the balance is paid. They however will be placed at the bottom of the list of the class of Passengers in which they are registered.

18. No transfer of accommodation in the Steamers by an individual who has taken a passage to one who has not taken his passage will be permitted, but after the list has been filled up any person wishing to stand the chance of succeeding to a vacancy caused by a lapse of any kind may do so, by registering his name and paying the required sum which will be refunded to him should no vacancy occur.

19. It is to be understood, that Government reserves to itself the right of appropriating, a cabin or cabins for the use of public functionaries or others proceeding on duty, or by special order of Government, as Passengers in any of the Honorable Company's Steamers.

20. Passengers on a Steamer that may from accident or other cause be obliged to return to Port will be entitled to the refund of the amount that has been paid, deducting therefrom, a sum for the Table Allowance of the Commander according to the number of days that the vessel may have been at sea, calculating the average time occupied in a voyage to or from Suez to be 18 days, and Aden 10 days.

21. It is necessary for Passengers not belonging to the Honorable Company's Service, to make the requisite arrangements at Suez, or other intermediate Port with the Commander, before or at least at the time of their embarkation for the payment of the passage money.

22. For the convenience of Passengers from the Red Sea to India, the Commanders of the Honorable Company's Packets are authorized to receive payment of passage money at Suez or any Port between Suez and Bombay in Sovereigns, Spanish Dollars, or German Crowns, at the following rates of Exchange; viz. Sovereigns at Ten Rupees each, Spanish Dollars at Two Rupees Three Annas each; German Crowns at Rupees Two, and Two Annas each.

23. The baggage of each Passenger must not exceed four boxes of the following dimensions, viz.

Length, 2 feet 5 inches,
Breadth, 1 " 5 "
Depth, 1 " 3 "

and the total weight must not be more than four cwt. Second class Passengers are allowed half the above quantity.

24. Each cabin passenger may, if he pleases, put all his baggage into his cabin. The Saloon and Deck passengers will be allowed to keep one box or bag above. The rest of the baggage is to be in the baggage-room, and Passengers will be allowed access to it twice a week, on a day and hour fixed by the Commander, who will appoint a person to have charge of the baggage.

25. Any applicant may be refused a passage without any cause being assigned either by the authorities at Bombay or by the Commander of the vessel when away from Bombay, but a report of the rejection is to be communicated to Government.

26. All persons who take passage either themselves or through their Agents, will be considered as thereby binding themselves to comply with these Rules, which will be shown by the Master Attendant or by the Commander of the vessel to parties who engage passage.

(True copy.)

P. M. MELVILL, *Lieut. Colonel,*
Secretary to Govt.

By order of the Right Honble the Governor General of India in Council,

G. A. RUSHBY,
Secy to the Govt. of India.

No. 1865.
ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE
GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.
JUDICIAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
THE 21ST DECEMBER, 1841.
LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. J. F. G. Cooke, Civil and Sessions Judge of
Dacca, for three weeks, at intervals, under Medical
Certificate.

Mr. J. C. Dick, Officiating Superintendent of Khas
Mehals in Patna, to the 15th proximo, preparatory to
his applying for Furlough.

Mr. R. C. Raikes, Officiating Joint Magistrate and
Deputy Collector of Bograh, for two months, under
Medical Certificate, from the date of his making over
charge of the office to Mr. G. C. Fletcher.

Dr. J. Baker, of Noacolly, for four days, from the
28th instant to the 1st proximo, in extension, under
Section XI. of the Rules of 29th January 1840.

Dr. A. Wilson, of Rajshy, for one month, on private
affairs, under the same Section and Rules.

Dr. G. N. Cheek, of West Burdwan, for one month,
from 2d January to 2d February 1842, under the same
Section and Rules.

Dr. A. Kean, of Moorshedabad, for ten days, on
private affairs.

Mr. D. McFarlan, Chief Magistrate of Calcutta,
from the 1st proximo to the date on which the Steamer
"India" may leave the Sand Heads, preparatory to
his departure by that Vessel to Europe.

Moulvie Osman Alli, late Sudder Ameen of Shahab-
bad, transferred to East Burdwan for one month, in
further extension, on private affairs.

Baboo Govind Persad Pundit, Deputy Collector
under Regulation IX. of 1833, in Sylhet, for fifteen
days, in extension, under Medical Certificate.

APPOINTMENTS, &c.

Mr. C. Tucker to be President of the Presidency
Committee for the Examination of Candidates for the
office of Moonsiffa, vice Mr. D. C. Smyth.

Dr. W. C. B. Eatwell to officiate as Civil Assistant
Surgeon of Pubna.

Mr. E. E. H. Repton made over charge of the
Balasore Treasury to Mr. Unconvenanted Collector
Brown on the 20th ultimo, pending the arrival of Mr.
T. Young.

FRED. JAS. HALLIDAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 1866.
FORT WILLIAM,
JUDICIAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
THE 14TH DECEMBER, 1841.
NOTIFICATION.

The Individuals named on the margin,* lately
attached to the Treasury
of the Deputy Collecto-
rate of Buliooah, having
been convicted of Embez-
zlement of the public mo-
ney, are, under Section IV.
Regulation II. of 1813,
hereby declared incapable
of serving Government in
future in any public capacity.

By Order,

FRED. JAS. HALLIDAY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 1706.

ORDER BY THE HON'BLE THE LIEUT.
GOVERNOR NORTH WESTERN
PROVINCES.
AGRA.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.
REVENUE DEPARTMENT,

THE 16TH DECEMBER, 1841.

Mr. T. Thriepland, Deputy Collector under Regu-
lation IX. of 1833, in Zillah Jounpore, for fifteen
days, on urgent private affairs, to commence from the
15th December 1841.

R. N. C. HAMILTON,
Offg. Secy. to Govt. N. W. P.

Nos. 2353, 2366, 2376, 2378, 2380 and 2382.
ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE LIEUTE-
NANT GOVERNOR OF THE NORTH
WESTERN PROVINCES.

AGRA.

APPOINTMENTS.
JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 13TH DECEMBER, 1841.

Mr. H. Lushington to officiate as Judge of Ally-
Ghur.

Mr. H. Armstrong to officiate as Judge of Goruck-
pore.

Mr. C. R. Tulloh to officiate as Judge of Ghazee-
pore.

JUDICIAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
THE 17TH DECEMBER, 1841.

Mr. G. H. M. Alexander to officiate as Magistrate
and Collector of Hameerpoor, until relieved by Mr.
Taunton, or till further orders.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

THE 18TH DECEMBER, 1841.

The leave of absence granted to Mr. T. H. Sympton,
Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Hissar, in
Orders of the 20th October last, is cancelled from the
20th ultimo, the date on which he joined his ap-
pointment.

Mr. A. Shakespear, Assistant to the Magistrate
and Collector of Meerut, from the 28th October to
1st November inclusive, on Medical Certificate.

The leave of absence granted to Mr. M. P. Edge-
worth, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector and
in charge of the Settlement Duties at Seharunpoor,
in Orders of the 18th November last, is to commence
from the 7th instead of the 1st instant.

Mr. W. Roberts, Assistant to the Magistrate and
Collector of Mirzapoor, is vested with the special
powers of a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector.

R. N. C. HAMILTON,
Offg. Secy. to Govt. N. W. P.

I hereby notified that, unless marked for particular Ships, all Letters received at the General Post Office between Monday the 20th December and Sunday the 26th December, both dates inclusive, were despatched by the undermentioned Vessels, which sailed from Calcutta on dates specified:			
Letters received on dates from and to.	By what Ships despatched.	Bound to.	Remarks.
20th & 21st December.	Bloreng,	Liverpool,	Left Town on the 21st inst.
22d to 26th ditto	Seringapatam,	London,	Ditto 27th ditto.
26th to 26th ditto,	Adele Marquard,	Hobart Town and Sydney,	Ditto 26th ditto.
Ditto,	Madagascar,	Cape of Good Hope,	Will sail on the 5th Proximo.
Ditto,	Loodianah,	Rangoon and Moulmein,	Left Town on the 28th ditto.

Wm. MOORE, Deputy Post Master.
General Post Office, the 28th December, 1841.

H. C. S. AMHERST.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Packets are open at this Office for Letters, for Akyab, Khyouk Phyou and Moulmien, to be transmitted by the Hon'ble Company's Ship Amherst, to leave Calcutta on the 30th instant, or as soon after as possible.

WM. MOORE,
Deputy Post Master.

Fort William, General Post Office,
The 28th December, 1841.

OVERLAND NOTICE.

THE Public are hereby informed, that a Steamer will be despatched from Bombay on the 1st of February with a Mail for Suez. The latest safe date for the despatch of Letters from Calcutta, which may be intended for conveyance by that opportunity, will be the 18th of January, proximo.

G. ALEXANDER, Post Master General.

Fort William, Genl. Post Office,
the 28th December, 1841.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council having been pleased to direct that a double Express despatch (weight 400 Tolas) be allowed with each future Overland Mail for the accommodation of the Calcutta Mercantile Community and the Public in general, a double Express despatch will in future be forwarded with each Overland Mail.

J. J. HARVEY,
Offg. Post Master General

Fort William, Genl. Post Office,
the 6th September, 1841.

OVERLAND LETTERS AND POSTAGE.

IT is hereby notified for general information—

First.—That all Letters and Newspapers, except Soldiers' and Sailors' Letters, intended for transmission by the Overland Mails, and except those specially marked "via Falmouth," will be sent through France, and thus be subject to the heavier rate of postage.

Second.—Letters and Newspapers addressed to France as well as those to other foreign countries, with which France is the channel of communication (if the latter are expressly directed to be so sent) will be made up in Packets and sent to the French Post Master at Marseilles; but Letters for Foreign Countries, other than France, if not specially directed to France, will be included in the Packets or England. Letters, &c., for places lying between Bombay and Marseilles, will be despatched in separate Packets.

Third.—Letters for the United Kingdom of Great Britain, weighing less than a quarter of an ounce, and passing through France, are charged single postage, which by that route amounts to 2s. 8d. By the Falmouth route, Letters of half an ounce in weight, are subject to single postage only, which by that route, has now been reduced to 1s.

Newspapers, if sent via Falmouth, are free of postage; but if transmitted by the way of Marseilles, they are charged 2d. each.

H. S. OLDFIELD,
Offg. Post Master General.

Fort William, Genl. Post Office,
the 27th May, 1840.

NOTICE.—The Public are hereby informed, that Excavations, surrounded with fences, and having lights at night, are in progress in the undermentioned Thoroughfares in the Town of Calcutta.

Lower North Division.

Old China Bazar Street from No. 182 to the Wall of Armenian Church Compound planking over the Drain, &c.

Upper S. and Lower North Division.

From Jall Bazar through Raul Bazar, and Old China Bazar to the Western extremity of Moorgyhatta Street, an Aqueduct to be built.

Khungraputty Street, Westside, a portion of the Drain to be arched over.

E. M. J. ROSE,
Supt. Roads and Conservancy.

MEMORANDUM.

The Ball dropped this-day Half a Second ($\frac{1}{2}$) before Mean Noon.

(Signed) V. L. REES,

In charge of the Observatory.

Surveyor General's Office,
Calcutta, 28th Dec. 1841.

NOTICE.

CERTAIN EFFECTS belonging to the Estate of Mr. Robert Thompson, formerly a Lieutenant in the 34th Regiment Native Infantry, are now under the Seal of this Court, and will be delivered to any person duly authorized to take charge thereof.

W. H. BENSON,

Officiating Judge.

Zillah Moradabad, Dewany Adawlut,
13th December, 1841.

NOTICE.

SUNDRY EFFECTS belonging to the late Mr. J. Maberly, of the Bengal Civil Service, are under the Seal of this Court, and will be delivered to any person duly authorised to receive the same.

H. ARMSTRONG,

Officiating Judge.

Dewany Adawlut, Zillah Ghazepore.
The 21st December, 1841.

NOTIFICATION.

AS difficulties may arise in consequence of claims for Still Head Duty being made upon the excess above or deficiency below the Invoice amount of Rum as despatched from Distilleries, the following Form of Entry and Rate of Calculation for the wastage which may occur within a given time, is made public, as proper to be added to all Invoices of Rum, when despatched from the Distilleries.

" Claimed for wastage and evaporation on the above quantity for the first five days of a probable period of days — Gallons."

" For the remaining period at the rate of 2½ per Cent. — Gallons."

2. On gauging or proving the despatch of Rum, should the excess above or deficiency below the Invoice quantity be within the limit claimed, Still Head Duty will not be exacted on the said excess or deficiency.

3. Should the wastage exceed the calculated rate (which is taken at an estimation made on the distance wastage already allowed) the Board will in such case expect payment of duty on the quantity deficient, or a special explanation of the circumstances which may have occasioned the deficiency.

4. For more convenient reference the rates of distance wastage are hereto appended.

For a distance for 100 miles, 5 per Cent.

" for 200 ditto, 7½ ditto.

All distance above 200 ditto, 10 per Cent.

By order of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, the 17th December 1841.

H. TORRENS, Secretary.

NOTIFICATION.

AKARRY.—With reference to the Notification issued from this Office on the 29th June last, Shippers of Rum are hereby informed, that the date from which the imposition of 8 Annas duty on every Gallon of Rum shipped in quantities below one thousand Gallons was announced as to take effect (viz. 1st July 1841.) has been, under the authority of Government, altered to the 1st January 1842.

By order of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, the
13th August, 1841,

H TORRENS, Secretary

NOTIFICATION.

FORT WILLIAM, OPIUM DEPARTMENT.

THE 1st NOVEMBER, 1841.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Monday, the 3d day of January 1842, at the hour of 11 o'Clock in the Forenoon, will be put up to Sale, at the Exchange Rooms at Calcutta, and sold by Public Auction, for Exportation by Sea, the undermentioned Quantity of Opium, the Provision of 1840-41, subject to the following Conditions, viz.

Produce of Behar Agency Opium, Chests, 4,000
Ditto of Benares Ditto, 1,500
Total Chests, ... 5,500

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. The Opium will be sold for Exportation by Sea only and no Certificate will be granted except to cover such Export.
2. The Opium to be offered for Sale at an upset Price of Rupees 400 per Chest, and to be all sold to the highest bidder above that price.
3. If at the above Sale the entire quantity of 5,500 Chests shall not be sold, it shall subsequently be competent for the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, to dispose of the Lots which remain on hand at future Sales.
4. Each Lot to contain Five Chests.
5. A Deposit in a Promissory Note for 1,000 Rupees per Lot, or 200 Rupees per Chest, shall be made by the Purchaser in the Sale Room, and before the Lot is registered in the Sale Book, and all such Promissory Notes shall be redeemed on the part of Purchasers at this Office by Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, or by substitution of other Public Securities of the Bengal Government, on or before 1 o'Clock of the Afternoon of Friday, the 7th January 1842, or on the other hand, failing such redemption by the time aforesaid, then the Lot or Lots for which no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, or Deposit of other Public Securities as aforesaid, shall have been delivered in, shall be re-sold at such time or times, and under such Conditions of Re-sale as the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, shall see fit, and all losses and expences whatsoever attending such Re-sale, shall be borne and paid by the Defaulters, whilst any profit accruing from such Re-sale shall be forfeited to Government.
6. The Promissory Notes taken on the day of Sale under the last mentioned Condition, if remaining unredeemed on the said 7th January 1842, will be placed in the hands of the Attorney to the Hon'ble Company for realization in such manner as to him shall seem fit.
7. No Tender of Money, Sub-Treasurer's Receipts or Public Securities on account of Opium upon which the prescribed Deposit may not have been made before 4 o'Clock of the 7th January, will be afterwards accepted.
8. The Opium now advertised for Sale, shall be paid for within One Calendar Month from the day of Sale, that is to say, no Treasury Receipt will be accepted in payment after 4 P. M. of Thursday the 3d February 1842, and in case any Lots of such Opium shall not be so paid for and adjusted, then the Cash Deposit of 1,000 Rupees per Lot, or 200 Rupees per Chest, or any Public Securities that may have been deposited on account of such Lots or Chests, shall be forfeited, and the Opium be disposed of on account of Government at such time and in such manner as the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, shall think fit.
9. Purchasers taking out Certificates or Orders for the delivery of Opium, after making full payment as above prescribed, shall have the option of naming the number of Lots of their purchase which they may desire to be included in each Certificate or Order, and it is to be clearly understood that the Certificates or Orders so taken out shall be considered final, and not afterwards changeable for other Certificates or Orders authorizing the delivery of single Lots, or of a different number of Lots or Chests, whether more or less than the number of Lots or Chests originally required to be included in each Certificate or Order.

10. No Sub-Treasurer's Receipts or Deposit of Public Securities under the fifth of the present Conditions, will be received in this Office except from the party recorded as the Purchaser in the Sale Book, or his authorized Agent. The Receipt for such Deposit will be granted only in the name of such Purchaser, and the Public Securities deposited will be returned when the clearance has been made by the said Purchaser or his order.

11. The Officer Superintending the Sale on the part of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, is empowered to reject at his discretion the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall on demand tender at the time a Deposit either in Bank of Bengal Notes, Sub-Treasurer's Receipts or other Government Securities equal to One Thousand Rupees per Lot (or Two Hundred Rupees per Chest,) on each Lot so bid for.

12. The Purchaser of any Lot shall have the option of naming and purchasing in immediate succession any number of Lots of the same Agency Opium to the extent of Fifty Lots; and for the Lots so purchased, the Purchaser shall deposit 1,000 Rupees per Lot, and pay the same price per Chest as that for which he purchased his first Lot, provided always that there remain a sufficient number of Lots of that Opium to complete the said Fifty, but not otherwise.

13. In the event of any dispute or difference touching or concerning any matter, or question arising out of the Sale of the Opium included in this Notification, or adjustment of the account thereof, the same shall, and may be tried and decided in the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, and all and every Plea and Pleas to the jurisdiction of the said Supreme Court shall be waived.

14. The following Papers, together with Samples of the Opium for Sale, will be exhibited for inspection on the day of Sale, or may be seen previously to that date, by application at the Office of the Secretary to the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium.

No. 1. Certificate of the Opium now advertised for Sale.

No. 2. Report of the examination of such Opium.

15. The Public are hereby informed, that in providing the investment of the Behar and Benares Opium for the year 1840-41, the same precautions have been taken as those which have been observed during past years, to have the Drug properly and sent down in a pure state, to have only the prescribed quantity of leaves used in forming the cakes, and to have the due proportion of Opium put into each cake. An account of the weight of the Drug when packed at Behar and Benares, and a Statement of the average weight of Six Chests from each dispatch at Calcutta, may be seen on application at the Office of the Secretary to the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium.

16. Four Chests of Behar and Benares Opium which have been reserved from the provision of the two preceding years, will be also shown to the Purchasers on the day of Sale to enable them to judge of the state of preservation in which the Drug has kept.

17. The Public are hereby informed that in addition to the quantity above mentioned the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to Sale this year on or about the dates specified below:

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about February... 7th,	1400	600	2000
On or about April 18th,	3000	1200	4200
On or about May 28th,	1600	900	2500
On or about June 27th,	3014	1146	4160
	9014	3846	12860

18. It is hereby further notified that under the 6th Article of the Convention between Great Britain and France dated the 7th March 1815 quoted below, the Agents in India of His Majesty the King of the French, or Persons duly appointed by them, are entitled to demand that out of the quantities of Behar and Benares Opium declared as above for Sale at the five Sales in the months of January, February, April, May and June, there shall be delivered to them at the average of the particular Sale or Sales to which the Opium so applied for may belong, a quantity not exceeding in the aggregate 300 Chests, and the Agents of the French Government must make requisition for the whole of the Opium required by them during the year within 30 days after the publication of this Advertisement specifying the particular Sale or Sales from which the quantity of Opium is intended to be taken. If the Agents of the

French Government shall not make the requisition for Opium within the time abovementioned, the entire quantity of about 18,360 Chests of Behar and Benares Opium as above estimated will be brought to Sale in the usual manner, and if they shall make application for a quantity of Opium to be delivered to them out of the quantity advertised for Sale at each or any of the five Sales abovementioned, but shall not pay for it within the prescribed period of payment, the Governor of Bengal reserves to himself the right of disposing of the Opium which the French Authorities may so fail to pay for either by increasing the quantity reserved at the Sale extending the date of payment, or by selling it at a Sale to be held expressly for the purpose.

Article of the Convention above referred to. "With regard to the Trade in Opium it is agreed between the High Contracting Parties that at each of the periodical Sales of that Article there shall be reserved for the French Government, and delivered upon requisition duly made by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, or by the persons duly appointed by them the number of Chests so applied for, provided that such supply shall not exceed three hundred Chests in each year, and the price for the same shall be determined by the average rate at which Opium shall have been sold at every such periodical Sale, it being understood that if the quantity of Opium applied for at any one time shall not be taken on account of the French Government by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty within the usual period of delivery, the quantity so applied for, shall nevertheless be considered as so much in reduction of the three hundred Chests herein before mentioned—the requisitions for Opium as aforesaid are to be addressed to the Governor General at Calcutta within thirty days after notice of the intended Sales shall have been published in the Government Gazette."

By Order of the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium,
H. TORRENS, Secretary.

WHEREAS by the Depositions of Bydynath Sircar, Mohadeb Pramanek, inhabitants of Santipore, and Bycoont Doss, Joychand Doss, Surroop Doss and Colles Doss, inhabitants of Chhoto Ranaghat, a charge of assault and false imprisonment, has been fully proved against Oomesh Chunder Raie, inhabitant of Santipore; and whereas the Sureties of the said Oomesh Chunder Rai have failed to produce him within the period allowed for that purpose—and whereas the said Oomesh Chunder has evaded the processes of this Court issued for his apprehension—Notice is hereby given, that unless the said Oomesh Chunder Raie of Santipore, more commonly known as Mottee Baboo, appears before this Court within the period of ten days, the amount of recognizances entered into by his Sureties, will be duly levied from aforesaid Sureties

JAS. ALEXANDER,
Magistrate.

এস্তহার নামা আদালতে কোমদারি জেলা নদিয়া যে হেতু সান্তিপূর নিবাসি বৈদ্যনাথ সরকার ও মহাদেব প্রামানিক ও ছোট রানাঘাট নিবাসি বৈকটনাথ ও জয়চাঁদ দাস ও সরূপ দাস ও কালিদাসের জবানবন্দী দ্বারা সান্তিপূর নিবাসি উমেশচন্দ্র রায় ওরফে মতি বাবুর প্রতি মারপিট করা ও নাহক কয়েদ রাখনের অপরাধ সম্মুখে প্রমান হইয়াছে এমতে উক্ত উমেশচন্দ্র রায় ওরফে মতি বাবুকে উহার ফেরাল জামিনদারদের দ্বারা ৫ রোজ নিয়মে তলব করিতে ফেরাল জামিনদারগণ উক্ত উমেশচন্দ্র রায়কে হাজির করিলেন না অতএব উক্ত উমেশচন্দ্র অজাদালতের প্রকাশিত উহার তলবের হুকুম অমান্যকরা বিধায় অত্র এস্তহার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে কবি প্রস্তাবিত উমেশচন্দ্র রায় ওরফে মতি বাবু অন্যকার তারিখ অরখি ১০ দিবস নিয়ম মধ্যে অজাদালতে হাজির না হইলে তবে

উহার ফেরাল জামিনদার লিখিত নটে উহার জামিনদারদের দ্বানে লওয়া যাইবেক ইতি সন ১৮৪১ সাল ২১ ডিসেম্বর বাঙ্গলা বৈশাখ ১২৮৮ সাল ৮ পৌষ

(True translation,)

JAS. ALEXANDER,
Magistrate.

BANK OF BENGAL,

15TH DECEMBER, 1841.

A Meeting of the Proprietors is requested at the Bank on Thursday, the 30th instant, at Ten A. M., for the election of a Director in the room of James Church, Esquire, resigned.

The Poll will close at 3 P. M.

Published by order of the Directors,

T. BRACKEN,

Secretary to the Bank.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that Sealed Tenders of Contract, superscribed on the Envelope "Tenders for the supply of Rum," will be received by the Commissary General, Calcutta, on or before the 1st day of January next, for the annual supply at the Presidency, of from Sixty to Eighty Thousand Gallons of Rum, as may be required by the Commissariat during the terms of three or five years, as may be accepted from the 1st day of May 1842.

to be manufactured after the European tamed, and to be delivered on the Terms of the Contract, at the Commissariat Stores in Fort William, free of all other charges whatever, in quantities of 15,000 to 20,000 Gallons at a time, in the months of February, May, August and November of each year; the first delivery to be made in May 1842.—Casks will be found by the Commissariat.

The Rum to be pure and merchantable, made from Sugar Cane Molasses only, and at the time of delivery, of the age at the least, of three months, to be equal in quality, strength and proof, the standard is commonly called London proof, such quality, proof, or strength to be ascertained, and decided upon, by the Commissary General, the Commissariat Officer in charge at Fort William, or by such other person, as may be duly authorized, in manner to be hereafter agreed upon.

The Tenders to be accompanied by a written Document, signed by two persons of credibility, and competency, acknowledging themselves, if the Terms be accepted, willing to become responsible by Deed, for the due performance of the Contractor's engagements.

WILL. BURLTON,
Commissary General.

Commissary General's Office,
Fort William,
25th November, 1841.

THOMAS HEATH'S WINE, &c.,

For Sale at the Godowns of the undersigned:

Pale and Golden Sherry, in cases of 3 doz. at per doz.	Rs. 22 0 0
Port Wine, ditto ditto ditto.	22 0 0
Ditto ditto, in Pints, ditto.	14 0 0
Sup. Hollands, (1 doz. cases)	12 0 0
Copenhagen Cherry Brandy	180 0 0

Parties sending orders will be good enough to accompany them with a Hoochie or Draft on their Agent in Calcutta

JAMES G. GORDON.

Misapora, 1st Novr. 1841.

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF PILOT STATION FOR THE RIVER
HOOGHLY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that referring to the impracticability during the last S. W. Monsoon, owing to the increasing resort of Shipping to the Port of Calcutta, to supply Pilots at the distant Station off Point Palmyras, the arrangements as noted in the following Memorandum from the Master Attendant, will be adopted for the next S. W. Monsoon.

MEMO.

1st.—A Pilot Vessel will be stationed off False Point during the next South West Monsoon, say from the 15th of March to the 15th of September 1842, bearing, according to circumstances, E. by N. a S. E. by S. from the Light House, and in from 10 to 15 fathoms depth of water.

2d.—This Vessel will exhibit by day when any others are in sight, besides the usual Company's Ensign at her Peak, a *large Danish Jack* (red with white cross) at her Main Top Gallant Mast Head, and at night a *good Light* in the same situation, besides burning a *Blue Light* every hour, and beating a *Gong* frequently in calm thick weather, to warn Vessels coming from the Southward of her near neighbourhood. She will *not* however have any Pilots on board, the main object of her intended Station off False Point being to guard all inward bound Vessels from proceeding to the old Station off Point Palmyras during next season, and directing them to a new one in the South Channel between the Tails of the Eastern and Western Reefs, where Pilot Vessels will then be found in from 16 to 20 fathoms water, and from 6 to 8 Miles South West of the present South Channel Buoy, that Buoy laying in Lat. $20^{\circ} 58' 30''$ N. Long. $88^{\circ} 4'$ East of Greenwich, and in 12 fathoms water.

3d.—For the purpose of more distinctly marking the new Station, the Commanding Officer's Vessel there will always wear by day, when other Vessels are in sight, a *large St. George's Jack* (white with red cross) at her Main Top Gallant Mast Head, besides the usual Company's Colours at her Peak, and, at night be distinguished by a constant *good Mast Head Light*, by *Blue Lights* and *Maroons* used alternately every half hour and also by *Guns* fired every four hours, say at 8 P. M., Midnight, and 4 A. M. with *good Rockets* discharged at the same time.

4th.—All Vessels are recommended to be most careful in coming over from False Point to the New Station by constant attention to that safe old Guide the Lead, and thereby correcting their Steerage as Tides or Currents may or may not set them out of their proper course, and they are also advised not to come under 16 fathoms, at night especially, till they reach the Pilot's Station and get their proper Pilots on board.

5th.—Lastly—All Vessels are directed not to approach the Pilot's Station at night without giving due warning, and not only by the exhibition of Lights, say 2 *Vertical* where best seen, but also by the discharge of a Gun, if they have any on board, as soon as they descried the first Pilot Vessel near them. They are further recommended to be most careful not to come into collision with any of the Pilot Vessels at the Station on their own accounts no less than that of the Public as they will be held responsible for all Damages, and called upon afterwards to pay for all that may have arisen from bad Look-out, Inattention to Duty, or Carelessness of any kind whatever.

(Signed) T. T. HARRINGTON,
Master Attendant.

By order of the Marine Board,
C. B. GREENLAW, Secretary.
Fort William, the 18th October, 1841.

No. 1745.

NOTICE.

REFERRING to the Notification indicating the proposed change of the Pilot Station during the approaching S. W. Monsoon, the Marine Board hereby give Notice, that with the sanction of Government, a Chart of Captain Lloyd's late Survey of the Ground between Lacan's Channel and False Point is being lithographed for public Sale, and the following is copy of Instructions proposed by Captain Lloyd with a view to the more ready Guide of Vessels from False Point to the New Station.

"It has been proposed by the Master Attendant, and approved of by the Marine Board, to change the Cruizing Ground of the Pilot Vessels during the S. W. Monsoon, or between the 15th of March and 15th of September from their present Station off Point Palmyras, to a position 6 or 8 miles S. W. from the South Channel Buoy in from 16 to 20 fathoms, and the following directions are offered as a guide to direct Vessels from False Point Light House to the New Cruizing Station."

"False Point Light House is in Latitude $20^{\circ} 19' N.$ and Longitude $86^{\circ} 47' E.$, and that of the South Channel Buoy in Latitude $20^{\circ} 59' N.$ and Longitude $88^{\circ} 4' E.$, and bears from the former N. 61 E. true or N. E. by E. $\frac{1}{4}$ E. by Compass, distant 83 miles, and is laid in 12 fathoms."

"By an inspection of the Chart it will be seen that the Bank of Soundings off Point Palmyras extend in a direction towards the tail of the Western Sea Reef, and the nature of the bottom (as distinguished from that of the Hoogly deposit which is Sand and Mud with shining specks) is a gravelly substance composed of Sand Shells and small Pebbles discharged from the "Kunka" and other Rivers near Point Palmyras, the lighter materials of which being carried further out, is deposited and forms what is called the Pilot's Ridge, which in crossing to the N. W. shews a little less water than on either side, and in coming from Seaward you Shoal rather suddenly from 28 to 23 fathoms upon its Eastern edge. It is composed of a shelly Sand or Minute Gravel, of a reddish or rusty brown colour."

"The best Guide therefore to enable a Vessel to direct her course from False Point to the Vessels at the New Station will be to run down the edge of the Pilot's Ridge, and having made the Light House and brought it to bear about W. S. W. or S. W. by W. and distant by computation from 10 to 15 miles, should steer to the E. N. E., and having gradually increased her depth of water to 23 fathoms upon the Eastern edge of the Ridge, she should regulate her course to keep between it and 27 fathoms, when, by attention to the lead and nature of the Soundings, course and distance run from the Light House, it is almost impossible to miss the Pilot Vessels (if the above limits are kept within) either by getting too far to Windward or falling to Leeward, for the Soundings increase so rapidly to Seaward from the proposed New Station, that 28 fathoms will not be more than 3 or 4 miles to the Southward of it, and 23 fathoms the same distance to the Westward of it."

"The Soundings to Seaward of the Ridge are in general a greenish or olive coloured mud, with occasionally a few bits of broken Shells mixed with it."

(Sd.) RD. LLOYD, Capt. L. M.

Offg. M. S. Genl.

The price of the Chart will be Rupees 2 each, and parties desirous of being supplied are requested to send their names for registry at this Office.

By Order of the Marine Board,

C. B. GREENLAW, Secy.

Fort William,
The 24th October, 1841.

NOTICE.

NEARLY ready for publication "A Guide to the Civil Judicial Regulations for Bengal," being an Abstract of the Civil Regulations and Constructions, Circular Orders and Reported Cases of the Sudder Dewannee Adawlut to the end of the year 1841.

By F. SKIPWITH, B. C. S.

BENGAL MILITARY FUND.

IN conformity to the 27th and 28th Articles of the Regulations, a General Meeting of the Subscribers of the Military Fund, will be held at the Town Hall, on Monday, the 24th January 1842, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the inspection and approval of Accounts of the Fund, and of the proceedings of the Directors for the past year.

J. W. J. OUSELEY, *President.*

*Fort William, Military Fund Office, }
19th November, 1841.*

NOTICE.

THE undermentioned pieces of Cloth, supposed to have been stolen, having been forwarded to this Court, it is requested that any persons claiming the same, will make their application to this Court (accompanied with proof) within 30 days from this date.

8 Pieces of Calico measuring 39½ yards each, of rather coarse quality, marked "Alexander Turner and Co., Manchester" and T. R. in red thread.

24 Pieces of twilled Calico, of different patterns and lengths, without any mark.

C. WHITMORE, *Magistrate.*

*Zillah Beerbhoom, Fy. Adl. }
The 18th December, 1841.*

WANTED,

AN Head Assistant for the Government Savings Bank: Qualifications—good Accountant and general intelligence. Salary, 100 Rs. per month—a Deposit of 2,500 Rs. Company's Paper required.

G. F. McCLINTOCK,
Secy. Gpvt. S. B.

NOTICE.

A REWARD of 200 Rupees will be given to any person procuring the apprehension of Issur-chunder Banerjee, an inhabitant of Jorasanko, in Calcutta, and late a Darogah of Ghaut Mouchurgunge, in the Salt Agency of 24 Pergunnahs.

Just Published,

And for Sale at the Bengal Military Orphan Press,
Demy Quarto—Price Rs. 1-8,

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G. H. HUTTMANN,

Supt. Mil. Orphan Press.

Calcutta, Oct. 1, 1841.